

Họ, tên thí sinh:

Số báo danh:

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

- Question 1:** A. sort B. sure C. seem D. sun
Question 2: A. understand B. university C. discussion D. industrial
Question 3: A. borrowed B. conserved C. complained D. approached

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that is closest in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

- Question 4:** The boy does not resemble his brother in any way.
 A. take after B. look after C. look up D. take up
Question 5: I received housing benefit when I was unemployed.
 A. out of work B. out of date C. out of order D. out of fashion

Read the following passage adapted from the Encyclopedia Britannica 2011 and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 6 to 10.

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), a special program of the United Nations, is devoted to aiding national efforts to improve the health, nutrition, education, and general welfare of children.

UNICEF was created in 1946 to provide relief to children in countries devastated by World War II. After 1950 the fund directed its efforts toward general programs for the improvement of children's welfare, particularly in less-developed countries and in various emergency situations. The organization's broader mission was reflected in the name it adopted in 1953, the United Nations Children's Fund. UNICEF was awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace in 1965. It is headquartered in New York City.

UNICEF has concentrated much of its effort in areas in which relatively small expenditures can have a significant impact on the lives of the most disadvantaged children such as the prevention and treatment of diseases. In keeping with this strategy, UNICEF supports immunization programs for childhood diseases and programs to prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS; it also provides funding for health services, educational facilities, and other welfare services. Since 1996 UNICEF programs have been guided by the Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989), which affirms the right of all children to "the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health and to facilities for the treatment of illness and rehabilitation of health". UNICEF's activities are financed by both government and private contributions.

Question 6: What was the objective of UNICEF when it was created in 1946?

- A. to devote to the general welfare of children all over the world
 B. to improve the health, nutrition, education of nations
 C. to help children in countries devastated by World War II
 D. to win the Nobel Prize for Peace

Question 7: When did UNICEF win the Nobel Prize for Peace?

- A. In 1953 B. In 1946 C. In 1950 D. In 1965

Question 8: The underlined word “It” in paragraph two refers to _____.

- A. UNICEF
- B. New York
- C. the Nobel Peace Prize
- D. the United Nations

Question 9: Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. UNICEF provides funding for health services and educational facilities.
- B. The headquarters of UNICEF is in New York City.
- C. UNICEF has guided the Convention on the Rights of the Child.
- D. UNICEF stands for the United Nations Children’s Fund.

Question 10: UNICEF receives money from _____.

- A. national and international businesses
- B. governments and individuals
- C. international corporations
- D. the United Nations organisations

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 11: If I were you, I _____ for that intensive English course.

- A. will apply
- B. apply
- C. applied
- D. would apply

Question 12: Helen: “Shall I collect the tickets for the concert for you?”

Peter: “_____”

- A. Make yourself at home.
- B. It’s kind of you to do so.
- C. Long time no see.
- D. Nice to meet you!

Question 13: Mrs Black: “Thank you for your help!”

Tim: “_____”

- A. How do you do?
- B. Just for fun.
- C. The same to you!
- D. You’re welcome.

Question 14: Susan is fond _____ reading comic books in her free time.

- A. on
- B. of
- C. for
- D. at

Question 15: The former Olympic _____ was invited to speak at a charity dinner.

- A. trophy
- B. victory
- C. triumph
- D. champion

Question 16: Our flight from Bangkok to London was delayed _____ the storm.

- A. because
- B. in spite of
- C. because of
- D. since

Question 17: I really enjoy being with my father. He has got a really good _____ of humour.

- A. sense
- B. way
- C. mood
- D. feeling

Question 18: You _____ wash those apples. They have already been washed.

- A. mustn’t
- B. need
- C. needn’t
- D. must

Question 19: Tom’s sister is five years _____ than he is.

- A. older
- B. the oldest
- C. the eldest
- D. elder

Question 20: Many countries’ cultural _____ is a result of taking in immigrants from all over the world.

- A. diverse
- B. diversity
- C. diversify
- D. diversified

Question 21: She had no difficulty _____ at her new school.

- A. to make friends
- B. to making friends
- C. making friends
- D. make friends

Question 22: Her newly-published book is _____ from the previous ones.

- A. differ
- B. difference
- C. different
- D. differently

Question 23: There were ten athletes _____ in the final round.

- A. requiring
- B. sharing
- C. competing
- D. taking

Question 24: I decided _____ the book you told me about some days ago.

- A. buy
- B. to buying
- C. to buy
- D. buying

Question 25: Jack: “_____”

Rose: “That’s a good idea.”

- A. Excuse me, where’s the post office?
- B. Sorry, I’m late.
- C. Glad to see you.
- D. What about going to the cinema tonight?

- Question 26:** As soon as I saw the advertisement, I _____ the house agent.
 A. phone B. phoned C. have phoned D. had phoned
- Question 27:** I enjoy playing _____ at weekends.
 A. badminton B. the badminton C. one badminton D. a badminton
- Question 28:** Neil Armstrong is the first man _____ foot on the moon.
 A. to be set B. setting C. to set D. set
- Question 29:** Dr. Fleming, _____ discovered penicillin, was awarded the Nobel Prize of Medicine in 1945.
 A. whom B. who C. which D. that
- Question 30:** She was overjoyed because her article _____.
 A. had published B. has published C. has been published D. had been published
- Question 31:** Tears contain an antiseptic that helps protect our eyes _____ infection.
 A. with B. in C. on D. from
- Question 32:** At present, the new director _____ to foster a culture of open communication within the company.
 A. is trying B. was trying C. tries D. tried
- Question 33:** To save energy, we should remember to _____ the lights before going out.
 A. turn on B. turn down C. turn up D. turn off

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 34:** A. honest B. machine C. modern D. village
- Question 35:** A. national B. important C. effective D. historic

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 36:** Nowadays a large number of young people spend much time _____.
 A. with surfing the Internet B. to surf the Internet
 C. surf the Internet D. surfing the Internet
- Question 37:** It was not until he failed the final examination _____.
 A. that he realises how important the revision is
 B. when he realises how important the revision is
 C. that he realised how important the revision was
 D. when he realised how important the revision was

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

- Question 38:** I can't go out tonight because I have too many work to do.

A B C D

- Question 39:** Before the 1920s, no women have voted in national elections in the US.

A B C D

- Question 40:** Bella had better to change her study habits if she wants to be admitted to

A B C

a good college.

D

- Question 41:** Driving on the left made my daughter very surprising when she first visited London.

A B C D

- Question 42:** We were told to plan everything very careful before the journey.

A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 43: “Would you like to come to my birthday party, Mary?” said Mike.

- A. Mike asked Mary if she didn't like to come to his birthday party.
- B. Mike invited Mary to come to his birthday party.
- C. Mike didn't know that Mary had come to his birthday party.
- D. Mike was told to come to Mary's birthday party.

Question 44: You won't have a seat unless you book in advance.

- A. You won't have a seat if you don't book in advance.
- B. You will have a seat if you don't book in advance.
- C. You didn't have a seat because you didn't book in advance.
- D. You can't have a seat although you book in advance.

Question 45: She started working as a teacher of English ten years ago.

- A. She had worked with a teacher of English for ten years.
- B. She has worked with a teacher of English for ten years.
- C. She had been working as a teacher of English for ten years.
- D. She has been working as a teacher of English for ten years.

Read the following passage adapted from the Encyclopedia Britannica 2010 and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks from 46 to 50.

A person who tosses a can or a napkin on the ground is contributing to land pollution. This (46)_____ of pollution mainly involves the depositing on land of solid wastes that cannot be broken down quickly or, in some cases, at all. Heaps of trash are not only unpleasant to look at - they can (47)_____ interfere with the lives of plants and animals.

Land pollution also includes the build-up of (48)_____ chemicals on land. The use of pesticides in farming is a major source of this type of pollution. These chemicals are spread over fields to kill insects, weeds, fungi, or rodents that are a threat to crops. But pesticides harm or (49)_____ other living things too. When they drift with the wind or become absorbed (50)_____ fruits and vegetables, they can become a source of health problems such as cancer and birth defects.

Question 46: A. plan B. train C. use D. type

Question 47: A. too B. also C. such D. so

Question 48: A. poisonous B. poisonously C. poison D. poisoning

Question 49: A. help B. kill C. get D. make

Question 50: A. into B. of C. up D. on

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