

Key English Test for Schools

Information for Candidates



Information for candidates – KET for **Schools**

Why take the Key English Test (KET) for Schools?

Success in the Key English Test (KET) for Schools shows that you have a basic understanding of everyday English.

The content and topics in the test are targeted at the interests and experiences of school children.

You are tested in reading, writing, listening and speaking.

■ International recognition

KET for Schools is at Level A2 of the Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR).

Level A2 shows that the learner can, for example:

- · understand simple questions and instructions
- · express simple opinions or needs
- complete forms and write short, simple letters related to personal information.

KET is recognised as a qualification in basic English by organisations and educational institutions across the world.

You can find a full list at: www.CambridgeESOL.org/recognition

■ Certificates

Learners who pass KET for Schools receive a certificate showing they have passed the Key English Test at Level A2.

Learners who show ability at the level below A2 are awarded a certificate showing they have achieved Level A1 of the CEFR.

For more information about KET for Schools, please visit:

www.CambridgeESOL.org/KETforSchools

Why take a Cambridge ESOL test?

Cambridge ESOL is a part of Cambridge Assessment, which has over 150 years' experience in educational assessment.

We are committed to providing internationally recognised qualifications that help you to achieve your life goals.

For more information about Cambridge ESOL, please visit: www.CambridgeESOL.org

What does KET for Schools involve?

This booklet is a brief introduction to KET for Schools. We show examples from each part of the test, but in some cases we do not show the full text or all the questions. If you would like to see a full sample paper for KET for Schools, you can download one from our website at: www.candidates.CambridgeESOL.org/cs/

The table below shows the different parts of KET for Schools and how long each paper takes. In KET for Schools, Reading and Writing are combined on one question paper.

Name of paper	Content	Time allowed	Marks (% of total)
Paper 1 Reading and Writing	9 parts / 56 questions Reading: Parts 1–5 Writing: Parts 6–9	1 hour 10 minutes	50%
Paper 2 Listening	5 parts / 25 questions	30 minutes (including 8 minutes' transfer time)	25%
Paper 3 Speaking	2 parts	8–10 minutes per pair of candidates (2:2 format*)	25%

^{* 2} examiners, 2 candidates (2:3 format is used for the last group in a session where necessary)

■ Paper 1 Reading and Writing

Time: 1 hour 10 minutes

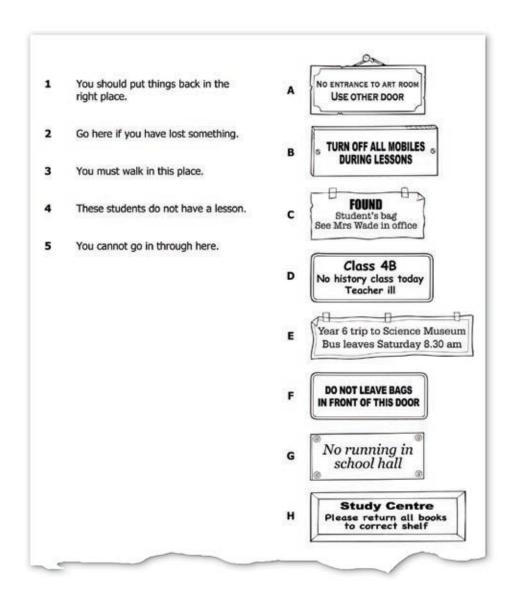
Paper 1 Reading and Writing consists of nine parts and 56 questions. It is worth 50% of the total marks for the exam.

Reading

Part 1 (Questions 1–5)

In this part you have to understand the main message of a sign, notice or other very short text. These texts are usually the kind of text you can find on roads, in railway stations, shops, cafés, schools, etc. There are also five sentences and you have to match each sentence to one of the texts.

In the example on the next page you have eight signs (labelled A-H) and five sentences which explain what the signs mean. You have to match each sentence to the right sign.



Part 2 (Questions 6-10)

This part is a test of vocabulary. You have five sentences and there is a missing word in each one. There are three possible answers and you have to choose the best word to fill each gap.

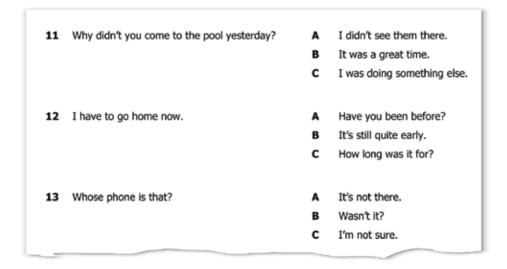
The examples below are sentences about an internet café. Read the sentences and decide which answer (A, B or C) is the correct one. In the test, there are two more questions like the ones below.

6	The internet café quickly became with Ivan and his friends. A favourite B popular C excellent
7	It only Ivan five minutes to get to the café. A takes B has C gets
8	Ivan often his friends there after school. A waits B meets C goes

Part 3 (Questions 11-15 and 16-20)

In this part we test how well you understand and can use the language you need for everyday life. The first five questions are short conversations. The question is what the first person says and you then have three possible responses. To find the right answer, you have to think what the second person usually says in this situation.

In the example below, there are three typical questions (11-13). For each question, you have to choose the correct answer (A, B or C). In the test, there are two more questions like this.



The second five questions are part of a longer conversation which has missing sentences. The conversation may take place in a shop, a school, a café, etc. or in various social or study situations.

In the conversation below, Josh is talking to Matt, and you have to decide what Josh says in each case (16-18). You have a list of eight possible sentences (A-H) which you can use to complete the conversation. You have to choose one sentence for each space, so you don't need all of the sentences.

Matt:	Oh, sorry. I'm phoning about the skateboarding competition this afternoon.	A	I'd like a new one but I don't think I'm good enough to win.
Josh:	16	В	I didn't see it. Is the competition on all afternoon?
Matt:	Really? There was some information		
	about it in our club magazine.	С	Hi. You're calling early!
Josh:	17	D	Do the winners get CDs like last year?
Matt:	Just from 2.30 till 5 pm. They give out the prizes at 6 pm.	E	I wasn't very good then.
	1000- • 1000- • 1100	F	I didn't know that was today.
Josh:	18	68	845 W 2 7 M 2 7 S 4 M 5 4 V 5 S 5 M 6 M 4 7 M 7 M 1
		G	I haven't got one of those.
Matt:	The prizes are better this time. The	- 600	250 Mb Pe-Ph 2000 A COLLEGE CO
	top prize is a skateboard.	н	Maybe, we'll see. Shall we meet in the pari at 2,00?

Part 4 (Questions 21-27)

This part consists of a longer text (about 230 words) and seven questions. These may be multiple-choice questions with three possible answers (A, B or C) or you may have seven statements and you have to decide if each statement is A - Right, B - Wrong or C – Doesn't say.

In the example below, you have to read the article about a young swimmer from Australia. For each of the statements (21-23), you have to decide if it is Right (A), Wrong (B) or if you can't find the information in the text, you should choose C (Doesn't say). In the test, there are four more questions like these.

Ana Johnson



Ana Johnson is a 13-year-old swimmer who lives in Melbourne in Australia. Her dream is to swim for Australia in the next Olympics.

She swims in both long and short races and she has already come first in many important competitions.

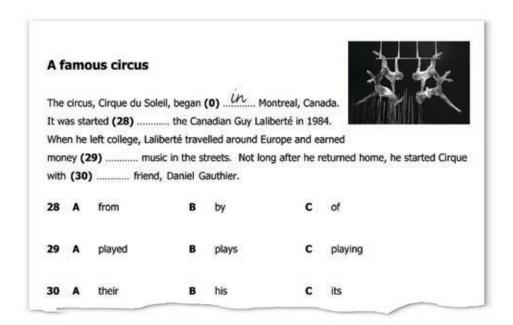
As well as spending many hours in the pool, Ana also makes time for studying and for friends. 'I have lots of friends who swim and we're very close. It's much easier to have friends who are swimmers because they also have to get up early to practise like me and they understand this kind of life.

- 21 Ana hopes she will become an Olympic swimmer.
 - Right
- Wrong
- Doesn't say
- 22 Ana knows that she is better at short races than long ones.
 - Right
- Wrong
- Doesn't say
- 23 Ana has won a lot of swimming competitions.
 - Right
- Wrong
- Doesn't say

Part 5 (Questions 28-35)

In this part you have to show that you understand and can use English grammar correctly. There is a text for you to read, but some of the words are missing. These can be verb forms, prepositions, conjunctions, pronouns, etc. For each missing word, there are three possible answers and you have to choose the right one.

The example on the next page is an article about a circus with three sets of answers (28-30). You have to choose the best word (A, B or C) for each space. In the test, there are five more sets of answers like these.

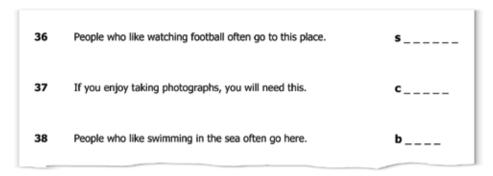


Part 6 (Questions 36–40)

The focus of Parts 6-9 of Paper 1 is on writing.

This part is about vocabulary. You have to find the right word for something and spell it correctly. All five words will be from the same topic, for example, hobbies, food, things you can find in a house, etc. For each word you have to find, there is a definition in simple English and we give you the first letter of the word to help you.

In the example below, there are some descriptions of things people like to do in their free time and you have to find the correct word being described. After each sentence, we give you the first letter of each word you have to find. We also show you how long the word is by giving you a dash (_) for each of the remaining letters in the word. In the test there are two more questions like the ones below.



Part 7 (Questions 41-50)

This part tests grammar and vocabulary. You have to read a short text which may be a note, and a reply to that note. It may also be a single letter. In the test there are some missing words and you have to find the right word to fill each space. You must spell the words correctly.

In the example on the next page, a girl from Mexico City has left a message on the internet. Read the message and try to find the missing words for the spaces (41-50).

	(0) Elisa Valdez. I'm twelve and I live in Mexico City. I (41) tw Emilio and Miguel. Both of (42) are a few years older (43)
	, Maria, is (44) youngest in my family and it was her tenth birthda
(45)	week.
	ending time (46) my friends. We often (47) shopping or platogether. I really enjoy dancing too. I joined a dance school five yea
	and I go there twice (49) week to practise. I've learned a (50) ting things about my country's music and dancing.

Part 8 (Questions 51–55)

In this part we test reading and writing. You have to read one or two short texts (note, email, advertisement, etc.) and use the information to fill in a form, diary entry or other $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($ similar document.

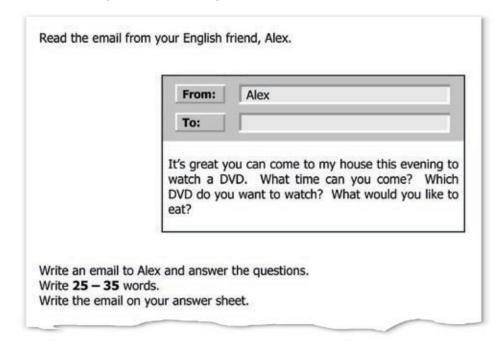
The example below is about an ice-skating party. You have to read the invitation from Sara and the email from Carla. Then you have to complete Louisa's notes (questions 51–55).

on Saturday at	From:	Carla
Park Ice Rink	To:	Louisa
Starte at 1.30 p.m.	10.	Louiso
You won't need any money		to Sara's ice-skating party togethe
but bring a warm sweater.		take us in the car but we'll need to by bus. We'll drive to yours and go
Let me know if you can come		0. Ring me this afternoon on my 316 212185) or after 6 p.m. at hom
by Thursday.		let me know.
Sara		
Lo	ouisa's No re-skating p	
Lo IC Person having party:	e-skating p	
Lo Ic	e-skating p	
Lo IC Person having party:	e-skating p	
Person having party: Day: Time:	Sara 51 52	arty
Person having party: Day:	Sara	arty
Person having party: Day: Time:	Sara 51 52	arty

Part 9 (Question 56)

For the last part of Paper 1 you have to write a short message (25–35 words). This could be a note or an email to a friend. The instructions tell you who you are writing to and what type of message to write.

In the example below you have to write a note to a friend about visiting their house. Remember to respond to all of Alex's questions.



■ Paper 2 Listening

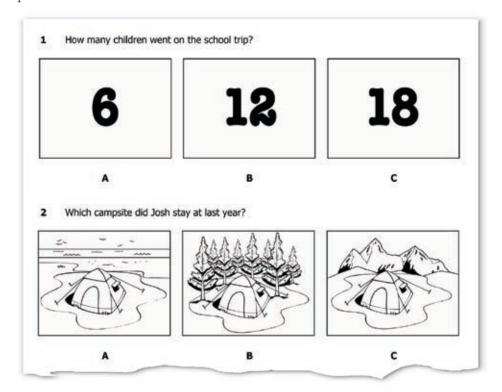
Time: approx. 30 minutes including 8 minutes' transfer time

In the Listening paper there are five parts and 25 questions. The types of exercises you will have to do are: multiple choice, gap-filling and matching. The texts you will hear are monologues and dialogues, including interviews, discussions, telephone conversations and messages. You will hear each conversation twice. The Listening paper is worth 25% of the total marks.

Part 1 (Questions 1–5)

In this part you will hear five separate short conversations. The conversations are either between friends or relatives, or between a member of the public and a shop assistant, etc. You have to listen for information like prices, numbers, times, dates, locations, directions, shapes, sizes, weather, descriptions of people and current actions. For each question there are three possible answers which are pictures or drawings.

Below you can see two questions from a test paper. You have to read the question, listen to the recording and choose the right answer (A, B or C). In the test, there are three more questions like the ones below.



Part 2 (Questions 6–10)

In this part you will hear a longer conversation and you have to identify simple factual information. The conversation is between two people who are talking about things such as daily life, school or free time. You have to listen to the conversation and match the words on two lists to each other. For example, you may have a list of names and a list of food. When you listen to the recording you will hear what food each person likes to eat.

In the example on the next page, Nick is talking to a friend about his birthday presents. You have to listen to the recording and write down which present each person gave him. There is a list of people (6-10) and a list of different presents (A-H). You have to write the correct letter next to each person. You have to choose one present for each person so you won't need to use all the presents.

Exam	ıple:			
0	Cousin	В		
	PEOPLE			PRESENTS
6	Mum		A	bike
			В	book
7	Brother		с	cinema tickets
8	Aunt		D	clothes
			E	computer game
9	Uncle		F	mobile phone
10	Grandmother		G	money
			н	music CD

Part 3 (Questions 11–15)

In this part of the Listening test you will hear an informal conversation between two people. You have to listen to factual information to answer the questions. There are five questions and each question has three possible answers.

In the example below, Susie is talking to Matt about going to the cinema. You have to listen to the recording and choose the correct answer (A, B or C) for each question (11–13). In the test, there are two more questions like the ones below.

	С	by bus
	В	on foot
	A	by car
13	How	will they get there?
	С	opposite the park.
	В	in the shopping centre.
	A	by the market.
12	The	y are going to the cinema
	С	Heart of Gold
	В	Field of Green
	A	Sunny Day
11	Whi	ch film will they see?

Part 4 (Questions 16-20)

In this part of the Listening test, you have to listen to a dialogue and write down some information. The dialogue takes place in an informal or neutral context, for example a shop or a classroom. After you listen to the recording, you have to complete a message or note on the question paper with the information you have heard. This may be numbers, dates, prices, spellings and words.

In the example below, the recording is of a girl asking a friend about guitar lessons. You have to write down the missing information for questions 16–20. For each question, you have to write one or two words or numbers.

Guitar	lessons
Day:	Saturday
Teacher's name:	(16)
Price per hour:	(17) £
Place of lesson:	34 Purley Lane, near the
Teacher's phone number:	(19)
Must call before:	(20) p.m.

Part 5 (Questions 21-25)

Part 5 is similar to Part 4 but it is a monologue. It may be a recorded message.

In the example on the next page, you hear some recorded information about a new TV quiz show. You have to fill in the missing information for questions 21–25. You have to write one or two words or numbers in each space.

New quiz show		
Name:	Answer That!	
Day:	(21)	
Number of teams:	(22)	
Questions will be about:	Films, TV and (23)	
This week's prize:	(24)	
To be on the show, phone:	(25)	

At the end of the paper-based version of the Listening test, you have 8 minutes to transfer your answers to the answer sheet.

■ Paper 3 Speaking

Time: 8-10 minutes per pair of candidates

For the Speaking test there are two oral examiners and you take the test in a pair with another candidate. At centres with an uneven number of candidates, the last single candidate is examined with the last pair in a group of three. The Speaking test is worth 25% of the total marks.

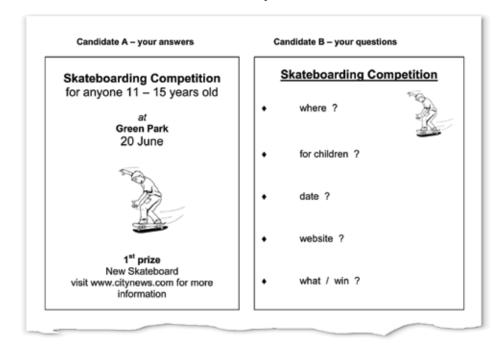
Part 1

The first part of the test takes 5 to 6 minutes and you have to show that you can use the English you need when you meet someone for the first time. One of the examiners will talk to you and you will have to give personal information (for example, your name and where you come from) and talk about your daily life, interests, likes, etc.

Part 2

This part takes 3 to 4 minutes and you have to talk to the other candidate. The examiner will give you a prompt card like the one below and you have to ask and answer questions.

In the example below, Candidate A has some information about a skateboarding competition and Candidate B has a card with some question prompts. Candidate B has to use the prompts and ask some questions about the competition. After 4 or 5 questions, the examiner will stop your conversation and give out two new prompt cards with different information. This time Candidate A has to ask questions and Candidate B has to answer.



Preparing for KET for Schools

If you would like more practice material to help you prepare for KET for Schools, there are past paper packs available to buy which include an audio CD of the Listening test. You can find more information, prices and details on our website at:

www.CambridgeESOL.org/resources/past-papers.html

Next steps

We wish you every success in taking KET for Schools and we hope that you will take other Cambridge ESOL tests in the future. The Preliminary English Test (PET) for Schools is the next level of Cambridge tests. You can find more information about PET for Schools on our website at:

www.CambridgeESOL.org/PETforSchools

Companies who recognise **Cambridge ESOL** exams

3M Hertz

Adidas Hewlett-Packard

Agfa-Gevaert **HSBC** AstraZeneca IBM

AT&T Johnson & Johnson

KPMG Barclays Bank **BASF** Microsoft Mobil Oil Bayer ΒP Nestlé Nokia British Airways Cable & Wireless PepsiCo Carrefour **Philips**

Citibank PricewaterhouseCoopers

Procter & Gamble Coca-Cola Colgate-Palmolive Rank Xerox Credit Suisse Roche DaimlerChrysler Rolls-Royce Dell Shell Deutsche Bank Siemens

Sony Disney Sun Microsystems

DuPont Texaco Ericsson Toyota Estée Lauder Unilever General Motors Vodafone Gillette World Bank

World Health Organization (WHO) GlaxoSmithKline World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) Goodyear

For a full list of companies and educational institutions who recognise KET, please visit our

www.CambridgeESOL.org/recognition

DHL

www.CambridgeESOL.org/KET

University of Cambridge **ESOL** Examinations 1 Hills Road Cambridge CB1 2EU United Kingdom

Tel. +44 1223 553355 Fax. +44 1223 460278

ESOLhelpdesk@CambridgeESOL.org email

