

Tổng số điểm:

Số phách: _____

- Bằng số:

(Do Chủ tịch Hội đồng chấm thi ghi)

Họ tên và chữ ký Giám khảo:

- Bằng chữ: _____

1. _____

2. _____

Lưu ý:

- Thí sinh làm bài trực tiếp vào đề thi, đề thi gồm có 06 trang.
- Thí sinh tô đen câu trả lời đúng vào phần ANSWER SHEET
- Thí sinh cần chú ý đọc kỹ yêu cầu của mỗi câu.
- Thí sinh không được phép ghi gì thêm ở phần này vì đây sẽ là phách của bài thi.

ANSWER SHEET

1	A	B	C	D	21	A	B	C	D
2	A	B	C	D	22	A	B	C	D
3	A	B	C	D	23	A	B	C	D
4	A	B	C	D	24	A	B	C	D
5	A	B	C	D	25	A	B	C	D
6	A	B	C	D	26	A	B	C	D
7	A	B	C	D	27	A	B	C	D
8	A	B	C	D	28	A	B	C	D
9	A	B	C	D	29	A	B	C	D
10	A	B	C	D	30	A	B	C	D
11	A	B	C	D	31	A	B	C	D
12	A	B	C	D	32	A	B	C	D
13	A	B	C	D	33	A	B	C	D
14	A	B	C	D	34	A	B	C	D
15	A	B	C	D	35	A	B	C	D
16	A	B	C	D	36	A	B	C	D
17	A	B	C	D	37	A	B	C	D
18	A	B	C	D	38	A	B	C	D
19	A	B	C	D	39	A	B	C	D
20	A	B	C	D	40	A	B	C	D

- 1 *These generational differences are sometimes even more difficult for parents to accept than for you, the teacher.*
Which of the sentences is **NOT** the same meaning as the above?
- A It is easier for the teacher to sympathize with generational differences than for parents.
 - B It is less difficult for the teacher to sympathize with generational differences than for parents.
 - C It is easier for students to sympathize with generational differences than their parents.
 - D It is more difficult for parents to sympathize with generational differences than for the teacher.
- 2 *The average seventh- or eighth –grade teacher is no longer even surprised by the depth of understanding and ability of young students to imitate the attractive images of adult behavior and lifestyles so often found in today’s media.*
Which of the statements does **NOT** have the similar meaning with the above?
- A Teachers who teach seventh and eighth graders are not surprised any more by their young students’ deep understanding and their ability of imitating the attractive images of adult behavior and lifestyles because this phenomenon is getting popular in today’s media.
 - B More and more seventh- or eighth graders are able to understand deeply and imitate the attractive images of adult behavior and lifestyles. This no longer makes their teacher surprised.
 - C Teachers of the 7th and 8th grades have no surprise with the depth of understanding and ability of young students to imitate the attractive images of adult behavior and lifestyles which are so often found in today’s media.
 - D It is unsurprising for all teachers to see that students of seventh and eighth grades have depth of understanding and ability to imitate the attractive images of adult behaviors and lifestyles in present days.
- 3 *“Men built the house and women make it home” means:*
- A Both men and women must have responsibility to build their common house.
 - B Men must work and support the family and women must look after the family.
 - C Both men and women have to know how to build a house.
 - D Men must live separately from women.
4. *I am now in my final year of the secondary school, and in my attempt to win a place at university, I am under a lot of study pressure.*
Which of the statements does **NOT** have the similar meaning with the above sentence?
- A I am studying in 12th grade and I try to pass the entrance examination of university. So, I must study a lot.
 - B I am a 12th grader and I study a lot because I attempt to become a university student next year.
 - C I am only a student of ninth grade. However, I have to study a lot so that I can become a university in future.
 - D I am in 12th grade and I am pressured into studying because I want to become a university student next year.
- 5 *Most of the time they are obedient and hard working.*
Which of the statements has the **SAME** meaning as the above?
- A They are seldom naughty and lazy.
 - B They are sometimes mischievous but quite studious.
 - C They are never naughty and lazy.

- D They hardly are disobedient and hard-working.
- 6 *The Americans are more concerned than the Indians and the Chinese with physical attractiveness when choosing a wife or a husband.*
Which of the statements does **NOT** have similar meaning with the above?
- A American people are more concerned with physical attractiveness than the Indians and the Chinese when choosing a wife or a husband.
- B Physical attractiveness is less important to the Indians and the Chinese than the Americans when choosing a spouse.
- C The factor of physical attractiveness is more concerned in choosing a spouse by the Indians and the Chinese than the Americans.
- D In marriage, the Americans are more attracted by physical appearance than the Indians and the Chinese.
- 7 *The majority of Asian students reject the American view that marriage is a partnership of equals.*
Which of the statements does **NOT** have similar meaning with the above?
- A A large number of Asian students do not think that marriage is a partnership of equals, whereas the Americans do.
- B The Americans' belief that marriage must be built on the base of equal partnership is very different from that of most Asian students.
- C Only a minority of Asian students who are agree with the Americans' view that marriage is a partnership of equals.
- D Equal partnership in marriage is more supported by Asian students than the Americans.
- 8 *Many Indian students agree that a woman has to sacrifice more in a marriage than a man.*
Which has the **SAME** meaning as the underlined word?
- A. devote herself B. oblige C. obligate D. obey
- 9 *To attract someone's attention so that we may speak to that person, we can use either **verbal** or **non-verbal forms** of communication.*
In the above sentence, *non-verbal form* is:
- A. body or sign language B. a form of using words C. a form of using only eye contact D. a form of not using verbs.

Read the text below and choose the correct answers for questions from 10 to 15

Before Doi Moi our country experienced a lot of difficulties: the economy was under-developed and was dominated by traditional agriculture; the country was poor, the people led a poor life; production was stagnant; there was a shortage of schools and hospitals and inflation could be seen in every section of the economy. To solve these problems, our government introduced a number of renovation measures: they eliminated government subsidies; they shifted economic priority from heavy industry to three major economic programs, namely, production of food, production of consumer goods and production of exports; they reduce state intervention in business; they opened trade relations with all countries in the world and encouraged foreign and domestic private investment.

- 10 The word *difficulties* in the 1st line does **NOT** mean:
- A. situations B. problems C. setbacks D. troubles
- 11 The word *stagnant* in the 3rd line means:
- A. changing B. developing C. making progress D. inactive
- 12 The phrase *a shortage of* in the 3rd is the opposite of:
- A. few B. a few C. many D. enough

- 13 The word *inflation* in the 4th line means:
- | | | | |
|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| A. The process of filling something with air | B. A continuing increase in prices overtime | C. A continuing decrease in prices overtime | D. Standstill of prices |
|--|---|---|-------------------------|
- 14 The word *subsidies* in the 6th line does **NOT** mean:
- | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| A. Money that is paid by the government or an organization to make prices lower. | B. Money that is paid by the government or an organization to support someone who is producing goods. | C. Money that is paid by the government or an organization to support someone who is out of work. | D. Loans the government gives someone to support them when necessary. |
|--|---|---|---|
- 15 The word *reduce* in the 8th line is the opposite of:
- | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|--------|
| A. Decrease | B. increase | C. relieve | D. cut |
|-------------|-------------|------------|--------|

Read the text below and choose the correct answer for the questions from 16-22

Making good preparations for a job interview, especially when called for the first interview may be stressful for you. Some pieces of advice given below can help you more confident and have good impression on your interviewer.

If you want to be called for a job interview, make sure that you have enough information about the job, and the *vacancy* and the company that you are going to apply for so that you can write a good letter of application and a *r sum * to the company to express your interest in the job and show that you might be the most suitable candidate for the position.

When you come to the interview, remember that you must bring with you your school certificates and letters of recommendation from your teachers or previous employers. In addition, you may *jot down* your qualifications and experience that are relevant to the job and prepare for the questions that are often asked during the interview. Make sure you know exactly the place the interview is taking place and the way you are going to get there. Be on time or a few minutes early. Don't forget to dress neatly and formally.

During the interview you should concentrate on what the interview is saying and make a real effort to answer all the questions the interview asks. Be clear, polite and honest. If you do not know something about the more technical aspects of the job, admit it and stress that you are willing to learn. Show enthusiasm when the job is explained to you. Always show your best side, your keenness on work, and your sense of responsibility. Don't forget to say goodbye before leaving the office.

- 16 The word *vacancy* means:
- | | | | |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. An advert of job. | B. A job that is available for someone to start doing | C. A position in a company | D. A room that is not being used. |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
- 17 The word *r sum * mentioned in the text has the closest meaning to:
- | | | | |
|--|------------|--|-------------------------------|
| A. A short description of something with main points | B. Summary | C. A short written description of your education and previous jobs that you send to an employer when you are applying for a job. | D. A letter of recommendation |
|--|------------|--|-------------------------------|
- 18 The phrase *jot down* means:
- | | |
|---|--------------|
| A. type | B. note down |
| C. write a short piece of information quickly | D. mention |
- 19 The word *keenness* does **NOT** mean:
- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| A. eagerness to do something | B. special interest |
|------------------------------|---------------------|

- C. enthusiasm D. understanding
- 20 According to the text, which is the true statement?
 A. Preparing for any kind of interview may make you tired and stressed.
 B. Making preparations for only the first interview may make you stressed.
 C. Preparing for a job interview at the first time is likely to make you more stressed than that for the next one.
 D. If you prepare everything for your job interview carefully, you will not be stressed.
- 21 What of these is **NOT** mentioned as a piece of advice before the interview?
 A. Formal and neat dressing B. Punctuality
 C. Necessity of locating the place of the interview. D. Some practice of interview
- 22 According to the text, which of these is **NOT** true?
 A. During the interview, you must answer all the questions politely, honestly, and clearly.
 B. In the interview you should present both your disadvantages and advantages to the interviewer.
 C. In the interview you should show only your strengths and enthusiasm to the job you are going to apply for.
 D. During the interview you should present your responsibility, interests, and good quality that are suitable to the vacancy.

Read the letter below and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to complete the spaces 23-32

Hi Lan,
 I am sorry that you (23) _____ in the Contest of Eloquence which was organized by Cambridge ESOL in Ben Tre province several weeks ago. It was really wonderful and useful for those who are studying English. Speaking frankly, I believe that if you (24) _____ part in the event, you (25) _____ chance to measure your English proficiency. To prepare for this event, I (26) _____ English quite hard before. Luckily for me, my studiousness (27) _____ to be chosen as a candidate for the final held in Ho Chi Minh city in June, 2010. Since then I (28) _____ very busy improving my public speaking to prepare for the next round. You know, I am writing to you while I (29) _____ to some dialogues which (30) _____ from the internet last night.

Writing this email is nothing but encouraging you to register this contest next year. Be confident of yourself. Of course, to become the winner of the contest you must study much harder. However, you (31) _____ many opportunities to make friends with others coming from different places and to practice your English even though you may not be selected for the next round. If you (32) _____ any problem or need help, please let me know. I am willing to help you.

I am looking forward to your reply.

Best wishes,
 Tam

- | | | | | |
|----|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 23 | A. don't participate | B. didn't participate | C. hadn't participated | D. haven't participated |
| 24 | A. had taken | B. took | C. take | D. will take |
| 25 | A. would have had | B. would have | C. will have | D. have |
| 26 | A. studied | B. had studied | C. have studied | D. Was studying |
| 27 | A. deserve | B. Will deserve | C. deserved | D. am deserve |
| 28 | A. have really been | B. am really | C. am really being | D. had really been |
| 29 | A. listen | B. was listening | C. am listening | D. have listened |

- 30 A. was downloaded B. downloaded C. were downloaded D. are downloaded
- 31 A. have B. will have C. would have D. are having
- 32 A. have B. will have C. had D. would have

Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced different from the others in each group.

- 33 A. appeareded B. approacheded C. appraiseded D. appriseded
- 34 A. reach B. meet C. rich D. speech
- 35 A. rented B. mended C. gained D. expected
- 36 A. trousers B. rouse C. rose D. mouse

Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D that is best complete the sentences.

- 37 We do not think much _____ people who readily believe rumours and gossips about their friends.
- A. that B. of C. on D. with
- 38 She is physically incapable _____ caring for herself.
- A. about B. in C. of D. on
- 39 Please keep _____ each other after graduation.
- A. in touch with B. with touch in C. in touching with D. with touching in
- 40 You will get into trouble if you refuse _____ your suitcase for the customs officer.
- A. to open B. to be opened C. opening D. being opened

GOOD LUCK!

ĐÁP ÁN - HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM

1	C	21	D
2	D	22	C
3	B	23	B
4	C	24	A
5	A	25	A
6	C	26	B
7	D	27	C
8	A	28	A
9	A	29	C
10	A	30	C
11	D	31	B
12	D	32	A
13	B	33	B
14	D	34	C
15	B	35	C
16	B	36	D
17	C	37	B
18	C	38	C
19	D	39	A
20	C	40	A