TUYỂN TẬP ĐỀ THI HỌC SINH GIỎI Môn: TIẾNG ANH 12

(các tỉnh thành cả nước)

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Đề Thi Khảo Sát Học Sinh Giỏi

Môn: Anh Văn Năm học: 2008-2009.

Thời gian: 180 phút. (không kể thời gian giao đề) (Đề thi gồm 04 trang và học sinh làm bài tên tờ đề thi)

Họ và tên thí sinh:	Lớp	12 A
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SECTION I: LISTENING: (4 points)

Part I: Thuc is taking a course in Study skills in English. Now in his class on reading skills, the teacher is making a quick review about what they learnt in the last class. Listen to this conversation and decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F).

- 1. It is important to know the purposes of reading.
- 2. Surveying a book will help decide whether the book is necessary for you.
- 3. The contents pages of a book show how the book is organized.
- 4. Unlike the index, the table of contents gives more detail about the concepts mentioned in the book.
- 5. It is necessary to make sure that the level of the book is neither too easy nor too difficult for you.
- 6. The date of publication can usually be found on the cover.

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.

Part II: Listen to the conversation again and answer these questions.

- 1. In what way do the purposes of reading help your reading a book?
- 2. Apart from the organization of the book, what do the contents pages tell readers?
- 3. Where can readers often find the index of a book? At the beginning or at the end?
- 4. Where are the items of a book alphabetically arranged, in the contents or the index?
- 5. What skill can help you decide quickly whether the book is easy enough for you?
-

SECTION II: GRAMMAR AND READING: (9 POINTS)

Part I: The text below has 10 mistakes. Read it carefully and pick out the mistakes.

WHY I DISLIKE COMPUTERS

Almost everyone says that computers are wonderful and that they are changing our own lives for the better by making everything faster and more reliable, but I am not so much sure that this is the case.

The other day I was standing in large department store until waiting to pay for a couple of films for my camera when the assistant announced that the computer which controlled the till it had stopped working. I did not think this was a big problem and I set myself off to find another counter, but of course, all the machines are one part of the same system. So there we were: a shop full of customers, money at the ready, waiting to make our purchases, but it was quite clear that none out of the assistants knew what to do. They were not allowed to take our money and give to customers a written receipt, because the sales would not then have been recorded on the computer system. In the end, like with many other people, I left my shopping on the counter and walked out. Don't you think so that's ridiculous? It would never have happened before computers, and that, for me, is all the problem: we are beginning to depend on these machines for so completely that we simply cannot mange without them any more.

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

PART II: read the article below and then decide which word (A, B, C or D) best completes each space. Make the right choice and your answers in the box.

WHAT TEENAGERS DO WITH THEIR MONEY

Thirteen-year olds do not spend as much money as their parents suspect at least not according to the findings of a (1)survey, Money and Change. The survey (2) ...three hundred teenagers, 13-17 years old, from (3) ...Britain.

By the time they (4) ...their teens, most children see their weekly allowance rise dramatically to an amazing national average of \$ 5.14. Two thirds think they get (5) ... money but most expect to have to do something to get it.

Although they have more cash, worry about debt is (6) ...among teenagers. Therefore, the (7) ...of children (8) ...an effort to save for the future.

Greater access to cash (9) ...teenagers does not, however, mean that they are more irresponsible (10) ...a result. The economic recession seems to have encouraged (11) ...attitudes to money, even in the case of children at the ages. Instead of wasting what pocket (12) ...they have on sweets or magazines, the 13-year-olds who took (13) ...in the survey seem to (14) ...to the situation by saving more than half (15) ...their cash.

()		(-)		, ,			
1. a. late	b. rece	ent	c.	latest		d. fresh	
2. a. included	b. con	ntained	c.	counted		d. enclosed	
3. a. entire	b. all	over	c.	complete		d. the whole	
4. a. reach	b. get		c.	make		d. arrive	
5. a. acceptable	b. ade	quate	c.	satisfactory		d. enough	
6. a. gaining	b. hei	ghtening	c.	increasing		d. building	
7. a. most	b. ma	ximum	c.	many		d. majority	
8. a. make	make b. do c. have		•	d. try			
9. a. among	b. thre	b. through		b. through c. between			d. along
10. a. like	like b. as c. for				d. in		
11. a. aware	are b. knowing c. helpful				d. cautious		
12. a. cash	b. mo	ney	c.	change		d. savings	
13. a. part	b. pla	ce	c.	c. share		d. piece	
14. a. reply			c.	c. respond		d. return	
15. a. from	- ·		c. of			d. for	
Your answers:							
1. 2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	
0 10	11	12	13	14	15		

Part III: Read the following passage, choose the best answers, and write them in the box below.

CONSERVATION- OR WASTED EFFORT?

The black robin is one of the world's rarest birds. It is a small, wild bird, and it lives only on the island of Little Manger off the coast of New Zealand. In 1967, there were about fifty black robins there; in 1977 there were fewer than ten. There are only black robins left in the world. The island has many other birds, of course, of different kinds, large and small; these seem to multiply very happily.

Energetic steps are being taken to preserve the black robin- to guard those remaining and to increase their number. Detailed studies are going on, and a public appeal for money has been made. The idea is to buy another island nearly as a special home, a "reserve", for threatened wild life, including black robins. The organizers say that Little Manger should then be restocked with the robin's food- it eats only one kind of seed- and so renewed for it. Thousands of required plants are at present being cultivated in New Zealand. The public appeal is aimed at the conscience of mankind, so that the wild black robin will not die out and disappear from the earth in our time at least.

Is all this concern a waste of human effort? Is it any business of ours whether the black robin survives or dies out? Are we losing our sense of what is reasonable and what is unreasonable?

In the earth's long, long past hundreds of kinds of creatures have evolved, risen to a degree of success- and died out. In the long, long future there will be many new and different forms of life. Those creatures that adapt themselves successfully to what the earth offers will survive for a long time. Those that fail to meet the challenges will disappear early. That is Nature's proven method of operation.

The rule of selection-"the survival of the fittest"-is the one by which man has himself arrived on the scene. He, being one of the most adaptable creatures the earth has yet produced, may last longer than most. Some creatures, certain small animals, insects and birds, will almost certainly outlast man, for they seem even more adaptable. You may take it as another rule that when, at last, man shows signs of dying out; no other creature

will extend a paw to postpone his departure. On the contrary, he will be hurried out; for Nature, though fair, is a hard-heard mistress. She has no favorites.

Life seems to have grown too tough for black robins. I leave you to judge whether we should try to do anything about it.

- 1. The black robin is dying out mainly because......
- a. people have been very careless about its survival.
- b. its only food is becoming exhausted on Little Manger.
- c. the other birds on the island have destroyed it.
- d. the appeal for money has come at the wrong time.
- 2. The success of the other small birds on Little Manger shows that......
- a, the island cannot have very much food left.
- b. something has to die out, they cannot all be winners.
- c. the big birds have all been attacking the black robin.
- d. the black robin has failed to meet the challenges of life.
- 3. As regard selection and survival, the decisive factor seems to be.......
- a, the ability to adapt to changed and changing conditions.
- b. the number of wild life reserves that are available.
- c. the concern and generosity of the public.
- d. the size of the home or the amount of space one has to live in
- 4. The evidence seems to suggest that......
- a. it is a disaster for every one when one kind of bird dies out.
- b. all creatures are concerned about the survival of others.
- c. Nature expects and accepts the dying out of weaker breeds.
- d. man is to blame when such a ting happens.

Your answers:

1,	2.
3.	4.

Part IV: Read the text below. Use the word given to form a word that fits in the space.

THE ENVIRONMENT: OUR RESPONSIBILY

These days it is impossible to open a newspaper without reading about the damage we are doing to the environment. The earth is being (1.threat) ... and the future looks bad. What can each of us do?

We cannot clean up our (2. pollution) ...rivers and seas overnight. Nor can we stop the (3. appear) ...of plants and animals. But we can stop adding to the problem while (4. science) ... search for answers, and laws are passed in nature's defense.

It may not easy to change your lifestyle (5. complete) ..., but some steps are easy to take: cut down the amount of (6.drive) ... you do, or use as little plastic as possible. It is also easy to save energy, which also reduces household bills. We must all make a personal (7. decide) ... to work for the future of our planet if we want to ensure a better world for our grandchildren.

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.
5.	6.	7.	

SECTION III: WRITING (7 points)

Part I: Finish each of the following sentences in such way that it means exactly the same as the sentence given before it.

- 1. "Why hasn't Nam phoned?" she wondered.
- 2. The thief tried to escape but the police stopped him.
- The police prevented the thief.....
- 3. Lan began studying English ten years ago.
- → Lan has
 4. My mother made these curtains.
- 5. "If I were you I wouldn't trust Diep", Lan's mother told her.
- 6. Nam is better at chemistry than Tuan.

KHAO SAT HOC SINH GIOI: 2008-2009

→ Tuan is not
7. His parents made him study for his exams.
The was
8. I only help you if you promise to try harder.
♥ Unless
9. She bought that house in 1994.
→ She has
10. They believe that he is mad.
<i>∽</i> Не
11. It was such a boring film that he fell asleep.
→ The film
12. We spent three hours getting to HO CHI MINH City.
□ It took
13. She does not usually stay up so late.
→ She's not used
14. This is his first visit to Date.
→ He is
15. It was his own fault that he lost his job. He was late for work every morning.
∽ If
Part II: In some countries, teenagers have jobs while they are still students. Do you think it is a good idea
Support your opinion by using specific reasons and details. (in about 150 words)
(You can write in this page)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

••••••
The end

ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ THI KHẢO SÁT HỌC SINH GIỚI TRƯỜNG MÔN ANH VĂN. Năm học: 2008-2009

Section I:							
Part I:				**			
1. T	2. T		3. T				
4. F The index gives a detailed list of all the main points mentioned in the book							
5. T							
6. F –It is usua	ally prir	nted on	the first or last	pages.			
Part II:							
			e reasons for the	heir reading an	d predict the co	ontent of the boo	ok.
2. What is the	book al	bout?					
3. At the end.							
4. In the index							
5. Skimming					•		
Section II					,		
Part I:						•	
1. much	2. unti	1	3. it	4. myself	5. one	6. out	
7. to	8. with	ı Ö	9. so	10. all			
Part II:					•		
1. b	2. a		3. b	4. a	5. d	6. c	7. d
8. a	9. a		10. b	11. d	12. b	13. a	14. c
15. c							
Part III.							
1. b		2. d		3. a	4. c		
Part IV:							
1. threatened		2. polli	ıted	3. disappeara	nce	4. scientists	
5. completely		6. driv	ing	7. decision			
Section III:							
Part I:							
1. She wonder	ed why	Nam h	adn't phoned.				
2. The police p	orevente	ed the th	ief from escar	oing.			
3. Lan has bee			•	~			
4. These curta							
5. Lan's mothe							
6. Tuan is not							
7. He was mad							
8. Unless you				•			
9. She has bought that house since 1994.							
10. He is belie	_						
11. The film w	as so b	oring th	at he fell aslee	D.			
12. It took thre							
13. She is not							
14. He is visiti			-				
15. If he hadn't been late for work every morning, he wouldn't have lost his job.							
Part II:			•	<i>3,</i>		, -	
- Accura	cy.						

Content Presentation.

--The end-----

SỞ GD&ĐT QUẢNG NINH

Kỳ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI CÁP TỈNH lớp 12 năm học 2010 - 2011

ĐÈ THI CHÍNH THỨC

(Đề thi này có 08 trang)

Chữ ký của giám thị	Môn: Tiếng			3.13. · ·	
	Thoigian lan	1 bai: 180	phut, khong k	tể thời gian giao đề	SBD:
1:	Ngày thi: 26	5/10/2010			ימפט:
	Họ, tên thí si	inh:			Số phách
	Ngày sinh:				chấm lần 1:
2:	Noi sinh:				Chain ian 1.
2.	Học sinh trư	òm a:			
·	Ban coi thi:	ong.			
	j Ban coi un.				
Số phách	Điểm ba	ài thi	Ho tên, chí	ř ký của hai người	Số phách
chấm phúc khảo:				ấm lần 1:	chấm lần 1:
	Bằng số:				
	Bằng chữ:		1	••••••••	
	Dang Chu.		2.		
	1		2		1
Số phách	Điểm bài	thị chấm r	húc khảo:	Họ tên, chữ ký c	na hai người
chấm phúc khảo:	1	•		chấm phú	•
cham phuc khao.	Bằng số:			_	
•	Bằng chữ:			1:	
				2:	
Ghi chú: Thí si	nh trả lời nga	y vào bài t	hi này. Nếu v	iết sai phải gạch bỏ	rồi viết lại.
	•		•		
I. LISTENING	(A points)			•	
		ten auesti	ons. Then, circ	cle the correct answe	r to each
question. You wi	-	_			
1. A. I'm Nancy.		-	m Russia.	C. I'm a studer	nt.
2. A. I'm from C			n Chicago.	C. I'm fine.	
3. A. Okay.			ing to school.		a.
4. A. She likes to	work.		teacher.	C. She works	
5. A. They're from Mexico.		B. They are in school.		C. They live in	n Tokyo.
6. A. I'm getting married soon.		. B. My father is a doctor.		C. I have three	e brothers.
7. A. I'm fine.		B. Nothir	•	C. That's too b	
8. A. He's Japane		B. He's fr	•	C. He's an eng	
9. A. I like to exc			sy this weeken		•
10. A. He lives is	n Hong Kong.	B. He wo	rks downtown	. C. He's a doct	or.
				A, B or C correspon	
•	-		low. You will	listen to the piece twi	ce.
1. What is the nu	moer of this fli	_			
A 80		B 18		C 81	

2. How long i	is the flight?			
A. 2 hours, 40 minutes B. 2 hours, 14 minutes				C. 2 hours, 4 minutes
3. What is the local time in Seattle?				0.40.40.434
A. 11:45 P		B. 12:15 P	'M	C. 10:12 AM
	e current weathe			Commi
- •	loudy te will the plane	•	•	C. sunny
A. 3	te will the plane	B. 30		C. 13
	stanta tha falla		dian katuran an i	
	-	_	ition between an ii h the missing info	
applicam. Fi	in ine jouowii		sumé	muum.
Last name:		LE		
First name:		THANH MA	AI	
Sex:		(0) Female		
Date of birth:		, ,		. 1981
Nationality:		Vietnamese		
Marital status	; :	Single		•
Address:		(2)	Tran Hung D	ao street, District 1,
		Ho Chi M		
Telephone nu	mber:			
Education /		, ,		
Qualification	ıs:			
1996 - 1999:		High school	•	
March - Septe		Certificate in	o counting (a six - i	month course)
Work experi	ence:			
1999 - 2001:				shop.
2001 - 2002:			Dali company	
2002 - presen	it:			in Star Department Store
Languages:		- English		
Hobbies:				
		- (8)		
References:		- Mrs Susan	Lee, (9) a	
		_		nan Dinh Phung street,
			District, Ho Chi M	•
			a, a teacher of (10)	
		54 Truong l	•	
		District 3, I	Io Chi Minh City	
	AR AND VOC	•	<u> </u>	
				has underlined part is
			ters in each quest	ion.(Do as example-0: C)
0. A. dental		s <u>e</u> nd	C. pretty	D. petty
1. A. wash <u>ed</u>		miss <u>ed</u>	C. watched	D. clos <u>ed</u>
2. A. arriv <u>es</u>		chang <u>es</u>	C. class <u>es</u>	D. finish <u>es</u>
3. A. internati 4. A. change		applic <u>a</u> tion <u>ch</u> eering	C. mathema	
5. A. proficier		ancient	C. <u>ch</u> emistr C. musician	

Activity 2: Circle the l	etter A, B, C or D next	to the word with the st	ress pattern different
fro <mark>m the other three</mark> w	ords in each question	. (Do as example - 0: A	1)
0. A. yourself	B. English	C. shopping	D. speeches
1. A. proportion	B. national	C. tutorial	D. conclusion
2. A. discussion	B. appointment	C. character C. international	D. important
3. A. mathematician	B. agricultural	C. international	D. university
4. A. avoid	B. decide	C. begin	D. lecture
5. A. economics	B. psychology	C. philosophy	D. geography
Activity 3: Circle the l	etter A, B, C or D next	to the best option to co	mplete each
sentence below.			•
1. The higher the conte	ent of carbon dioxide in	n the air is,	· .
A. more heat it retain		B. than it retains m	
C. the more heat it re	etains	D. it retains more h	
2. Janet: What does ye	·		
Tom:			
A. He lives in Londo		B. His name is Gre	σ
C. He's an engineer.		D. Thanks, he's ver	_
3 sperm			<i>y</i>
A. no article		C. A	D. The
4. Diana: You've pass	· ·		
Tommy:	-	on Bratanation of	
A. Never mind.		B. I'm glad you like	• it
C. Thank you.		D. Not at all.	<i>7</i> 10.
	ou very much for tellir	ng me the way to Hanoi.	
Guide:	ou very much for term	ig the die way to Hanoi.	
	t. B. You're welcome	C That's fine	D. Same to you.
6. A doctor is a person			D. Saine to you.
	B. takes care of		D ommline
7 View storm	by Manuar Durian	C. Icales	D. applies
7. Kieu story,	by Nguyen Du, is ve	ery interesting.	D
A. WHICH WITES	D. WIOLC	C. Was WITHEII	D. written
8. The captain was the			D 1
	B. leaving		D. leaves
9. A lot of people in th	e world volunteer to he	elppo	
A. a	B. no article		D. an
		a to Thang Long citadel	1000 years ago was
the King Ly Cong Uar			
A. that	B. which	C. whose	D. whom
		e interviewer is saying d	luring the interview
and try to answer all th	<u>-</u>		
A. at	B. about	C. of	D. on
12 I w	ere you, I would apply	for that job.	
A. Unless	B. If	C. So long as	D. Provided that
13. Her wedding dress	was designed	C. So long as a famous fashi	on designer.
A. by	B. at	C. from	D. with
14. I spent twice	much mo	oney on my holiday as y	ou did on yours.
A. as	B. than	C. so	D. too
15. I'd	you were honest wit	th me; I hate lies.	
A. better	B. rather		D. like

Activity 4: Use the correct form of the verbs in brackets to complete the sentences below.

1. If you (not break) the l	aw yesterday, the	e police wouldn't nave
punished you.		
2. By the end of next month, he (be)		
3. If you have written the letter, I (post)		
4. When I came home, he (watch)		television.
5. After John (wash)h	is clothes, he beg	an to study.
6. The study of languages (be)	very intere	sting.
7. They're exhausted because they (run)		for over an hour.
8. Did you remember (buy)	_ a newspaper or	the way home?
9. Neither the president nor his representatives (be)	to attend
the meeting tomorrow. 10. They let us park bicycles here, but they don motorcycles.	't allow us (park	;) <u> </u>
Activity 5: Read the sentences below. Use the correlation sentence to fill in the space.	ect form of the w	ord in capitals next to
1. Our from London to Sydne	v took 24 hours.	FLY
2. In most social situations where		FORMAL
bief raise of the hand and a small wave are fine.		
3. The country is very, so road is difficult.	ravelling by	MOUNTAIN
4. The teacher stressed the need for regular		ATTEND
5. The house is large, but it is terribly		
to live in.		COMFORT
6. There were over fifty in the	orchestra.	MUSIC
7. Jim always does what he says; he's a very		RELY
person.		
8. Alexander knows which mushrooms are	,	POISON
so ask him before you pick them.		
9. My mother is a very caring woman, she takes the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
for running the hou	isehold.	IRRESPONSIBLE
10. Show when the job is e	xplained to you.	ENTHUSIASTIC
Activity 6: In Questions 1-10, each sentence has four underlined parts of the sentence are marked. D under the word or phrase that is used incorrectly	A, B, C, D. Circl y.	e the letter A or B, C,
1. The first laser is made by an American scientist	<u>:alled</u> Theodore N	Maiman <u>working</u> in
A B	C	D
California in 1960.		
2. Almost medical doctors have had some training		i psychiatry.
A B C 1)	
3. Plants, which make up 90 percentage of visible L	ving organisms,	get their <u>food</u> energy
from sunlight.	C	ט
4. Total eclipses of the moon are considerably rares	t than total eclips	es of the sun.
A B C D 5 According to Frond montal life is characterized l	hri intamal aar£l:	oto veho ono lamada.
5. According to Freud, mental life is characterized B	y internal confile	C D
unconscious.		

6. In 1729, Benjamin Flani	clin <u>published</u> the Pe	nnssylvania Gazette,	which soon became
	A		в с
the most <u>read widely</u> ne			
7. The first national known A B	male singers <u>of</u> pop C	oular music <u>appeared</u> D	during the 1920s.
8. Modern art bebgan in se	cond half of the 1800 A B	0s <u>after</u> the camera w C	as <u>invented</u> . D
9. Although polar bears hu	nt other animals, the	y <u>seldom</u> rarely <u>kill</u> p C D	people.
10. So smart she was that s	she <u>could</u> answer all C	the questions <u>in</u> the in D	nterview.
III. READING (5 points)			•
Activity 1: Read the passe best fits each of the blank		tter (A or B, C, D) ne	ext to the word that
best just cuert of the blank	FLOOD IN DOR	CHESTER	
and flooded a wide area. The main street was soon pump away the water, but Mrs Rose Willow, cottage, was trapped upsta her with ladders and a sn time," said Mrs Willow. afraid." The rain has finall	By nine o'clock the: (2) 3 fe heavy rain made the a (4) n hirs (5) 3 hall (6) "She (7) y stopped, the river	floods had reached the eet of water. Fire enging job very (3) early 80 years old as hours. Finally, firem "My cat, Tibbles, me a lot. She sat was level is falling and	eines arrived quickly to ind living alone in her men were able to rescue stayed with me all the rith me, so I didn't feel the weather forecast is
good. (8),	he floods have done	e a great deal of dan	nage. "Luckily, nobody
was (9) or	injured," Chief Fire	Office Hawkins (1	0) reporters,
"but it will take a long tim	e to clear up the mes	ss."	
1. A. their	B. its	C. his	D. her
2. A. over	B. under		D. between
3. A. gentle	B. hard	C. hardly	D. difficultly
4. A. girl	B. man	C. lady	D. child
5. A. for	B. during	C. while	D. through
6. A. ship	B. boat	C. liner	D. coach
7. A. worried	B. frightened	C. bored	D. helped
8. A. However	B. Consequently		D. Additionally
9. A. burnt	B. cut	C. scratched	D. drowned
10. A. said	B. asked	C. told	D. spoke
Activity 2: Read the text	-	_	uitable word.
	THE OLD		
There once was an old w	oman (1)	_ lived in a shoe. Th	is must have been very
cramped and difficult (2)	living	in a shoe is not very	y comfortable, I expect.
One day, she went out an	d there (3)	_ some children play	ying in the street nearby
where she lived. (4)	began shouting	ng at her. "You silly o	old woman, why do you
live in a shoe?", they sh	outed, and other thi	ngs like that. They	were very insulting (5)

I don't know why the old woman had to live in a shoe, but she (6) have been very poor, and it was not nice to (7) fun of the poor woman because she was so hard up that she had nowhere (8) to live. But children can be very cruel sometimes (9) this case wasn't an exception. However, on this occasion the old woman didn't just think their insults meekly, but became very angry and shouting "I will teach you a (10) ", she chased them with a cane.
Activity 3: Read the text below and decide if each statement is true or false. Write "T" next to the statement if you think it is true and "F" if you think it is false.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR PASSENGERS
Arrival When the plane lands, you are requested to keep your seat belt fastened until the light goes off and remain in your seat until the plane stops moving. This is for your own comfort and safety.
Leaving the airport If you are ending your journey at this airport, you should go up to the escalator to passport control and customs. If you are travelling further by rail or coach, you will find an information desk outside the customs hall as well as a bank where you can change money.
Catching another flight If you're planning to change planes, you should follow the signs to the waiting lounge, where you should check in and wait to board your connecting flight. There will be an announcement when your flight is due to take off. Our ground staff will be happy to help you.
Leaving the plane All passengers leaving the plane should make sure that they take everything with them. If you have checked in any luggage, you should remember to collect it from the baggage area inside the airport.
Continuing on this flight
We regret that passengers who are continuing their jouney on this flight may not get off the plane. You may not smoke while the plane is on the ground.
Thank you for flying with us. We hope to be able to welcome you on board again soon.
TRUE or FALSE?
 All passengers must leave the plane when it lands. Don't unfasten your seat belt until the light goes off. Passengers who are leaving the airport must first go to passport control. Passengers continuing another plane must go through customs. You can change money before you go to passport control. You must go up to the escalator to the wating lounge if you're changing planes. Passengers in the wating lounge will hear an announcement when their plane is ready to leave. No one is allowed to smoke on the plane when it is on the ground. According to the last paragragh, the plane is going on to another place. Passengers who are leaving the plane should check that they have not left anything behind.

Activity 4: Read the following passage and circle the letter A, B, C or D next to the best answer.

Langston Hughes was one of the greatest American writers of the twentieth century. He was born in Joplin, Missouri, and moved to Cleveland at the age of fourteen. Several years later he spent one year in Mexico before attending Columbia University in New York. For a few years after that he **roamed** the world as a seaman, visiting ports around the world and writing some poetry. He returned to the United States and attended Lincoln University, where he won the Witter Bynner Prize for undergraduate poetry. After graduating in 1928, he traveled to Spain and to Russia with the help of a Guggenheim fellowship.

His novels include Not Without Laughter (1930) and The Big Sea (1940). He wrote an autobiography in 1956 and also published several collections of poetry. The collections include The Weary Blues (1926), The Dream Keeper (1932), Shakespeare in Harlem (1942), Fields of Wonder (1947), One Way 15 Ticket (1947), and Selected Poems (1959). A man of many talents, Hughes was also a lyricist, librettist, and a journalist. As an older man in the 1960s he spent much of his time collecting poems from Africa and from African-Americans to popularize black writers. Hughes is one of the most accomplished writers in American 20 literary history, and he is seen as one of the artistic leaders of the Harlem Renaissance, the period when a neighborhood that was predominantly black produced a flood of great literature, music, and other art forms depicting daily city life for African-Americans.

1. What is the main top:	ic of this passage?		•
A. the life of Langsto	n Hughes	B. the Harlem Ren	aissance
C. African-American	writers	D. American twent	ieth-century writers
2. The word "roamed"	as used in line 4 is c	closest in meaning to which	ch of the following?
A. traveled	B. soared	C. floated	D. walked
3. According to the auth	hor, what did Hughe	s do during the later year	s of his life?
A. write short stories		B. popularize Afric D. write about life	can-American writers
C. advocate racial eq	uality	D. write about life	in Harlem
4. Which of the followi	ng could best replac	e the word "accomplishe	ed" as used in line 15°
A. imaginative	B. prolific	C. brilliant	D. successful
5. According to the pas	sage, Langston Hug	hes was all of the followi	ng EXCEPT
A. a novelist	B. a poet	C. a historian	D. a journalist
1. My mother bought m It's my mother	of the following set ce printed before it. ne a present on my b		at it means exactly given.
2. "Why don't we buy a			
John suggested			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3. There was such a friging immediately. The atmosphere		e in that house that we had	d to leave
		r he read the instruction.	
Having			
5. I did not realize wha			
Not until			•

can make all necessary changes and additions.	etter using the cues. Tou
Dear John,	
1. thank you / invite / me / dinner next weekend.	
2. I / be afraid / not able / come / Saturday.	•
3. but I be / free / following weekend.	
4. why / you call me / next few days ?	
5. look / see / you.	•
	Yours, Mary
Activity 3: Write a description of one of the popular celebrate Autumn Festival, National Independence Day, Teacher's Deschould write about 200 words.	ay, Women's Day, ect). You
	•••••
	•••••
	•
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HÉT	
8	•

SỞ GD&ĐT QUẢNG NINH

HƯỚNG DẪN CHÁM THI HỌC SINH GIỎI CẤP TỈNH LỚP 12 NĂM HỌC 2010 - 2011

ĐỀ CHÍNH CHỰC

Môn: Tiếng Anh (Bảng B)

		1,1011.	Tieng iini (Du	mg <i>D)</i>
I. LISTENING (4	,0 điểm)			
Activity 1: (1,5 điển	n). Mỗi câu đúi	ng 0,15 điểm.		
1. A	2. B	3. A	4.	С
5. A	6. C	7. B	8.	C
9. A	10. C			
Activity 2: (1,0 điển	n). Mỗi câu đúi	ng 0,2 điểm.		
1. B	2. B	3.A		
4. C	5. C			•
Activity 3: (1,5 điển	m). Mỗi câu đúi	ng 0,15 điểm.		
1. November 4th	2. 128	3. 862	4073	4. gift
5. cashier	6. French	7. mu	sic	8. swimming
9. sales manager	10. English			
II. GRAMMAR A	ND VOCABUL	ARY (6 points)	•	
Activity 1: (0,5 điển	m). Mỗi câu đúi	ng 0,1 điểm.		
1. D	2. A	3. B		
2. 4. C	5. D			
Activity 2: (0,5 điển	m). Mỗi câu đúi	ng 0,1 điểm.		
1. B	2. C	3. A		
4. D	5. A			
Activity 3: (1,5 điển	n). Mỗi câu đún	g 0,1 điểm.		
1. C	2. C	3. D	4. C	
5. B	6. B	7. D	8. A	
9. C	10. A	11. D	12. B	
13. A	14. A	15. B		•
Activity 4: (1,0 điển	m). Mỗi câu đúi	ng 0,1 điểm.		
1. hadn't broken	•	ill have been	3. will pos	t
4. was watching	5. ha	d washed	6. is	
7. have been running	g 8. to	buy		
9. are	_	o park		
Activity 5: (1,5 điển	n). Mỗi câu đúr	ng 0,15 điểm.		
	. informality	3. mountainous	4. attendance	5. uncomfortable
6. musicians 7	. reliable	8. poisonous	9. responsibility	10. enthusiasm
Activity 6: (1,0 điển	_	<u>-</u>	1	
	. B 4. D	5. C 6. D	7. B 8. A	9. C 10. B
III. READING (5,0) điểm)	•		
Activity 1: (1,0 điểi	<u>-</u>	ng 0,1 điểm.		
•	. B	3. B	4. C	5. A
	. D	8. A	9. D	10. C

Activity 2: (1,5	i điệm). Môi câu đúng	0,15 điêm.		
1. who	2. because/as/since	3. were	4. They	5. to
6. might/may	7. make	8. else	9. and	10. lesson
Activity 3: (1,5	điểm). Mỗi câu đúng	0,15 điểm.		
1. F	2. T	3. T	4. F	5. F
6. F	7. T	8. T	9. T	10. T
Activity 4: (1,0	diểm). Mỗi câu đúng	0,2 điểm.		
1. A	2. A	3. B	4. D	5. C

IV. WRITING (5,0 điểm)

Activity 1: (1,0 điểm). Mỗi câu đúng 0,2 điểm.

- 1. It's my mother that / who bought me a present on my birthday.
- 2. John suggested buying a new computer. that they should buy a new computer. that they buy a new computer.
- 3. The atmosphere in that house was so frightening that we had to leave immediately.
- 4. Having read the instruction, he snatched up the fire extinguisher.
- 5. Not until | I left home did I realize what he had meant. | I had left home did I realize what he had meant.

Activity 2: (1,0 điểm). Mỗi câu đúng 0,2 điểm.

- 1. Thank you for inviting me to dinner next weekend.
- 2. I am afraid (that) I shall not / will not be able to come on Saturday.
- 3. But I shall / will be free the following weekend.
- 4. Why don't you call me in the next few days?
- 5. I look forward to seeing you. / I am looking forward to seeing you.

Activity 3: (3,0 điểm)

Yêu cầu thí sinh viết thành một bài văn hoàn chỉnh gồm 3 phần:

- Phần mở bài cần nêu được 2 ý sau (0,5 điểm):
- +) Name of the celebration
- +) Time of the celebration
- Phần thân bài cần nêu được 2 nội dung sau (2,0 điểm):
- +) Purpose of the celebration
- +) Main activities of the celebration
- Phần kết luận cần nêu được nội dung sau (0,5 điểm):
- +) Feeling about the celebration and reason(s)

Nếu thí sinh viết đúng chủ đề; kết cấu chặt chẽ; ý tưởng rõ ràng, lô gíc; dùng từ chính xác, phù hợp; không quá ngắn (khoảng 200 từ) mới cho điểm tối đa.

Tổng số: 20 điểm
THE END

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO BÁC GIANG

ĐÈ CHÍNH THỨC

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI CẤP TỈNH NĂM HỌC 2010 - 2011 Môn thi: Tiếng Anh (Lớp 12) Ngày thi: 02 tháng 4 năm 2011 Thời gian làm bài: 180 phút

ÐIĖM	Bằng số:		Chữ ký	ý giám khảo 1	•		Số phách
BÀI THI	Bằng chữ:		Chữ ký	y giám khảo 2) .		
		_	•		_		
<u>LƯU Ý:</u>		rồm 04 trang, t h không được :					
SECTION	N A: PHONETI	CS (10 POINTS	١				
				ronounced di	fferently from	the others. (5 pts)	
1. A. re <u>s</u> u		B. statistics		C. position		D. designer	•
2. A. crite	eria	B. initiate		C. certificate		D. interactive	
3. A. ging	ger	B. gesture		C. gymnasiur	m	D. ghost	
4. A. t <u>ea</u> r	mmate	B. reading		C. seaside		D. creating	
5. A. crod	ok <u>ed</u>	B. nak <u>ed</u>		C. masked		D. needed	
	answers:	1	2	3	4		
II. Choos	e one word wh	ose stress patte					•
1. A. oce	anic	B. argument		C. temperatu	re	D. valuable	•
2. A. incr	edible	B. fortunately		C. astronomy	/	D. evaporate	
3. A. com		B. expensive		C. guarantee	!	D. successful	
4. A. voc	•	B. assistance	•	C. develop		D. evidence	
5. A. app		B. recognize		C. yesterday		D. curriculum	
	r answers:	1	2	3	4	5. <u></u>	
SECTIO	N B: GRAMMA	R & VOCABUL	ARY (40 F	POINTS)			
I. Comple	ete the followin	g sentences wit	th the con	rect form of the	e verbs in brac	kets. (10 <i>pt</i> s)	
			the last y	ear, so by the	time he (<i>retu</i>	rn) the month after	next, I (not see
	or fourteen mo						
		window and saw			າ.		
		ease) in number		€.			
		ear) when we ca					
7. The wo	oman (accuse)	of the killing sai	id that she	was at the cin	ema at the tim	e.	
8 - 9. Not	t until we (arriv	e) at his house v	ve (discov	/er) that he wa	s on holiday.	•	
10. After	(take) to the ho	ospital, the injure	ed victim fe	elt much better	yesterday.	Y	
Y	our answers:	1			6		••••
		2			7		••••
		3			8		••••
		4					
		5				•••••	
		swer to complet					
1. There	is a rumour tha	t the National Ba	ank is goin	g to th	e company I a	m working for.	
A. tal	ke on	B. take out of	1	C. take off		D. take over	
2. It woul	d be lovely if th	e children could B. if possible	see and,	, touch	the animals.		
						D. finally	
3	_ he failed in th	ne entrance exar	m caused	his family mucl	h sadness.	•	
A. W	hich	B. That		C. The thing		D. What	
4. Unless	you return mon	ey immediately, y	you will risk	being charged	theft a	and getting into serou	s trouble
A. on		B. with				D. for	
5. The old	d woman came	in, by a	young ma	an.			
A. ac	company	B. to be accor	mpanied	C. accompan		D. accompanied	
		ol sawi	n the news	spaper last mor	nth.	•	
A. ad	lvertised	B. advertising		C. be advertis		D. being advertise	d
		number;	I'd have p	honed him.		-	
A. oth	nerwise	B. so		C. therefore		D. unless	

o the two sisters, may is
A. Of/ the prettier B. Between/ the prettiest C. Of/ prettier D. Between/ the prettier
9. A: Do you think it will rain tonight? B: I am attending the evening class.
A. I don't hope so B. I hope so C. I hope not D. I am not hoping
10. Ninety the maximum length of time allowed for entrance exams to this school.
A. minute is B. minutes are C. minute are D. minutes is
A. minute is B. minutes are C. minute are D. minutes is Your answers: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
III. Read the text below. Give the correct form of the words in brackets. (10pts)
JUDO
Judo is a sport that has achieved great popularity in many parts of the world. It was (1. origin)
developed in Japan in the late 19th century based on ancient methods of self-defence. There
are two (2. fight) Although they use physical (3. violent) against
each other, they are respectful to their (4. oppose) and bow to each other before and after
each contest. Judo is an (5. expense) sport to take up because the only equipment you
need is the special loose-fitting suit. It is very suitable for (6. young) if they join a club where
the (7. instruct) are properly qualified and pay enough attention to safety. Although Judo
is a physically (8. demand) sport which requires a lot of (9. strong)
, practice, and skill, there are many people who find it (10. enjoy) as
a means of relaxation in their spare time.
IV. Find one mistake in each sentence below by choosing the letter A, B, C or D. (10 pts)
1. <u>Joel giving</u> up <u>smoking</u> has caused him to gain weight and become <u>irritable</u> with his acquaintances.
A B C D
2. There are many different ways of comparing the economy of one nation with those of another.
A B C D
3. George won't lend you any money as long as you promise to pay him back
3. George won't lend you any money as long as you promise to pay him back. A B C D
4. Having worked hard during the summer, his result was very successful in the entrance examination
A B C
5. Society will be having to change radically to keep pace with the technology available.
Δ R C D
6. It is necessary that he goes to see a doctor as soon as he returns from taking the exam.
A B C. D
7. The lion has long been a symbol of strength, power, and it is very cruel.
A B C
8. The Nobel Prize winning candidate, together with his wife and children, are staying in Sweden after
the presentation. A B C D
9. My brother composes not only the music, but also sings the songs for the major Broadway musicals.
A B C D
10. After driving for twenty miles, he suddenly realized that he has been driving in the wrong direction.
A B C D
Your answers: 1 2 3 4 5
Your answers: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
SECTION C: READING (30 POINTS)
I. Fill in each numbered space with ONE appropriate word. (10 pts)
TSUNAMI IN JAPAN
Japan's most powerful earthquake since records began has struck the north-east coast, triggering a
massive tsunami. Cars, ships and buildings were (1) away by a wall of water after the 8.9 - magnitude
tremor, which struck about 400 kms (250 miles) north-east of Tokyo. A state of emergency has been declared at a
nuclear power plant, (2) pressure has exceeded normal levels.
Officials say more than 10,000 people are dead and about 7,000 (3), but it is feared the final death
toll will be (4) higher. In one ward alone in Sendai, a port city in Miyagi prefecture, 200 to 300 bodies were
found.
"The quake has been the fifth-largest in the world (5) 1900 and nearly 8,000 (6) stronger
than the one which devastated Christchurch, New Zealand, last month", said scientists.
Thousands of people (7) near the Fukushima nuclear power plant have been ordered to evacuate.
Japanese nuclear officials said that pressure inside a boiling water reactor at the plant was running much higher
than normal after the cooling system failed. Officials said they might need to deliberately (s) some radioactive steam to relieve pressure, but
Officials said they might need to deliberately (8) some radioactive steam to relieve pressure, but that there would be no health risk.
THE STATE OF THE S

Trang 2

site But US officials I	or state miliary climb ater said (0)	coolant had been hand	od over because the	Japanese had decided to
handle the situation (10	0)	Coolant had been hand	ed over because the	Japanese had decided to
The UN's nucl	ear agency said four i	nuclear power plants had	t heen shut down safe	alv
Your answers	. *			•
1.	2	3. 4	5	•
6.	7.	8. 9.	10	
II. Read the passage	below and then choo	3 4. 8 9. ose the correct answer	A. B. C or D. (10nts)	
women nowada	ivs have more (1)	than those in the ba	ast for example our	' areat arandmothers were
not allowed to go to so	chool or to work to ea	arn their own living. (2)	, they had to	depend on their husbands
financially, Modern wo	men, on the contrary	, can get good education	n, have their own car	eers, and (3) their
interests. They can eve	en take good position	s in politics if they are c	ompetent (4)	it. However, women living
in our modern society	have their (5)	too. Today women wor	rk harder than their o	reat grandmothers so that
they can gain the (6)	between wo	rking life and family life	. Many people predi	ct that by 2032, most (7)
positions at we	ork will be taken by v	women. Then, it is poss	ible that women will l	have more (8) life
because, (9) in	a verv modern socie	tv. the women can't (10)	their role in th	e family
1. A. advances	B. advantages	C. benefits C. As a result	D. conve	niences
2. A. Therefore	B. However	C. As a result	D. Althou	gh
O. 71. pareae	D. SUDDOIL	C. DIUITOLE	D SHIDE	al ⊢
4. A. to	B. at	C. with	D. of	
5. A. obstacles	B. disputes	C. with C. profits	D. proble	ms
6. A. equality	B. stables	C. balance	D. steadi	ness
7. A. senior	B. junior	C. inferior	D. superi	or
8. A. sheltered	B. healthy	C. strenuous	D. active	
9. A. though	B. even	C. ever	D. never	
10. A. perform	B. adopt	C. fulfill	D. negled	t
Your answers:	1 2.	C. balance C. inferior C. strenuous C. ever C. fulfill 3 8	_ 4	5 10
10 D	6 7.	8	_ 9	10
m. Iveau me passage	DEIOM WING FIREIT CHO	oze ine conject suzmet	A. B. C OF D. 170 DE	3)
Wait Disney wa	as born in 1901 in Cr	icago, but soon moved	to a small farm near l	, Marceline, Missouri. From
this rural and rather h	iumble beginning, no	e later became one of	the most famous an	d beloved motion-picture
producers in history. A	Although he alea in	1966, his name and an	tistic legacy continue	to influence the lives of
millions of people throu			- 1	
Allei several)	years of Darely mak	ling ends meet as a d	artoon artist operatii	ng from his Los Angeles
decade he continued	s ilist success in 192	co, with his release of a	Mickey Mouse cart	oon. Throughout the next
creations such as Do	to produce a number	of cartoons, and devel	op more of his highly	profitable and enduring
hecame an instant con	maid Duck and Piulo.	. In the late 1930s, he	issued a full-length (cartoon film. Snow White
produced by Disney and	ninercial and chical s d bis studio	success. This was only t	ine tirst of many films	s, both animated and not,
		in for and and ma	edaa 14 ta uushuhti k	
enectacular amusemen	it and thoma narks	is for cartoons and mo	ivies, it is probably b	est known for a string of
fantastically successful	it and theme parks. The Dispersion World and Electrical Control of the Control of	Statung with California's	Disneyland in 1955	and culminating with the
vears the theme nark	concept became in	rcorcenter in rionua,	, Disney became a no	busehold name. In recent aris. With the continuing
success of Disney the	creation of future ther	ne park is under discuss	igs in Tokyo and P	ans, with the continuing
1. Which of the following	a is the title for the ne	ice hair is allact alscass	1011.	
A The history of Di	sney World and Disne	asaye: Avland R Walt Die	ney's Boyhood Years	
C. Walt Disney and	hie I enarv			
2 The word "humble" i	in hold in naradraph 1	is closest in meaning to	ney and Animated Ca	anoons
A. boring	B. shy			- AL.I
		C. simple complishments of Walt D	D. resp ionov?	ectrul
A. critical	R reenectful	U mpirannents of wall o	ent D. appr	a. in a
		t" in bold is closest in me	ant D. appr	oving
A. meeting persona	i y making enus mee I failura	P producio	aning to	•
C. not making much		D. producin	g only a few cartoons	.
		2 is closest in meaning t	w businesses.	
A. lasting	B. suffering	z is closest in meaning to C. famous		
6. The word "renowned	" in hold in naragraph	3 is closest in meaning	D. aimc	uil .
A. possessed	B. talked about	C. useful	D. well-	cnown
7. It can be inferred from			D. well-	MIOWII
	Disnev's most successf			

B. Disney created of			ovies.			
C. the Tokyo them						
D. the California th						
8. The word "concept"		aph 3 is closest i	n meaning to		— <u>`</u>	
A. idea			C. birth		D. demand	j .
9. According to the pas	ssage, which of th	ne following is TF	RUE?			
A. Disney's first acl	nieved success aft	er his death.	B. Mickey Mo			
C. Snow White wa	is the first full-leng	gth cartoon film.	D. Disney's	first conce	ern was alway	s profitability.
C. Snow White wa 10. In future years it is	most likely that	* \$18.2 ° \$1.0 °	v e e e e e			
A. the Disney nam	ne will stay well-k	nown.	B. Disney wi	ill produce	only cartoon	S.
C. the Paris theme			D. the remai	ining them	e parks will a	lso close
Your answers:	6	7	8.	9	5. 10)
SECTION D: WRITING	G (20 POINTS)	· · ——	·	· · ·		•
I. Finish the second	santanca sa that	it masne tha es	me se the fir	et one /1	() nte)	
1. Peter hasn't had hi	s hair out for over	: 3 months	anc us the in	ot one. (7	ο ρω,	
		-				
→ It is	lattan hafana luna	 L		••••••		****************************
2. I meant to post that	letter before lunc	Π.				
→ What		.,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
3. People will only bed						
→ Only if			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
4. Scientists have tried						
→ Enormous			•••••			
5. Success depends of	n hard work.					
→ The harder	**********************		•••••			***************************************
6. She thought it was	too difficult for her	r to finish the job	by lunchtime.			
→ She found						
7. They thought that the		und out the keys	accidentally			
→ The keys	io indio giri rida io	and out the keys	doordornany.			
8. Someone has sugg	ected aboliching i	noome tay	***************************************	••••••		***************************************
o. Someone has sugg	ested abolishing	income tax.				
 → It	A	المرين مة المائطة المائد				
9. It was wrong or you	to allow a 4-year	-old child to walk	nome alone.			
→ You should						
10. We were late for the						
→ But for						
					as similar as	s possible in meaning
to the original sent			the given wo	rd. <i>(5pts)</i>		
1. They decided to bu	ild a new school i	n this region.			SHOULD	•
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				***************************************
2. She got a scholarsh	nip as soon as she	e registered for t	ne training cou	irse.	SCARCELY	
	***************************************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•			***************************************
3. Flooding in this regi	ion was the result	of heavy rain			RESULTED	
		•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4. I don't like him beca	ause he boasts a			•••••	MOUTH	
7. 1 GOTT III GOOG	adde the boadto a					
5. The Embassy said	it would not be no			••••••	NEED	***************************************
J. THE LINDASSY SAID	it would not be ne	cessary for the t	o yet a visa.		NEED	
III. Complete the follow			la miran /F n4			***************************************
III. Complete the folio				S)		
1. Exercise / take regu	ılarıy / improves /	Titness / our bod	y / mina.			
2. Economic / reform /	one / most / imp	ortant / measure	/ take / promo	te / devel	opment / cour	itry
		•••••			•••••	
		•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
3. Sleep / next room /	boy / wakened / s	sound / breaking	glass.			
	-	•	•			
4. Never / put / tomorr	row / you / do / too					
1		•				
5. Many people / say	most / common	/ way / attract / s	omeone / atter			

		- TH	E END -			
		• • • •				

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO BÁC GIANG

ĐÈ CHINH THỰC

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI CẤP TỈNH NĂM HỌC 2010 - 2011

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh (Lớp 12) Ngày thi: 02 tháng 4 năm 2011 (Hướng dẫn này gồm 2 trang)

Tổng điểm: 100 điểm

SECTION A: PHONETICS (10 POINTS)

I. 5 pts (Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

- 1. B
- 2. B
- 3. D
- 4. D
- 5. C

II. 5 pts (Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D
- 5. D

SECTION B: GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY (40 POINTS)

I. 10 pts: (Mỗi động từ chia đúng 1 điểm)

- 1-2-3. has worked (has been working)/ returns/ won't (will not)have seen
- 4. was raining
- 5. are increasing
- 6. had disappeared
- 7. accused
- 8-9. arrived (had arrived)/ did we discover
- 10. Being taken

II. 10 pts (Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

- 1. D
- 2. B
- 3. B
- 4. B
- 5. D

- 6. A
- 7. A
- 8. A
- 9. C
- 10. D

III. 10 pts (Mỗi từ đúng 1 điểm)

1. originally

10. enjoyable

- 2. fighters
- 3. violence
- 4. opponent
- 5. inexpensive

- 6. youngsters/ youths
- 7. instructors
- 8. demanding
- 9. strength

IV. 10 pts (Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

- 1. A
- 2. C
- 3. B
- 4. C
- 5. B

- 6. B 7. D
- 8. C
- 9. A
- 10. C

SECTION C: READING (30 POINTS)

I. 10 pts (Mỗi từ điền đúng cho 1 điểm)

- 1. swept
- 2. where
- 3. missing
- 4. much/far
- 5. since

- 6. times
- 7. living
- 8. release
- 9. no
- 10. themselves

II. 10 pts (Mỗi câu chọn đúng cho 1 điểm)

1.B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. D 6. C 7. A 8. C 9. B 10. D

III. 10 pts (Mỗi câu chọn đúng cho 1 điểm)

1. C 2. C 3. D 4. C 5. A 6. D 7. B 8. A 9. C 10. A

SECTION D: WRITING (20 POINTS)

I. 10 pts (Mỗi câu viết đúng cho 1 điểm)

- 1. It is over 3 months since Peter (last) had his hair cut.
- 2. What I meant (to do) was to post that letter before lunch.
- 3. Only if you increase the publicity will people become aware of the problem.
- 4. Enormous efforts/attempts have been made by scientists to find a cure for AIDS.
- 5. The harder you work, the more successful you are / will be.
- 6. She found it too difficult to finish the job by lunchtime.
- 7. The keys were thought to have been found out accidentally by the little girl.
- -8. It has been suggested that income tax (should) be abolished.
- 9. You should not have allowed a four-year-old child to walk home alone.
- 10. But for the heavy rain, we would not have been late for the meeting/ would have been in time for the meeting
 - But for the fact that it rained heavily, we would not have been late for the meeting.

II. (5pts) (Mỗi câu viết đúng cho 1 điểm)

- 1. They decided that a new school should be built in this region (by them)
- 2. Scarcely had she registered for the training course when/before she got a scholarship.
- 3. The heavy rain resulted in flooding in this region.
- 4. I don't like him because he has a big mouth.
- 5. The Embassy said (that) I didn't need to get a visa.

 The Embassy said (that) there was no need for me to get a visa.

III. 5 pts (Mỗi câu viết đúng cho 1 điểm)

- 1. Exercise (which is) taken regularly improves the fitness of our body and mind.
- 2. Economic reforms is one of the most important measures to be taken/ (which is) taken/ to promote the development of a country.
- 3. Sleeping in the next room, the boy was wakened by the sound of breaking glass.
- 4. Never put off until tomorrow what you can do today.
- 5. Many people say (that) the most common way of attracting/ to attract someone's attention is by waving.

- THE END -

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO BÁC GIANG

ĐÈ CHÍNH THỰC

KỲ THI CHON HỌC SINH GIỚI CẤP TỈNH NĂM HỌC 2011 - 2012 Môn thi: Tiếng Anh (Lớp 12) Ngày thi: 01 tháng 4 năm 2012 Thời gian làm bài: 180 phút

LI THI	Bằng chữ:	Chữ l	ký giám khảo 2:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
LUU Ý:			làm bài trực tiếp vào g bất cứ tài liệu nào k		
SECTION A	A: PHONETIC	S (10 POINTS)			
. Choose o	ne word who	se <u>underlined part</u> is	pronounced differently	from the others. (5 pts)
. A. oppg	nent	B. compose	C. podium C. optimistic	D. advocate	
2. A. re <u>s</u> ei	ve .	B. domestic	C. optimistic	D. nursery	
3. A. both		B. cloth	C. ghost	D. sold	
. A. exan	nine	B. determine	C. fam <u>ine</u>	D. d <u>ine</u>	
. A. sacre	<u>ed</u>	B. decided	C. contaminated	D. watered	
Your a	nswers: 1	2	C. contaminat <u>ed</u> 3	4 5	
. Choose	one word who	ose stress pattern is	different from the other	s. (5 <i>pts</i>)	
			C. nursery		
. A. bewi	lder	B. audience	C. benefit	D. dedicate	
. A. pess	imistic	B. university	C. epidemic	D. particular	
. A. tsuna	ami	B. terrorist	C. epidemic C. involvement	D. disaster	
. A. proce	essor	B. windsurfing	C. involvement C. semester	D. challenger	
Your a	nswers: 1	. 2.	3	4 5.	
		& VOCABULARY (40		··	
		er to complete the se		•	
. According	to the boss.	John is the most	_ for the position of exec	cutive secretary	
A. supp	ortive	B. caring	C. suitable	D. comfortable	•
		with excitement.		D. Commentable	
A. wild		B. wildly	C. wildemess	D wildlife	
			r put the company in a v		
A. weak	(.	B. unsteady	C. vulnerable	D. collapsed	
. David: W	ould vou like fi	sh or meat? Mary: I	fish, please.		
A. woul	d rather	B. would prefer	C. suppose	D. believe	
. Many tee	nagers shows	signs of anxiety and	when being asked	shout their future	
A. depre	ess	B depression	C. depressed	D. depressing	
		ne the number		D. depressing	
A. in	o a mago acom	B. for		D. out	
	VOU	- · · • ·	den until the weather imp		
A. don't	make	B. didn't do	C. don't do	D. didn't make	
A part – t	ime ich aives :	ne the freedom to	my own interests.	D. Gidii i iliane	
A pursi	ie ie	B. chase	C. seek	D. catch	
			ve the traffic problems in		
A. desid	in		C. construction	D. work	
		y house you have!"	- Mary: *"	D. WOIN	
A. Love	lv. I think so	, jou nator	B. Thank you Hone	e vou will drop in	
C. Of co	ourse not, it's r	not costly	B. Thank you. Hope D. No problem	, jou wai diop at	
Your ar	swers: 1	2	3	4 5	
	A	7	<u> </u>	4 5 9 10	

2. Up to now, nothing (do) to solve their problem.	⇒		
3. He suggested that his son (be) on time for the interview.	⇨		
4. Tom will come home as soon as he (finish) his test.	Þ		
5. ASEAN (found) in 1967 in Bangkok, Thai land.	₽		
6. In times of war, the Red Cross (dedicate) to reducing the sufferings of			
wounded soldiers, civilians, and prisoners of war.			
7. Hardly our teacher (enter) the classroom when it started to rain.	⇒		
8. In a few minutes' time, when the clock strikes six, I (wait) for you here.	⇒		
9-10. Living in a fast-paced and mobile society (create) family stresses	₽		
that (not imagine) by our great grandparents.	₽		
III. Give the correct form of the words in brackets. (10pts)			
The main goals of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations are to promo	ote peace and		
in the region.		(STABLE)	
2. On my salary, we have to live as as possible.		(ECONOMY)	
Different conservation efforts have been made in order to save	species.		
4. The security of the earth can be threatened by grou		(TERROR)	
5. It is reported that humans are the main reason for most species' declines a		(12:01)	
o, it is reported that humans are the main reason or most species decimes t	and nabitat	(DESTROY)	
6. He resigned for a of reasons.		(VARIOUS)	
7. I don't care if you had had too much to drink. Your behaviour last night was		(DEFEND)	
		(OBEY)	
8. Her son is always mischievous and, which annoys 9. The Americans are much more concerned than the Indians and the Chines	es with physical	(ODL1)	
when choosing a wife or a husband.	se with physical	(ATTRACT)	
		(PREDICT)	
10. You can never be sure what my sister is going to do. She is so		(FREDICT)	
IV. Find one mistake in each sentence below by choosing the letter A, B		dina	
1. Although to some people reading is a favourite way to spend time, but other	<u>ieai</u> D	uirig.	
2. If a species does not have the natural genetic protection against particular	dispasses an introduc	ed disease ran	
2. <u>π</u> a species <u>does not mave</u> the hattiral genetic protection against particular Δ R	C.	ca discase ball	
have severely effects on that species.	•		
D			
3. I believe that only very self-confident, knowledge and attentive students wi	Il prefer 100% of eve	contact time.	
A B	C	D.	
4. It is <u>likely</u> that <u>all people</u> in Hanoi <u>live in</u> skyscrapers <u>by</u> 2050.		- .	
A B C D			
5. In 1961, America's first manned spacecraft launched.			
A B C D			
6. Do you really think that candidate is qualify to be President?			
A B C D			
7. Of the more than 1,300 volcanoes in the world, only about 600 can classify	y as <u>active</u> .		
A B C	. D		
8. It is <u>important</u> that cancer <u>is diagnosed</u> and treated <u>as early as possible</u> in	order to assure a succ	cessful cure.	
A B (C	D		
9. It took <u>us</u> quite <u>a long time</u> to get <u>here</u> . It was <u>a three-hours</u> journey. A B C D			
•			
10. Married women are twice so likely as married men to be depressed.			
A B C D	,		
Your answers: 1 2 3 6 7 8	4 5	 .	
	9 10		
SECTION C: READING (30 POINTS)			
I. Fill in each numbered space with ONE appropriate word. (10 pts)	odor of North Koron (4)		
Kim Jong-il (16th February 1941 - 17th December 2011) was the supreme lea	ager of North Norea (1)		
1994 to 2011. Kim Jong il died (2) a suspected heart (3)	on 17th	December 2011	
Kim Jong-il died (2) a suspected heart (3) while traveling by train to an area outside Pyongyang. He was succeeded			
while traveling by train to an area outside Pyongyang. He was succeeded was considered by the Korean Central News Agence			
Successor". The Korean Central News Agency reported that during his dea	th a fierce enowetorn	nauged and the	
ouccessor. The notean obtilial news Agency reputed that during his dea	iai, a licioc silowstolli	i pauseu anu inc	

		Paektu. The	e ice on a famous lake	e also cracked so loud, it seemed to shake
the Heavens and the Ea	記[[]. -1.41.70)			and the second s
ram Jong-II's Tunera	ai took (6)	day 0-	on December 28	th in Pyongyang, with a mourning period was immediately put on alert after the
lasting until the (/)	41	_ cay. So	uth Korea's military	was immediately put on alert after the
announcement. Asian s	tock markets tell :	soon after t	ne announcement, du	e to similar concerns.
(8)	January 12 th	, 2012 North	n Korea called Kim Jor	ng-il the "eternal leader" and announced tha umsusan Memorial Palace. Officials will also
his (9)	_ will be preserved	d and displa	yed at Pyongyang's Kı	umsusan Memorial Palace. Officials will also
install statues, portraits, a	and "towers to his	immortality	' across the country. H	is (10) of February 16 ^t
has been declared "the g	reatest auspicious	s holiday of t	the nation", and has be	en named the Day of the Shining Star.
il. Read the passage b				
Do you ever wish	you were more	optimistic,	someone who alway	ys (1) to be successful? Having
someone around who a	lways (2)	the worst i	sn't really a lot of (3)	– we all know someone who see
a single cloud on a sun	ny day and says,	'It looks (4)	rain.' But if y	ou catch yourself thinking such things, it's
important to do somethi				
You can change yo	our view of life, (6	s) to	o psychologists. It onl	ly takes a little effort, and you will find life
				elf-respect and confidence, but it's also a
				are more (9) to start new projects
and are generally more	prepared to take	risks.		• •
Upbringing is obviou	usly very importar	nt in forming	your (10) to	the world. Some people are brought up to
(11) too much o	on others and grow	w up foreve	r blaming other people	e when anything (12) wrong. Mos
optimists, on the (13)	hand, have	e been brou	ught up not to (14)	failure as the end of the world- the
iust (15) with the	eir lives.			
1. A. counted	B. expected	C.	felt	D. waited
2. A. worries			fears	D. doubts
3 A amusement	P play	^	enjoyment	D. fun
4. A. so	B. to	C.	for	D like
4. A. so 5. A. with 6. A. judging 7. A. result 8. A. supply	B. against	C.	about concerning purpose offer	D. over
6. A. judaina	B. according	C.	concerning	D. following
7. A. result	B. reason	C.	purpose	D. product
8. A. supply	B. suggest	C.	offer	D. propose
9. A. possible	B. likely	Č.	hopeful	D. welcome
10. A. opinion	B. attitude	Ċ.	view	D. position
11. A. trust	B. believe	Ċ.	depend	D. hope
12. A. goes	B. fails		comes	D. turns
13. A. opposite	B. next		other	D. far
14. A. regard	R recent	_	CUDDOCO	D think
15. A. get up	B. get on	C.	get out	D. get over
Your answers:	1.	2	3	4 5
	6.	7.	8.	9. 10.
	11.	12.	get out - 3 - 8 _ 13	4 5 9 10 14 15
III. Read the passage b	pelow and then o	hoose the	correct answer A R	C or D. (5pts)
				e tropical Atlantic and Caribbean seas. O

In the second half of each year, many powerful storms are born in the tropical Atlantic and Caribbean seas. Of these, only about half a dozen become the strong, circling winds of 74 miles per hour or more that are called hurricanes, and several usually make their way to the coast. There they cause millions of dollars of damage, and bring death to large numbers of people.

The great storms that hit the coast start as soft circling wind hundreds - even thousands - of miles out to sea. As they travel aimlessly over water warmed by the summer sun, they are carried westward by the southeast winds. When conditions are just right, warm moist air flows in at the bottom of such a wind, moves upward through it and comes out at the top. In the process, the moisture in this warm air produces rain, and with it, the heat is changed to energy in the form of strong winds. As the heat increases, the young hurricane begins to move counter clockwise motion.

The life of a hurricane is only about nine days, but it contains almost more power than we can imagine. The energy in the heat released by a hurricane's rainfall in a single day would satisfy the entire electrical needs of the United States for more than six months. Water, not wind, is the main source of death and destruction in a hurricane. A typical hurricane brings 6 to 12 inches <u>downpour</u>, causing sudden floods. Worst of all is the powerful movement of the sea – the mountains of water moving toward the hurricane center. The water level rises as much as 15 feet above normal as it moves toward shore.

- 1. When is an ordinary tropical storm called a hurricane?
 - A. When it begins in the Atlantic and Caribbean seas.
- B. When its winds reach 74 miles per hour.
- C. When it is more than 74 miles wide.
- D. When it hits the Coastline.

2. What is the worst thing about hurncanes?		
A. The terrible effects of water.	B. The heat they give off.	
C. That they last about nine days.	D. Their strong winds.	
3. Here the underlined word "downpour" means		
A. heavy rainfall	B. dangerous waves	
C. the progress of water to the hurricane center	D. the increasing heat	
4. Which of the following statements about a hurricane is		-
A. It travels more than 75 miles per hour.	B. It usually stays about nine days.	
C. It usually causes 6 to 12 inches downpour.	D. It sometimes brings the sea water level to the I	neight of 15 feet.
5. Hurricanes often cause?		
A. a lot of damage	B. sudden floods	
C. death to large numbers of people	D. All are correct	
A. a lot of damage C. death to large numbers of people Your answers: 1 2	3 5	
SECTION D: WRITING (20 POINTS)		
I. Finish the second sentence so that it means the sa	ne as the first one. <i>(10 pts)</i>	
1. We couldn't relax until all the guests had gone home.		
⇒ Only		
2. House prices have risen sharply this year.	·	
⇒ There has	••••••	
3. The only reason the party was a success was that a fa	mous film star attended.	
⇒ Had it not		
4. Would you mind not smoking in my house?	•	
⇒ I'd rather		
5. His second attempt on the world record was successful	l .	
⇒ He broke		
6. I write to him almost every day.		
⇒ Hardly		
7. Experts think that all dogs evolved from wolves.		
⇒ All dogs are		•
8. Don't go to lunch until you have typed all these letters.		•••••••
⇒ Make sure you finish		
9. The northwest of Britain has more rain each year than	the southeast	
⇒ The annual		
10. Henry regretted buying the second-hand car.		•••••••
⇒ Henry wishes		
II. Use the given word to write the second sentence	e in such a way that it is as similar:	as nossible in
meaning to the original sentence. Do not change the		as possible iii
The two theories appear to be completely different.	COMMON	
⇒		
His rude behaviour is too much for me.	PUT	
2. I find his handwriting year, hard to road	DIEEIOU TV	•••••••
3. I find his handwriting very hard to read.	DIFFICULTY	
4 No decorate an annual decorate decora	AIPTURD	
4. He doesn't have money to go on holiday. He doesn't h		
5 V-116-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11		
5. You'd feel better if you had a quiet holiday.	DO	
D		***************************************
III. Complete the following sentences, using the word	s given <i>. (5 pts)</i>	
Mother/ take/ responsibility/ run/ household.		
2. ASEAN / have/ population/ 575.5 million/ account/ 8.7	%/ the world's population.	
3. It/ not/ until/ Einstein/ eight/ he/ can/ speak.		
₽		
4. Defensive players / not/ allow/ interfere/ opponent's mo		
>		
5. Never/ stop/ try/ you/ get/ right solution/ problem.		
D		

- THE END -

SỞ GD&ĐT BẮC GIANG

ĐÈ CHINH THỨC

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM ĐỀ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI CẤP TỈNH NĂM HỌC 2011 - 2012

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh (Lớp 12) Ngày thi: 01 tháng 4 năm 2012 (Hướng dẫn này gồm 2 trang)

(Tổng điểm: 100 điểm)

SECTION A: PHONETICS (10 POINTS)

I. 5 pts: (Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

- 1. D
- 2. A
- 3. B
- 4. D
- 5. D

II. 5 pts: (Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

- 1. B
- 2. A
- 3. D
- 4. B
- 5. C

SECTION B: GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY (40 POINTS)

I. 10 pts: (Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

- 1. C
- 2. A
- 3. C
- 4. B
- 5. B

- 6. A
- 7. B
- 8. A
- 9. C
- 10. B

II. 10 pts: (Mỗi động từ chia đúng 1 điểm)

1. has come

6. is dedicated

2. has been done

7. had our teacher entered

3. (should) be

8. will be waiting

4. has finished

9. has created

5. was founded

10. couldn't have been imagined

III. 10 pts (Mỗi từ đúng 1 điểm)

1. stability

6. variety

2. economically

7. indefensible

3. endangered

8. disobedient

4. terrorist

9. attractiveness

5. destruction

10. unpredictable

IV. 10 pts (Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

- 1. C
- 2. D
- 3. B
- 4. C
- 5. D

- 6. C 7. C
- 8. B
- 9. D
- 10. B

SECTION C: READING (30 POINTS)

I. 10 pts: (Mỗi từ điền đúng cho 1 điểm)

- 1. from
- 2. of
- 3. attack
- 4. who
- 5. as

- 6. place
- 7. following/next 8. On
- 9.body
- 10. birthday

II. 10 pts: (Mỗi câu chọn đúng cho 1 điểm)

1. B	2. C	3. D	4. D	5. C
6. B	7. A	8. C	9. B	10. B
11. C	12. A	13. C	14. A	15. B

III. 10 pts: (Mỗi câu chọn đúng cho 1 điểm)

1. B 2. A 3. A 4. D 5. D

SECTION D: WRITING (20 POINTS)

I. 10 pts: (Mỗi câu viết đúng cho 1 điểm)

- 1. Only after/ when all the guests had gone (home) could we/ were we able to relax.
- 2. There has been a sharp increase/ rise in (the) house prices this year.
- 3. Had it not been for the attendance / presence/ appearance of a famous film star the party would not have been a success/ would have been a failure.
- 4. I'd rather you didn't smoke in my house.
- 5. He broke the world record at/ on his second attempt.
- 6. Hardly a day passes/ goes by without me/ my writing to him/ but I write to him/ when I don't write to him.
- 7. All dogs are thought to have evolved from wolves.
- 8. Make sure you finish (typing) all these letters before going/you go to lunch.
- 9. The annual rainfall in/ for the northwest of Britain is higher/ greater than (that in) the southeast.
 - The annual rainfall in/ for the southeast of Britain is lower/ less than (that in) the northwest.
- 10. Henry wishes (that) he hadn't bought the second hand car.

II. (5pts): (Mỗi câu viết đúng cho 1 điểm)

- 1. The two theories (appear to) have (got) nothing in common.
- 2. I can't/ won't put up with his rude behaviour.
- 3. I have (considerable) difficulty (in) reading his hand writing
- 4. He has neither money nor time to go on holiday.
- 5. A quiet holiday would do you good.

III. 5 pts: (Mỗi câu viết đúng cho 1 điểm)

- 1. My mother takes the responsibility for running the household.
- 2. ASEAN has a population of 575.5 million, accounting for (about) 8.7 % of the world's population.
- 3. It was not until Einstein was eight that he could speak.
- 4. Defensive players aren't allowed to interfere with the opponent's movements unless the (that) player is holding the ball.
- 5. Never stop trying until/ till you get the right solution to the problem.

- THE END -

BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỰC

KỲ THI CHON HỌC SINH GIỚI QUỐC GIA LỚP 12 THPT NĂM 2011

Môn thi:

TIÉNG ANH

Thời gian thi:

180 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề)

Ngày thi:

11/01/2011 Đề thi có: 10 trang

Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu, kể cả từ điển.

• Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

SÓ F	HÁC	Н		

I. LISTENING (4/20 points)

HƯỚNG DẪN PHÀN THI NGHE HIỆU

- Bài nghe gồm 3 phần, mỗi phần được nghe 2 lần, mỗi lần cách nhau 15 giây, mở đầu và kết thúc mỗi phần nghe có tín hiệu.
- Mở đầu và kết thúc bài nghe có tín hiệu nhạc. Thí sinh có 3 phút để hoàn chỉnh bài trước tín hiệu nhạc kết thúc bài nghe.
- Mọi hướng dẫn cho thí sinh (bằng tiếng Anh) đã có trong bài nghe.

Part 1: A VOA reporter is hosting a discu to the discussion and circle	ssion of a research report on ho the correct answer (A, B, C		
1. This coming Saturday will be ma	rked as		
•	B. UN's Nutrition Day	C. World's Food Day	D. UN's Agriculture Day
2. It is aimed to push forward a prog	•		, are reguerated buy
A. fight terrorism	B. alleviate hunger	C. investigate hunger	D. eliminate hunger
3. The findings have revealed that e	early childhood is also the cri		
A. violence	B. terrorism	C. sexism	D. poverty
Experts have concluded that unimpacts.	ndernourishment between c	onception and can h	nave a serious and lasting
A. one's third birthday	B. one's second birthday	C. one's first birthday	D. one's fifth birthday
5. Undernourished children are like	ly to get and are likely	to get sick and die.	
A. physically stunted	B. mentally retarded	C. emotionally problemat	ic D. physically incapable
6. According to the report, a nation'	s productivity of future gener	ations largely depends on th	e
A. natural environment		•	
C. first 1,000 days of life	D. health services		
7. Damages after the critical time is			
A. highly irreversible		C. difficult to overcome	D. highly reserved
8. Who should be "on board" with n		ct a success?	
A. Professionals.	B. Statesmen.	C. Executives.	D. Politicians.
9. In the 1980's, Thailand sent its vo			
	B. foods and nutrients		
10. Many major donors and the Uni			
A. pregnant women	B. working parents	C. breastfeeding mothers	D. low-income parents
Part 2: Listen to a radio interview with a v	olcanologist and circle the corre	ct answer (A, B, C, or D) to each	of the
following questions.			
11. What the scientist finds the mos	t amazing about volcanoes i	s the fact that	
	nber of people very quickly		will erupt
C. volcanoes have enorme		D. their eruptions are high	
12. How powerful is a volcanic erup	tion as described in the expe		••
A. It can burn out a village	-	B. It can clean a village wi	thin seconds.
C. It can wipe out a village	within seconds.	D. It can bury a village with	
13. The old assumption that the mo			
A. has never been tested	·	B. has been tested only re	ecently
C. is based on old-time leg	gends	D. is a classical myth	•
14. What gives rise to the old idea of			t when
A. the moon comes down		. B. there is a new moon	
C. there is a full moon		D. the moon is high in the	sky
15. Mount Etna is nicknamed *a	giant".	-	· · ·

B. hostile

A. friendly

C. unfriendly

D. dangerous

16. Mount Etna is so nicknamed because		
A. its cone is a playground	B. its lava cools down very fo	ast
C. its cone is narrow 17. For 3,000 years, Mount Etna has killed peop	D. its lava moves slowly	
A. 73 B. 69 C. 3,000	D. 4,000	
18. How many people were killed by Mount Etna in 166		
A. 69 deaths were recorded.	B. 73 deaths were recorded	
	D. 3,000 deaths were record	ded.
19. A new volcano may be formed when	C. lava cools down	D. a cone explodes
A. lava flows fast B. a cone closes up 20. Mount Fuji in Japan is the volcano on that s		B. a conc exploses
A. 2 nd B. 1 st C. 3 rd	D. 4 th	
21. How large is the number of visitors visiting Mount F	uji every year?	
A. 4,000 people. B. 400,000 people.		D. 400 people.
22. The word "volcano" comes from Italian meaning "_		ntain D. a forming mountair
A. a burnt mountain B. a falling moun 23. The first volcano to have the name "Vulcanus" was		italii D. a lominig mountaii
A. Vesuvius B. Mount Etna	C. Mount Fuji	D. Vesuvius and Etna
24. The Romans gave the Mount the name because the	ney thought it was the	of the God of Fire Vulcanus.
A. den B. home C. cave		
25. According to the expert, volcanoes		
A. have more than one cone	B. are all famous tourist site	98
C. will all become extinct	D. are always changing	
Part 3: A new student took notes of the introduction some details. Listen to the man introducing his information for her. • Department: short history, founded: (26)	s department and supply the	blanks with missing
size of first intake of undergraduates: (27)		-
number of students on a taught M.A. course:	(28)	
number of part-time lecturers: (29)		
percentage of students from outside the cour		
English level requirements for students from		
students from outside the country get help from		
Department's external links: (33)		
series of workshops built with: (34)		
•		
modern printing highly technological	e Personal de la companya de la compa	
all students have to be: (35)		
 despite being a modem department, it is als 	o interested in: (36)	
 main work of Department: (37) teaching 		•
former students employed as: (38)	conse	ervationists
Dr Yu, expert on early Chinese manuscript a	nd: (39)	
 post-graduate research students should app 	oly: (40)	·
II. LEXICO- GRAMMAR (5/20 points)		
Part 1: Choose the word or phrase that best completes numbered box.	s each sentence. Write your ar	nswer (A, B, C, or D) in the
41. He was so in the book that he did not hea		
A. distracted B. engrossed	C. gripped	D. attracted
42. I felt that he lacked the to pursue a difficul		D. commitment
A. persuasion B. obligation 43. The government decided to down on income	C. engagement ome tax evasion	D. William Chit
A. press B. crack	C. push	D. snap
44. Check the apparatus carefully to make sure it has	•	
A broken into B tempered wit	h C. touched up	D. taken out

45. We believe that the	e cumulative effects of re	newed prosperity will	expectations.	
A. overcome			surpass	D. succeed
46. John's got very	feelings about taki	ng on more responsibilit	y at the moment.	
A. puzzled	B. mixed	C.j	umbled	D. muddled
47. The college will so	on be ready to	candidates for new cours	ses.	
A. enrol	B. involv	re C. c	call	D. recall
	everyone had to		·	
A. trudge	B. tread		race	D. trickle
•	ed that unless immediate	action was taken to disc	ipline the crew, there cou	on the
ship. A. riot	B. rebell	lian C r	m, dia,	D. strike
	her lack of experie		nutiny	D. Strike
A. makes up		12.4	nakes out at	D. makes up
Your answers:				•
41.	42.	43.	44.	45.
46.	47.	48.	49.	50.
	1			
• • • • •	elow contains 10 mistak			ct forms in the
space provide	ed in the column on the	right. (0) has been done	e as an example.	
A feminine is a perso	n, usually a woman, who	believes that women s	hould be regarded as	0. feminine feminist
equally to men. She,	or he, deplores discrir	mination against wome	n in the home, place	of 51
work or anywhere, and	d her principle enemy is t	the male chauvinist, who	believes that men	52.
are naturally super. 1	Fired of being referred	to as "the weaker sex	, women are becomin	9 53.
more and more militan	ncy and are winning the a	age-old battle of the sex	es. They are sick to	54
death of sexy jokes wh	nich poke fun at women.	They are no longer cont	ent to be regarded as	l l
second-class citižens i	in terms of economic, pol	litical and social status. I	They criticize beauty	55
contests and the use of	f glamour female models	s in advertisements whic	h they describe as	56
the exploit of female be	eauty, since women in th	ese situations were rep	resented as mere sex	57
objects. We no longe	er live in the male-dom	inate societies of the p	past. Let us hope,	58
moreover, that the re	volution stops before v	ve have a boring world	d in which sex doesn't	1
make much difference	. We already have unise	ex hairdressers and fash	nions. What next?	60
Part 3: Write the correct F	ORM of each bracketed wo	rd in the numbered space p	rovided in the column on th	•
right. (0) has i	been done as an examp	le.		
A live broadcast of a	any public event, such	as a snace (A)	(FLY) or sporting	0flight
	61) (VARIABLE			
). This may be on te			61
	. The technique involve	•	•	62
two media, with rac	dio broadcasters need	ling to be more expl	icit and (64)	63
	of the absence of vis			
	e for their audience; inste ages that are already t			64
	mentary, although thes			65
	nmentators should try to t			66
(67)(OPINIO	N). In sports commentar	ies, fairness and (68) _	(IMPART) to	67
	ut spontaneity and enth		-	
	mentators usually broad		•	68
	fer to previously prepar		•	69
	(PREDICT) na nternet has helped enom		• • •	70
	g a commentator should			70.
	to work irregular hours, a		(0.10.1102)	

Part 4: Complete each sentence with the correct form of ONE of the two-word verbs below. Write your answer in the numbered box. Each verb is used only once.

bring out	close down	make up to	sift through	check over
lay down	go round	sit on	work out	do with

71.	Business was so	bad that they h	ad to	two fa	ctories.				
72.	Next year, we into	end tos	several nev	w product	s. But at the m	oment, we are s	still testing th	em.	
	The operator mo								
	Calculations which								
	You give the com				the data for y	ou until it finds t	he information	on you need.	
	People only				_				
	Hemy le			n't he ansi	wer it?				
	This car could				-				
	There should be	•	-	<u>.</u> .					
80.	It is quite clearly	that onl	y amateur	s can take	part.				
Your	nswers:								
71.		72.		73.	•	74.		75.	
76.		77.		78.		79.		80.	·
			J						·
Part 5:	Fill each gap in the	_			•				
	word only ONCE outnumber the	-	answer in t	he numbe	red box. (Pleas	e note that the g	iven words		
	after	at	back		through		Turida		
	forward	off	out		through over	across	with		
	TOTAL	1 011	Out		Ovei	up	for		
	received the new								
	le felt nervous be								
	fly group and you				-	•	'.		
	Vhen he married								
85. Y	ou can't sit	and do nothi	ing like tha	t while mu	ich remains to	be done.			
	he favourable we								
87. V	Ve won't watch th	at programme	if the televi	ision is pla	ying	again.			
88. V	Ve made	that we had for	gotten Jar	e's birthd	ay, though it w	as not true.			
89. V	Ve had to sit	nearly two l	nours of sp	eeches.					
90. V	Ve're both going	the san	ne job.						
Your a	nswers:			·					
81.		82.		83.	····	84.		85.	
86.		87.		88.		89.		90.	
III. REA	ADING (5/20 poin	its)							
		• *	d td d. t.	.	(A. D. O D)		147 %		
Part 1:	Read the followin		Decide Whic	n answer	(A, B, C, or D)	best fits each gi	ap. Write you	r	
	answer in the r	umbered box.							
Th	ere is no doubt a	t all that the inte	emet has r	nade a hu	ge difference	to our lives. How	vever, most j	parents worry	that
	hildren spend too								
	heir spare time. Nat								9
	eir children spen							,	
	•			nibuler sc	reen?				
	oviously, if childre	en spend too	much time			name instead		eir homewo	rk then
	oviously, if children hing is wrong. It is			(93)	in some		of doing th		
	hing is wrong. It is	a good idea if p	arents and	e (93) I children (in some	er how much use	of doing the	94) of	the
	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child st	a good idea if p nould (95)	arents and that it w	e (93) I children o on't interfe	in some	er how much use	of doing the	94) of	the
arrang	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child st ement, parents c	a good idea if p nould (95) an take more d	arents and that it w lrastic (97)	e (93) I children (on't interfe	in some decide togethere with homeware	er how much use vork. If the child (of doing the should be (96)	94) of) to th	the is
arrang An	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child st ement, parents o y parent who is (a good idea if p nould (95) an take more d 98) ala	arents and that it w lrastic (97) rmed abou	e (93) I children o on't interfe It a child's	in some decide together with homew behaviour sh	er how much use vork. If the child o ould make an ap	of doing the should be (S does not (96)	o (99)	the is _the
arrang An matter	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child st gement, parents o gy parent who is (with a teacher. Sp	a good idea if p nould (95) an take more d 98) ala pending time in t	arents and that it wo lrastic (97) rmed abou front of a co	e (93) I children (on't interfe It a child's emputer so	in some decide together with homew behaviour shore motions and the company of the	er how much use work. If the child o ould make an a (100) af	of doing the should be (\$ does not (96) oppointment the fect a child's	o (99) performance	the is _the at
arrang Ar matter school	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child st ement, parents o y parent who is (a good idea if p nould (95) an take more d 98)ala pending time in the seems observed.	arents and that it we reastic (97) rmed abou front of a co ssed with the	e (93) I children o on't interfe at a child's imputer so ne comput	in some decide togethe ere with homev behaviour shareen does not er, he or she is	er how much use work. If the child o ould make an a (100) af	of doing the should be (\$ does not (96) oppointment the fect a child's	o (99) performance	the is _the at
arrang An matter school	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child st lement, parents o le parent who is (with a teacher. Sp . Even if a youngs	a good idea if p nould (95) an take more d 98) ala bending time in the ter seems observill have someth	arents and that it we reastic (97) rmed abou front of a co ssed with the	e (93) I children o on't interfe at a child's imputer so ne comput	in some decide togethe ere with homev behaviour shareen does not er, he or she is	er how much use work. If the child o ould make an a (100) af probably just go	of doing the should be (\$ does not (96) oppointment the fect a child's	o (99) performance	the is _the at
arrang Ar matter school a few r	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child st gement, parents o gy parent who is (with a teacher. Sp Even if a youngs months parents w	a good idea if p nould (95) an take more d 98) ala pending time in the ter seems observill have someth B. e	arents and that it w lastic (97) rmed abou front of a co ssed with thing else to	e (93) I children o on't interfe it a child's imputer so ne computer worry ab	in some decide together with homev behaviour shareen does not er, he or she is out!	er how much use work. If the child of ould make an a (100) af probably just go	of doing the should be (\$ does not (96) oppointment the fect a child's oing through a doing th	o (99) performance	the is _the at
arrang An matter school a few r	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child st lement, parents on my parent who is (with a teacher. Sp Even if a youngs months parents was	a good idea if p nould (95) can take more d 98) ala pending time in the seems observill have someth B. e B. g	that it w that it w !rastic (97) rmed abou front of a co ssed with th hing else to ever glancing at	e (93) I children o on't interfe it a child's imputer so ne computer worry ab	in some decide together with homey behaviour shoreen does not er, he or she is out! C. never C. stari	er how much use work. If the child of ould make an ap (100) af probably just go er ng at	of doing the should be (\$ does not (96) ppointment to feet a child's ping through a D. rare D. seeing	of) of o (99) performance a phase, and	the is _the at
arrang Ar matter school a few r 91.	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child stement, parents of my parent who is (with a teacher. Sp Even if a youngs months parents was . A. always A. peeping at	a good idea if p nould (95) can take more d 98) ala bending time in t ter seems obset vill have someth B. e B. g B. c		e (93) I children o on't interfe it a child's imputer so ne computer worry ab	in some decide together with homewhere with homewhere hoes not er, he or she is out! C. never C. starii	er how much use work. If the child of could make an application of the child of the	of doing the should be (Sidoes not (96)) ppointment the fect a child's poing through a child be compared by the compared by t	of) of o (99) performance a phase, and	the is _the at
Arrang Arranter school a few r 91. 92. 93.	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child stement, parents of the par	a good idea if p nould (95) an take more d 98) ala bending time in the seems observill have somethed B. e B. c B. c	that it was least to (97) armed about front of a cosed with the ling else to ever glancing at accupied and	e (93) I children o on't interfe it a child's imputer so ne computer worry ab	in some decide together with homevalue behaviour shorter, he or she is out! C. never C. starii C. takei C. mad	er how much use work. If the child of could make an appropriate probably just go are made at a could be a coul	of doing the should be (Sidoes not (96)) ppointment the fect a child's being through a child's being through a child being through a child being through a child being through a child being bei	of) of o (99) performance a phase, and	the is _the at
Armatter school a few r 91. 92. 93. 94. 95.	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child steement, parents of any parent who is (with a teacher. Sp. Even if a youngs months parents where a laways and a laways a l	a good idea if p nould (95) an take more d 98) ala bending time in the seems observill have someth B. 6 B. 6 B. 6 B. 6 B. 6 B. 6	arents and that it w lastic (97) rmed abou front of a co ssed with the ling else to ever glancing at occupied had assure	e (93) I children o on't interfe it a child's imputer so ne computer worry ab	in some decide together with homewhere with homewheren does not er, he or she is out! C. neve C. starii C. takei C. mad C. secu	er how much use vork. If the child of could make an application of the probably just go er ang at an ee are	of doing the should be (Sidoes not (96)) ppointment the fect a child's bing through a D. rare D. seeing D. absorbe D. taken D. claim	of) of o (99) performance a phase, and	the is _the at
Arrang Arranter school a few r 91. 92. 93.	hing is wrong. It is et, and the child stement, parents of the par	a good idea if p nould (95) can take more d 98) ala pending time in the seems observill have someth B. 6 B. 6 B. 6 B. 6 B. 6 B. 6 B. 7 B. 8	that it was least to (97) armed about front of a cosed with the ling else to ever glancing at accupied and	e (93) I children o on't interfe it a child's imputer so ne compute worry ab	in some decide together with homevalue behaviour shorter, he or she is out! C. never C. starii C. takei C. mad	er how much use vork. If the child of could make an application of the child of the	of doing the should be (Sidoes not (96)) ppointment the fect a child's being through a child's being through a child being through a child being through a child being through a child being bei	od) of) to th o (99) performance : a phase, and	the is _the at

98.	A. actually	B. heavily	C. seriously	D. urgently
99.	A. speak	B. discuss	C. talk	D. debate
100.	A. possibly	B. consequently	C. probably	D. necessarily
V				

Your answers:

91.	92.	93.	94.	95.
96.	97.	98.	99.	100.

Part 2: Read the following passage and answer the questions from 101 to 110

101
Telephone, television, radio, and the telegraph all help people communicate with each other. Because of these devices, ideas and news of events spread quickly all over the world. For example, within seconds, people can know the results of an election in Japan or Argentina. An international soccer match comes into the home of everyone with a television set. News of a disaster such as an earthquake or a flood can bring help from distant countries. Within hours, help is on the way.
102
How has speed of communication changed the world? To many people, the world has become smaller. Of course, this does not mean that the world is physically smaller. Two hundred years ago, communication between the continents took a long time. All news was carried on ships that took weeks or even months to cross the oceans. In the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, it took six weeks for news from Europe to reach the Americas. This time difference influenced people's actions. For example, one battle in the war of 1812 between the English and the United States armies could have been avoided if the warring sides had known that a peace agreement had already been signed. Peace was made in England, but the news of peace took six weeks to reach America. During those six weeks, the large and serious Battle of New Orleans was fought and many lives were lost.
103
An important part of the history of the world is the history of communication. In prehistoric times, people had limited knowledge of the world. They had little information about geography, the study of the Earth. People knew very little beyond their small groups except what was happening near their homes. Later, people were organized into villages, and verbal communication between small towns was possible. Still, the people's knowledge was limited because they had no outside information. Kingdoms and small countries then developed, with a king directing the people. Cities developed, too, but still communication was limited to the small geographical area of the country. Much later in history, after the invention of the printing press, many more people learned to read, and communication was improved.
104
In this modern age, communication is so fast that it is almost instant. People's lives have been changed because of the immediate spread of news. Sometimes the speed is so great that it does not allow people time to think. For example, leaders of countries have only minutes, or, at most, hours to consider all the parts of a problem. They are expected to answer immediately. Once they had days and weeks to think before making decisions.
105
The speed of communication demands a new responsibility from all people of the world. People in different countries must try harder to understand each other. An example is that people with different religions must try to understand each other's beliefs and values, even if they do not accept them. Sometimes their cultures are quite different. What one group considers a normal part of life is strange to another culture. In some cases, a normal part of one culture
might be bad or impolite to people of another culture. That kind of difference is a possible basis for misunderstanding.

Match the headings given in the box below with their appropriate numbers (101 - 105) that lead the five paragraphs and write the letters A-H in the corresponding numbered boxes. (The headings outnumber the paragraphs, so you will not use all of them).

People must learn not to judge others, but to accept them as they are. As the world grows smaller, people must learn to

A. A disadvantage of fast communication

talk to each other more effectively as well as communicate more rapidly.

- B. High speed of communication and its benefits
- C. Our shrinking world
- D. Communication devices
- E. A brief history of communication development
- F. Modern communication and a change in thinking pattern
- G. The changing world resulting from fast communication
- H. Modern communication and expected responsibility

Then choose the c	orrect answer to each of	the following questions	s by circling A, B, C, or D.	
106. Modern communic	ations have			
A. affected the	results of elections and ne	ews of disasters		
B. only allowed	people to see world spor	rts events at home		
C. kept people	better informed of their w	orld and beyond		
D. made peopl	e happier, busier, but less	s informed		
107. Before the invention	n of communication devic	es,		
A. people gave	better care to their local	affairs		
B. there was no	o transportation between	countries		
C. people were	much interested in world	d affairs		
D. people were	e mostly kept in the dark a	bout the world		
108. A negative aspect	of fast communication is the	hat it		
A. makes peop	ole think too fast			
B. will push go	vernments into dead end	S		
C. deprives de	cision makers of correct in	nformation		
D. may rush go	vernments into decisions	,		
	es in which lives could ha		<u>.</u> .	
	nication had been establi			
	ot been a delay in commu			
	nands of information had	been met		
• •	ons had arrived in time			
•	nunication has helped cre		.	
	erstanding and cultural to	lerance		
	rstanding and freer trade			
•	on of cultural differences			
D. the growth o	of the physical world			
Your answers:		•		
101.	102.	103.	104.	105.
106.	107.	108.	109.	110.

Part 3: Read the following passage and complete the statements that follow by circling A, B, C, or D to indicate your answer which you think fits best.

Bringing up children

Where one stage of child development has been left out, or not sufficiently experienced, the child may have to go back and capture the experience of it. A good home makes this possible - for example, by providing the opportunity for the child to play with a clockwork car or toy railway train up to any age if he still needs to do so. This principle, in fact, underlies all psychological treatment of children in difficulties with their development, and is the basic of work in child clinics.

The beginnings of discipline are in the nursery. Even the youngest baby is taught by gradual stages to wait for food, to sleep and wake at regular intervals and so on. If the child feels the world around him is a warm and friendly one, he slowly accepts its rhythm and accustoms himself to **conforming** to its demands. Learning to wait for things, particularly for food, is a very important element in upbringing, and is achieved successfully only if too great demands are not made before the child can understand them. Every parent watches eagerly the child's acquisition of each new skill: the first spoken words, the first independent steps, or the beginning of reading and writing. It is often tempting to hurry the child beyond his natural learning rate, but this can set up dangerous feelings of failure and states of anxiety in the child. This might happen at any stage. A baby might be forced to use a toilet too early, a young child might be encouraged to learn to read before he knows the meaning of the words he reads. On the other hand, though, if a child is left alone too much, or without any learning opportunities, he loses his natural zest for life and his desire to find out new things for himself.

Learning together is a fruitful source of relationship between children and parents. By playing together, parents learn more about their children and children learn more from their parents. Toys and games which both parents and children can share are an important means of achieving this co-operation. Building-block toys, jigsaw puzzles and crosswords are good examples.

Parents vary greatly in their degree of strictness or indulgence towards their children. Some may be especially strict in money matters; others are severe over times of coming home at night, punctuality for meals or personal cleanliness. In general, the controls **imposed** represent the needs of the parents and the values of the community as much as the child's own happiness and well-being.

With regard to the development of moral standards in the growing child, consistency is very important in parental teaching. To forbid a thing one day and excuse it the next is no foundation for morality. Also, parents should realize that

"example is better than precept". If they are hypocritical and do not practise what they preach, their children may grow confused and emotionally insecure when they grow old enough to think for themselves, and realize they have been, to some extent, deceived. A sudden awareness of a marked difference between their parents' ethics and their morals can be a dangerous disillusion.

111. The principle unde	rlying all treatment of dev	velopmental diff	culties in childrer	۱ <u></u> .				
A. is in the p	A. is in the provision of clockwork toys and trains							
•	B. is to send them to clinics							
C. is to captu	C. is to capture them before they are sufficiently experienced							
D. offers reca	apture of earlier experien	ces		•				
	r things is successfully tax							
A. in spite of	excessive demands beir	ng made						
B. only if exc	essive demands are avo	ided						
C. because	excessive demands are	not advisable						
D. is achieve	ed successfully by all child	lren						
113. The encourageme	nt of children to achieve	new skills	_·					
 A. should be 	focused on only at school	oi						
B. can never	be taken too far							
C. will alway	s assist their developme	nt						
D. should be	balanced and moderate							
114. Parental controls a	and discipline							
A. serve a du	· ·							
7	ned to promote the child'							
	ly the values of the comm							
	avoided as far as possit							
	rule "Example is better t		·					
	s when the children grow	_		es				
	p avoid the necessity for		lls					
	child from disillusion who							
	cult for all parents to exer							
	h, the author lays some ϵ		role of the	$\underline{}$ in helping the c	hild in trouble.			
A. psychiatrist	A. psychiatrists B. community			C. family D. nursery				
117. The phrase 'confo	rming to' in the 2 nd paraq	raph means	·					
A. adapting to B. accepting C. agreeing with D. following					lowing			
118. The word 'zest' in t	the 2 nd paragraph can be	best replaced i	y					
A. appetite	A. appetite B. excitement C. enthusiasm D. enjoyment		joyment					
119. The word 'impose	d ' in the 4 th paragraph i	s closest in mea	ning to .	-				
A. excepted		introduced C. made D. constrained			nstrained			
120. Hypocrisy on the pa	art of the parents may							
	ir children's wrong beha		B make their ch	nildren lose faith i	n them			
	neir teachings altogether		D. impair their children's mind					
o. dioquality ti	ion todo migo anogetrici		D. nupan trien C	andren's minu				
Your answers:								
111.	112.	113.	114.		115.			
116.	117.	118.	119.		120.			
Write T if the statement	is true according to the p	ooosse Fifths			In fig 41			
is not given in the pass		assaye, r II ule	statement is not t	rue, and NG II the	mormation			
121. It is important for a	child to gradually get use	ed to his daily de	emands in the pro	cess of mental de	evelopment.			
122. To force children to	learn different skills bey	ond their natura	l learning rate is	encouraged by pa	arents.			
	between parents and c							
	ive their children's menta							
	ed to do everything for the							
Your answers:								
121.	122.	123.	124.		125.			

Part 4: Read the following passage and choose the most suita 126 to 130. There are two extra sentences which you of 131 to 140 that follow.	ble sentence from the list A to G for each gap from to not need to use. Then answer the questions from	
	positions are over. (126) Despite a sl	owing
economy, the number of women in management has risen to 1		
of this tendency is that women are now more accepted in		in
management ease tension and gender conflict in the workpla		
	erformance accidentally found that women scored hig	her in
almost all areas of performance evaluation, while compiling They tend to work harder behind the scenes, management. The masculine approach is more suited to the alone and simply dictate orders to his staff. Now, in the global content of the staff of the staf	a large-scale analysis of 425 high-level managers. (12 while men prefer the glamorous, more aggressive side traditional style of business, where the boss would votal information age, teamwork and partnership are	27) e of
increasingly important, and these are exactly the areas where		
(128) It may be that the same qualit holding them back. Most women get stuck in jobs which involved make them highly suitable for this type of work. However, the poswomen are frustrated by this, and many left to start their own co	s in these areas rarely lead to the top. Ambitious	re also
promotion is that men are seen as more dynamic and competiti	ve. Women tend to work for the good of the company as	
a whole, while men are looking out for themselves. Some bosse	s may interpret the feminine approach as showing a lack	
of vision. A woman will often adopt the strategy of making people think	hat they are the authors of new ideas, so that	
they will co-operate with her plan. Although this is an effective way of ac	hieving an objective, the result is that she will	
lose credit for her creativity and innovation.		
recent Gallup poll, 70% of men said that they would be prepare (129) Since nearly all bosses used to be male, we than by another woman. Some women also feel that a male be being in a position of authority. Since women have to work harder to ge	omen feel more comfortable being supervised by a man ss is less demanding and he feels more relaxed about	in a
they get there.		
	e rising to higher positions, there are still many deep	-rooted
prejudices and double standards that keep them from achieving the		
value interpersonal skills, but they still look for a leader who is	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
women have proved that they are capable of leading a compan	y, it seems that they will not get the chance to do so until	
they are prepared to start their own businesses.		
A. One possible reason for this is that of tradition	1	
B. Areas where women are particularly effective	are in supporting their staff, and sharing information	
C. More and more women are moving into top jo	bs in the USA	
 D. Although women are not as decisive as men, 	they still play an important role in social work	
E. Although the number of women in middle	management is on the increase, there are still few	
women running large companies		
F. These qualities are perceived as being mainly	masculine	
G. These positions are held by females		ĺ
Complete the following statements by circling A, B, C, or D.		
131. The participation by women in business management h	as	
A. increased a sexist attitude among men		
B. started new business conflicts		
C. caused gender conflict among the staff		
D. made the workplace more agreeable		
132. Women managers are found more skilful in areas when		
A. build relationships with people	B. fight their way to the top	·
C. deal with their male bosses	D. give directions to the staff	
133. Women are often overlooked for the top jobs because _		
A. other women do not like working for them	B. they do not take credit for their own ideas	
C. they cannot make big decisions	D. they leave to start their own businesses	
134. Women prefer a male boss because	B	
A. male bosses work harder	B. men are more competitive	
C. it is more usual to work for a man	D. female bosses are more demanding	
135. A female boss often demands more of her staff because	B. she herself has to toil her way to the position	
A. other women do not like working for them C. she can always make big decisions	D. her staff do not tend to submit themselves to her	

Write T if the statement is true according to the passage; F if the statement is not true, and NG if the information is not given in the passage.

- 136. Working with other people has become more important in modern business.
- 137. Businesses owned by women are more successful than those owned by men.
- 138. Most women work for their own promotion, not for the good of the company.
- 139. More men than women work for female bosses.
- 140. Companies may not tell the truth about the qualities they look for in a manager.

Your answers:

126.	127.	128.	129.	130.
131.	132.	133.	134.	135.
136.	137.	138.	139.	140.

IV. WRITING (6/20 points)

Part 1: (0.5/20 points)

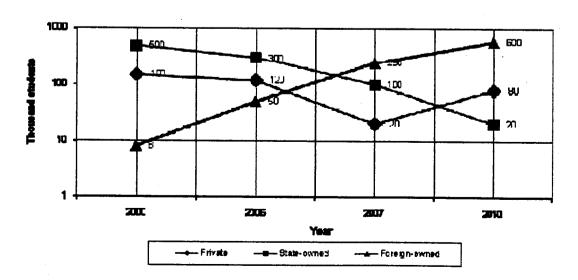
Use the word(s) given in brackets and make any necessary additions to complete a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Do NOT change the form of the given word(s). Look at the example in the box.

Example Immediately after virging the rates Sandy/ocoar training of nearey (site. (pag) sa

No soone that Sand) won on race than she began training	dienexore. V	
141. Attendance at the additional evening lectures is not obligatory for students. (unde	r)	
Students	theadditional evening le	ctures.
142. You cannot find pottery like this in any other part of the country. (type)		
This is the only part of the country	***************************************	found.
143. All are eligible for the contest. There is no discrimination of race and sex. (regardle All are eligible	ess)	
144. As a result of the bad weather, there may be delay to some international flights. (s		
Due to the bad weather	possi	ble delay.
145. We were very much surprised to learn that Brian had become a monk. (To)	÷	
	, Brian had become a mon	k.
Part 2: (2/20 points)		

Below is the data showing the students' choice of colleges and universities in the country of Dispairana. Write a report (of about 150 words) on the changes over the period of ten years. You may add comments and reasons to enliven your report.

Choice of institution



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Part 3: (3.5/20 points) High-school students are expect addition to achieving high grades	. Some educators suggest ex	tending high-school education to	four years so	. 4h lmla
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High-school students are expectaddition to achieving high grades that students can achieve a students would lose interest in about 350 words, write an eto assert your point of view on this writing on the back page if yo	s. Some educators suggest ex ill that is expected of the tin school and attendance essay that ends with the ren question. Use reasons and ex ou need more space.	tending high-school education to tem. Others are against the period would drop in the end. In ark "High-school education shamples to support your position." Y	four years so proposal because they should be extended to fo four may continue your	
High-school students are expect addition to achieving high grades that students can achieve a students would lose interest in about 350 words, write an eto assert your point of view on this writing on the back page if yo	s. Some educators suggest ex ill that is expected of the t in school and attendance essay that ends with the ren- question. Use reasons and ex ou need more space.	tending high-school education to tem. Others are against the period would drop in the end. In ark "High-school education shamples to support your position." Y	four years so proposal because they should be extended to fo four may continue your	
High-school students are expect addition to achieving high grades that students can achieve a students would lose interest in about 350 words, write an eto assert your point of view on this writing on the back page if yo	s. Some educators suggest ex ill that is expected of the t in school and attendance essay that ends with the ren- question. Use reasons and ex ou need more space.	tending high-school education to tem. Others are against the per would drop in the end. In ark "High-school education shamples to support your position. You will be a support your position. You will be a support your position. You will be a support you will be a s	four years so proposal because they should be extended to fo four may continue your	
High-school students are expectaddition to achieving high grades that students can achieve a students would lose interest in about 350 words, write an eto assert your point of view on this writing on the back page if yo	s. Some educators suggest ex ill that is expected of the t in school and attendance essay that ends with the ren question. Use reasons and ex ou need more space.	tending high-school education to tem. Others are against the period would drop in the end. In ark "High-school education shamples to support your position." Y	four years so proposal because they should be extended to follow may continue your	

-THE END -

BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI QUỐC GIA LỚP 12 THPT NĂM 2011

ĐÁP ÁN ĐÈ THỊ CHÍNH THỰC

Môn: TIẾNG ANH Ngày thi: 11/01/2011 (Gồm 02 trang)

I. LISTENING: 4/20 points

Part 1	Part 2 Part 3
1. C. 2. B. 3. D. 4. B. 5. A. 6. C. 7. A. 8. D. 9. C. 10. A. 20. C. 21. B. 22. C. 23. B. 24. B. 25. D.	26. ten years ago 27. 20 (students) 28. 17 (students) 29. 16 (lecturers) 30. 21% 31. minimum 32. students' support services 33. (organizations of) publishing world 34. donations 35. computer literate 36. history of printing 37. mechanism of printing 38. book restorists 39. printing machine 40. now

II. LEXICO- GRAMMAR: 5/20 points

Part 1.

Your answers

Tour answers	
41. B.	46. B.
42. D.	47. A.
43. B.	48. A.
44. B.	49. C.
45. C.	50. A.

Part 2.

51. equally → equal

52. principle → principal

53. super → superior

54. militancy → militant

55. sexy → sexist

56. glamour → glamorous

57. exploit → exploitation

58. were → are

59. male-dominate → male-dominated

60. moreover → however

Part 3.

61. invariably

62. commentator

63. differs

64. descriptive

65. observations 69. unpredictable

66. increasingly 70. organisational

67. opinionated

68. impartiality

Part 4.

71. close down	72. bring out	73. checking over	74. be worked out	75. sift through
76. make up to	77. has been sitting on	78. do with	79. go round	80. laid down

Part 5.

81. with	82. off	83. at	84. for	85. back
86. forward	87. up	88. out	89. through	90. after

III. READING: 5/20 points

ı	Pa	rt	1.	

91. B.		92. C.	93. D.	[94.C.	95. A.	
96. B.		97. C.	98. C.	99. B.	100. D.	
Part 2	2.					
101. E	merce - communication and communication	102. G	103. E	104.F	105. H	
106. 0	5	107. D	108. D	109. B	110. A	
		, do an armedia		a produce of a control of the control of		
Part 3	3					
111.	D		116. C		1. T	
112.	В		117. A		2. F	
113.	D		118. C		3. T 4. NG	

124. NG

125. NG

Part 4

114.

115.

Α

126. C	127. B	128.E	129.A	130.F	131.D	132.A	133. B	134.C	135. B
136. T	137. NG	138. F	139. NG	140. T					

IV. WRITING (6/20 points)

Part 1: 0.5/20 points

- 141, are under no obligation to attend
- 142. where this type of pottery can/may be found
- 143, for taking/to take part in the contest regardless of race and sex
- 144. some international flights are/will be subject to
- 145. To our surprise,

Part 2: 2/20 points

Part 3: 3.5/20 points

Notes:

The mark given to parts 2 and 3 is based on the following scheme:

- 1. Content: (35% of total mark)
 - a. Providing all main ideas and details as required

119. D

120. B

- b. Communicating intentions sufficiently and effectively
- 2. Organization & Presentation: (30% of total mark)
 - a. Ideas are well organized and presented with coherence, cohesion, and clarity
 - b. The essay is well-structured
- 3. Language: (30% of total mark)
 - a. Demonstration of a variety of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the level of English language gifted upper-secondary school students
 - b. Good use and control of grammatical structures
- 4. Handwriting, punctuation, and spelling (5% of total mark)
 - a. Intelligible handwriting
 - b. Good punctuation and no spelling mistakes

Markers should discuss the suggested answers and the marking scale thoroughly before marking the papers.

Thank you for your cooperation.

THE END

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO HÀ TĨNH

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỰC

9.

10.

A. traditional

A. academy

KÝ THI CHON HỌC SINH GIỚI TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2011 - 2012

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh

Thời gian làm bài: 180 phút (Đề thi có 06 trang, gồm 11 phần)

<u>Par</u>	t I- Choose the	word A, B, C or D	whose underlined	part is pronounced
diff	erently from the ot	hers in the group from	m questions 1 to 5.	process pronounced
1.	A. <u>ch</u> in	B. chorus	C. aching	D. orchestra
2.	A. d <u>i</u> nosaur	B. crocodile	C. signature	D. rise
3.	A. thus	B. thumb	C. suppose	D. supply
4.	A. penalty	B. scenic	C. epidemic	D. level
5.	A. kiss <u>ed</u>	B. wash <u>ed</u>	C. practic <u>ed</u>	D. advertised
Par	t II- Choose the wo	ord A, B, C or D who	sa main stress is diffe	word from the others
in th	he group from ques	stions 6 to 10	se main stress is unite	rent from the others
	group iron que.	stions o to 10.		
6.	A. responsible	B. communicate	C. technology	D. electronic
7.	A. difficulty	B. anxiety	C. enormously	D. psychiatry
8.	A. general	B. understand	C. popular	D. telephone

Part III- Choose the answer A, B, C or D which best fits the space in each of the following sentences from questions 11 to 25.

C. expectation

C. dictionary

D. competition

D. photography

B. residential

B. environment

11. I have	information about her situation	to tell you.	
A. too few	B. so many	C. so little	D. too little
12. America, as well a	s Japan, England, and Germany		2.100 11110
A. are develope		B. are developing countries	3
C. is a develope	ed country	D. is developing countries	•
13. It's no good	your father about your fai	lure.	
A. to tell	B. tell	C. telling	D. told
14. Since they aren't a	nswering the phone, they		
A. need have le		C. must have left	D. should have left
15. I'd sooner they	deliver the new furnitu		2. Should have lost
A. mustn't	B. shouldn't	C. didn't	D. wouldn't
16. If we	the first bus, we wouldn't be lat		z outuit

A. will take	B. took	C. had taken	D. take
17. John: "Do you think tha	at we should use public	transportation to protect of	ur environment?"
Laura: ""	•		
A. Yes, it's an absurd	idea	B. There's no doubt about	t it
C. Of course not. You	u bet	D. Well, that's very surpr	ising
18. A few animals sometime	es fool their enemies _	to be dead.	
A. to be appearing	B. to appear	C. by appearing	D. have been appearing
19 to his brothe	er's graduation party, G	eorge wouldn't have met N	fary
A. Had he not gone	B. Hadn't he gone	C. If he has not gone	D. If he shouldn't have gone
20. Nowadays children wou	ıld prefer history	in more practical wa	ys.
A. to be taught	B. teach	C. be taught	D. to be teaching
21. I thought you said she v	vas going away the nex	t Sunday,?	
A. wasn't she	B. didn't you	C. didn't I	D. wasn't it
22. We bought some	glasses.		
		B. German old lovely	
C. lovely old German	d n	D. old lovely German	
23appears cons	siderably larger at the	horizon than it does ov	erhead is merely an optical
illusion.			•
A. The Moon	B. The Moon which	C. When the Moon	D. That the Moon
24. Jane: "It's going to rain"	•		
Mary: "".			
A. I hope not so		B. I don't hope either	
C. I don't hope so		D. I hope not	
25. The man to	o having stolen the car.		
	B. admitted		D. apologized
Part IV- Give the corn	ect form of the wo	rd in bracket from 26	to 35 to complete the
following passage.	ect form of the wo	I W III DIWONOV ZI VIII -	
	•		
26 (work) at Sheppar	ton Carpets Ltd voted t	today to continue with the	ir industrial action. Union
leader Elaine Watkins issu	ed a statement saying:	"Although we do not en	visage an all-out strike at
this stage, everyone at the			
settled. We urge28 (r	_		
three weeks ago, has affect	=		
Shepparton Carpets has, ho			
survive, it has to become			
(employ) of over 5003			
(period), we have to make			
be34 (please), but i	•	•	
antiquated and totally3:	4		
me on this rather than fight			
		→ * .	v *

Part V- For questions 36-50, read the text below and look carefully at each line. Some of the lines are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If a line is correct, put a tick () by the number. If a line has a word which should not be there, write the word out. There are three examples at the beginning.

Hibernation syndrome

I don't know about you, but come to the winter months, my body seems to require more sleep than in summer and I'm definitely at my happiest when I'm being curled up in a hedgehog-style ball. "Wanting to sleep more in the winter is not natural and nothing to worry about, unless you are sleeping for more than 12 hours a day," says sleep expert Dr James B Maas. The reason for we feel drowsy has as much to do with our biochemistry as it does so with wanting to sniggle up line a couch potato indoors. "it's all to do with melatonin," explains Dr Maas, "a hormone with which is secreted by the brain's pineal gland in response to darkness". They may feel more sleepy, but as many people find getting to sleep in winter is a problem. It's hardly surprising. When lounging around indoors drinking mugs of warming up coffee and snacking on chocolate bars doesn't always prepare you for a good night's rest. If you do have trouble nodding off. Deepak Chopra has tip. "Try a soothing mix of the sweet and sour essential oils, such as orange, geranium and clove are mixed with almond oil and rubbed it on to your forehead just before bedtime."

0: to
0:
0: being
36:
37:
38:
39:
40:
41:
42:
43:
44:
45:
46:
47:
48:
49:
50.

Part VI- Read the passage carefully then choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question from 51 to 60.

Bees, classified into over 10,000 species, are insects found in almost every part of the world except the northernmost and southernmost regions. One commonly known species is the honeybee, the only bee that produces honey and wax. Humans use the wax in making candles, lipsticks, and other products, and they use the honey as a substance that people eat to maintain life and growth. While gathering the nectar and pollen with which they make honey, bees are **concurrently** helping to fertilize the flowers on which they land. Many fruits and vegetables would not survive if bees did not carry the pollen from blossom to blossom.

Bees live in a structured environment and social structure within a hive, which is a nest with storage space for the honey. The different types of bees each perform a distinct function. The worker bee carries nectar to hive in a special stomach called a honey stomach. Other workers make beewax and shape it into a honeycomb, which is a waterproof mass of six-sided compartments, or cells. The queen lays eggs in completed cells. As the workers build more cells, the queen lays more eggs.

All workers, like the queen, are female, but the workers are smaller than the queen. The male honeybees are called drones; they do no work and can not sting. They are developed from unfertilized eggs, and their only job is to impregnate a queen. The queen must be fertilized in order to lay more worker eggs. During the season when less honey is available and the drone is of no further use, the workers block the drones from eating the honey so that they will starve to death.

51. Which of the following is the best title for the re	ading?
A. Many Species of Bees	B. The Useless Drone
C. The Honeybee - Its characteristics and Usefulness	D. Making Honey
52. What is the closest meaning of the word "concu	rrently"?
A. independently	B. hardly
C. variously	D. simultaneously
53. According to the passage, the drone	
A. can be male or female	B. mates with the queen and has no other purpose
C. comes from eggs fertilized by other drones	D. All are correct
54. According to the passage, people use honey	·
A. to make candles	B. as foods
C. as cosmetics	D. all are correct
55. The author implies that	
A. bees are unnecessary in the food chain	B. drones are completely dispensable
C. the queen can be a worker	D. drones are never females.
56. In what way does the reading imply that bees are	e useful in nature?
A. They pollinate fruit and vegetable plants	B. They make marvelous creation from max
C. They kill the dangerous drones	D. They create storage spaces
57. The passage implies that bees can be found in ea	sch of the following parts of the world except
A. Africa	B. China
C. Europe	D. Antarctica
58. What is the closest meaning of the word " disting	<u>ct</u> "?
A. seclude	B. unique
C. dependent	D. complex
59. All of the following are characteristics of a hone	eycomb except
A. it contains hexagonal sections	B. it is made of honey
C. it is made of wax	D. it is impermeable
60. It can be inferred from the reading that bee wax	is
A. absorbent	B. complex in structure
C. easily bent and shaped	D. poisonous
Part VII- Read the following passage and	choose the most suitable answer A, B, C, or
D to complete each of the blanks from 61	<u>to 70.</u>
the head or (62) bow is sufficient. Hugging cards are often (63) and yours should be primore respectful to present your card or a gift or any (65) applauders. You may be greeted with g is applauded in this practice it is the custom for that walking in public places, direct eye (66) or those areas accustomed to foreign visitors. (67) subject of much curiosity and therefore you may not a touch-oriented society, especially true for visitors.	the customary form of greeting, but in China a nod of and kissing when greeting are uncommon. Business nted in your own language and in Chinese. Also, it is other article using (64) hands. The Chinese are roup clapping, even by small children. When a person to person to return the applause or a "thank you." When staring is uncommon in the large cities, especially in, in smaller communities, visitors may be the tice some stares. (68) speaking, the Chinese are sitors. So, avoid (69) or any prolonged form of rare. On the other hand, you may note people of the

gradient in general

same sex walking hand-in-hand, which is simply a gesture of friendship. Do not worry about a bit of pushing and shoving in stores or when groups board public buses or trains. In this case, (70) _____ are either offered or expected. The Chinese will stand much closer than Westerners.

61.	A. taking	B. shaking	C. grasping	D. hugging
62.	A. small	B. bit	C. slight	D. light
63.	A. exchanged	B. changed	C. transferred	D. converted
64.	A. pair	B. couple	C. double	D. both
65.	A. enthusiast	B. enthusiastic	C. enthusiasm	D. enthusiastically
66.	A. contact	B. look	C. stare	D. watch
67.	A. Moreover	B. Furthermore	C. However	D. Whatever
68.	A. Generally	B. Successfully	C. Fortunately	D. Expectedly
69.	A. touch	B. to touch	C. touched	D. touching
70.	A. contacts	B. apologies	C. gestures	D. saying goodbye

<u>PART VIII-</u> Read the passage then choose the best sentences A-K to fill in each gap from 71 to 80. There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

BITTER WATER HITS THE BIG TIME

Chocolate, which has its origins in South America, is now part of a multi-million pound worldwide business.

At Easter, British people spend over \$230 million on chocolate. A massive eight per cent of all chocolate is bought at this time.

(71)____. Although the large scale industrial production of chocolate began in the last century, the cacao plant was first cultivated by the Aztec, Toltec and Mayan civilizations of Central America over three thousand years ago.

The cacao tree is an evergreen, tropical plant which is found in Africa, South and Central America, the West Indies and South East Asia. The fruit of this tree is melon-sized and contains 20-40 seeds. (72)____. In English – speaking countries, they are called cocoa beans. This is a misspelling from the 17th century when they were also called cacoa and cocao beans.

The Aztecs used cocoa beans as money. (73)____. This is from the world in the Aztec language, Nahuatl, meaning "bitter water". (74)____. The Spanish found the drink more palatable mixed with cinnamon and sugar, but the recipe did not spread to the rest of Europe for another century. In the late 17th century, chocolate houses were set up in Europe's capital cities, where people gathered to drink chocolate.

(75)____. But in 1826, CJ van Houten of the Netherlands invented chocolate powder. (76)___. The age of the chocolate bar as we know it began in 1847 when a Bristol company, Fry and Sons, combined cocoa butter with pure chocolate liquor and sugar to produce a solid block that you could eat. (77)___.

At the turn of the century, the British chocolate market was dominated by French companies. In 1879 the English company Cadbury even named their Birmingham factory Bournville (ville is the French word for town) in the hope that a little glamour would rub off. But then came Cadbury's famous Dairy Milk bar which began life as a Dairymaid in 1905. (78)____.

It seems that, for the time being at least, chocolate intake in Britain has established at about four bars each week. (79)____. The latest market trick is the so-called "extended line". This is when the humble chocolate bar becomes an ice cream, a soft drink or a dessert, to tempt chocoholics who have grown tired of conventional snacks.

At the other end of the production process, cacao farmers are still feeling the effects of a crash in cocoa bean prices at the end of 1980s. (80)____. Perhaps you could spare a thought for them as you munch your next chocolate bars.

- A. This was made by extracting most of the cocoa butter from the crushed beans.
- B. A Swiss company then introduced milk solids to the process which gave us milk chocolate.
- C. They also used them to make a drink called xocoatl.
- D. Until the last century, the chocolate drink was made from solid blocks of chocolate which had to be melted down in hot water.
- E. When dried they become cacao beans, which can be used to make chocolate.
- F. Clever advertising which associated it with the healthy qualities of milk from the English countryside quickly established the bar as a rival to the more decadent French brands.
- G. British manufacturers include up to 5 per cent vegetable fat in their chocolate, something forbidden elsewhere.
- H. As most cacao farmers operate on a very small scale, many were forced out of business.
- I. This has forced manufacturers to look for new ways to attract customers.
- J. In Aztec times the chocolate drink was flavored with spices and used on ceremonial occasions and for welcoming visitors.
- K. Only at Christmas do people eat more of the cocoa-based foodstuffs.

Part IX- Rewrite each of the following sentences from 81 to 85 so that its meaning stays the same as the original sentence.

81. The fire was brought under control thanks to the night watchman.
→ If it
82. I haven't been to the cinema for two months.
→ The last time
83. Nobody had invited Jean to the party, which annoyed her.
→ As she
84. "Don't break my doll, John, or I will scream," said Mary.
→ Mary threatened
85. Alice and Charles did not decide to move to a bigger house until after the birth of their second child.
→ Only when Alice
Part X- Complete the second sentence from 86 to 90 so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. You mustn't change the given words in
any way.
any way.
86. Entry is free if you are under 18 years old (WITHOUT) 87. In my opinion, classical music is far superior than jazz (RATHER) 88. I suppose it's possible that she didn't understand my message (MAY)
86. Entry is free if you are under 18 years old (WITHOUT) 87. In my opinion, classical music is far superior than jazz (RATHER)
86. Entry is free if you are under 18 years old (WITHOUT) 87. In my opinion, classical music is far superior than jazz (RATHER) 88. I suppose it's possible that she didn't understand my message (MAY)

Part XI-	Write an	essay o	<u>f about 200</u>	words,	giving y	our	opinions o	on the	following
problem:))								

The world is experiencing a dramatic increase in population. This is causing problems not only for poor, developing countries, but also for industrialized and developed nations. Describe the problems that overpopulation causes and suggest possible solutions to stop the world population growth.

----- GOOD LUCK -----

SỞ GIÁO DỤC - ĐÀO TẠO HÀ TĨNH

KÌ THI HỌC SINH GIỚI TỈNH MÔN TIẾNG ANH THPT NĂM HỌC 2011 - 2012

> Tổng: 20 điểm, cụ thể như sau:

<u>PART I - (0.5 đia</u>	ểm) : 0,1 điểm / câu			
1. A	2. C	3. B	4. B	5. D
PART II- (0.5 đi	<u>ểm) : 0,1 điểm / câu</u>			
6. D	7. A	8. B	9. A	10. C
<u>PART III - (3.0 c</u>	<u>điểm) : 0,2 điểm / câu</u>			
11. D	12. C	13. C	14. C	15. C
16. C	17. B	18. C	19. A	20. A
21. B	22. C	23. D	24. D	25. B
PART IV- (2.0 d	<u>iểm) : 0,2 điểm / câu</u>			
26. workers	27. overtime	28. management managers	29. productivity production	30. competitive
31. employer	32. employees	33. periodically	34. unpleasant	35. inapplicable
PART V~ (3.0 đi	<u>ểm) : 0,2 điểm / câu</u>		·	
36. NOT	37. ✓	38. FOR	39. SO	40. ✓
41. WITH	42. ✓	43. AS	44. WHEN	45. UP
46. ✓	47. ✓	48. THE	49. ARE	50. IT
PART VI - (2.0 d	<u> tiểm) : 0,2 điểm / câu</u>			
51. C	52. D	53. B	54. B	55. D
56. A	57. D	58. B	59. B	60. C
<u>PART VII - (2.0</u>	điểm) : 0,2 điểm / câ	<u>u</u>		
61. B	62. C	63. A	64. D	65. B
66. A	67. C	68. A	69. D	70. B

<u>PART VIII - (1.0 điểm) : 0,1 điểm / câu</u>

71. K

72. E

73. C

74. J

75. D

76. A

77. B

78. F

79. I

80. H

PART IX- (1.5 điểm): 0,3 điểm / câu

- 81. → If it had not been for the night watchman, the fire would not have been brought under control.
- 82. → The last time I went to the cinema was two months ago.
- 83. → As she had not been invited to the party, Jean was annoyed.
- 84. → Mary threatened to scream if John broke her doll.
- 85. → Only when Alice and Charles had (had) their second child, did they decide to move to a bigger house.
- (..... ' second child was born, did they decide to move to a bigger house.)
- (\(\subseteq\)... gave birth to the/ their second child, did they decide to move to a bigger house.)

PART X- (1.5 điểm): 0,3 điểm / câu

- 86. You can enter / go in WITHOUT (paying) money if you are under 18 years old
- 87. I'd RATHER listen to classical music than (listen) jazz
- 88. She may not have understood my message
- 89. My grandfather learnt to swim at the AGE of sixty
- 90. The fan was **DEEPLY** disappointed by/with the result of the match

PART XI- (3.0 điểm) - cụ thể như sau:

- Nội dung (content): 1.5 điểm
- Từ vựng (vocabulary): 0.5 điểm
- Ngữ pháp (grammar): 0.5 điểm
- Tính mạch lạc và trôi chảy (coherence and cohesion) + độ dài (length): 0.5 điểm
- Sai dưới 4 lỗi không trừ điểm.
- Sai trên 4 lỗi, hoặc sai những lỗi nặng trừ 0.5 điểm/1 lỗi.

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI LỚP 12 - VÒNG 1

LONG AN

Đề chính thức

Ngày thi: 06/10/2011

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh

Bảng A

Thời gian: 180 phút (Phần A & B)

LƯU Ý: THÍ SINH LÀM BÀI TRÊN GIẤY THI, KHÔNG LÀM BÀI TRÊN ĐỀ THI NÀY

A. LISTENING: (20 marks)

You will hear a short conversation. Each question in this part has four answer choices. Choose the correct answer(s). Write your answer(s) on your answer sheet.

- 1. What does the World Bank do? (Choose 1 answer)
 - (A) It saves seeds from plants all over the world.
 - (B) It gives money to the United Nations.
 - (C) It gives money, low interest loans, and interest-free credit to poor countries.
 - (D) It is part of the United Nations.
- 2. How does the professor explain that not everyone is rich? (Choose 2 answers)
 - (A) She compares how much money people in poor countries and rich countries make.
 - (B) She tells a story of poor people in Bolivia.
 - (C) She gives the example of how many children in poor countries cannot go to school.
 - (D) She defines wealth.
- 3. What is the talk mainly about? (Choose 1 answer)
 - (A) Parts of the World Bank
 - (B) The history of the World Bank
 - (C) What the World Bank does
 - (D) How the World Bank has changed
- 4. What reason is given for giving extra money to the poorest countries in 2002? (Choose 1 answer)
 - (A) To start new farms
 - (B) To build schools
 - (C) To recycle water
 - (D) To help fight the illness AIDS

B. READING & WRITING: (80 marks)

I. Read the passage and answer the questions that follow. (15 marks)

Steve grew up in a children's home in Scotland. Every week, the staff took a proportion of the children's pocket money to pay for holidays. Little Steve developed a daring strategy to hang on to what little money he had. He laughs about it now. "I used to swallow all my coins. That got them really furious, so they'd put me in a room on my own as a punishment. After a few minutes in there, I'd hit myself on the chest and cough the money back up."

Since then, Steve has turned into Steve Starr, a professional regurgitator who does up to four shows a day, and can demand fees of \$500-\$2,000 a show.

Everything Steve swallows comes back dry, except for the goldfish. They swim about in his stomach in the water that he swallows for them first. After ten minutes they resume their normal lives in a goldfish bowl. "They never die", says Steve.

Medical experts might have a few worries about Steve. The sight and sound of him swallowing and bringing back a snooker ball sometimes causes even normally calm people to panic. He also smokes a cigarette, retains the smoke in his stomach, then swallows some butane gas and mixes the two. Next he swallows some washing-up liquid, blows a huge bubble, brings up the smoke and gas inside the bubble, cuts the bubble off, gets someone to set light to it, and bang!

Physically, Steve doesn't believe he is any different from the rest of the human race, who use their stomachs simply to digest food. "It's all done by muscle control", he says. "I imagine a little pair of hands in there doing everything, controlled by my brain. I'm sure I could teach anyone to do what I do".

- 1. Why was Steve punished in the children's home?
- 2. What does the sentence "Steve grew up in a children's home" tell you about Steve's early childhood?
- 3. What does the sentence "They'd put me in a room on my own as a punishment" tell you about the children's home?
- 4. Why does the bubble go bang when someone sets light to it?
- 5. What, according to Steve, is the secret of his skill?

II. Read the following passage and then choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the numbered blanks. (15 marks)

THE LANGUAGE OF TEARS

			nal response. Some scientists have
			this does not seem very likely. We
cry from the mom	ent we enter this (1)	for a number o	f reasons. Helpless babies cry to (2)
			le. As they (3) they will
	act parental attention and		
The idea that	(4) a good c	ry can do you (5)	is a very old one and now it s shown that they (7) a
has scientific (6)	since recent	research into tears has	s shown that they (7) a
natural painkiller	called enkaphalin. By (8) sorrow a	and pain this chemical helps you to
feel better. Weepin	ng can increase the quant	tities of enkaphalin you	(9)
Unfortunately,	in our society we impo	se restrictions upon this	s naturally (10) activity.
Because some peo	ople still regard it as a (11) of weal	kness in men, boys in particular are
admonished when	they cry. This kind of	repression can only in	crease stress, both emotionally and
physically.			
Tears of emoti	on also help the body (1	2) itself of	toxic chemical (13), for
there is more pro	tein in them than in to	ears resulting from co.	ld winds or other irritants. Crying
			popularity of the highly emotional
			s that people enjoy crying together
	laughing together.	 •	
		C. earth	D. space
2. A. commu	B. place nicate B. persuade	C. inform	D. demonstrate
3. A. evolve	B. change	C. develop	D. alter
4. A. doing	B. making	C. getting	D. having
5. A. better	B. fine	C. good	D. well
6. A. validity	B. fine B. truth	C. reality	
7. A. contain	B. retain	C. hold	
	ng B. fighting		4
9. A. construc	et B. achieve	C. provide	D. produce
	B. treating	C. healing	D. improving
11. A. hint		C. feature	D. sign
12. A. release	•	C. loosen	•
	B. waste	C. leftovers	
	B. remark	C. distinguish	
	B. entitled	C. subtitled	D. called
10.11.111100	D. Ominica	C. Subtition	D. caned
III. Read the followin	a text and then choose t	the hest phrase or sente	nce, given below, to fill each of the
gans. Write one letter	(A-P) in each of the nu	mborod aans. Fack nh	rase is only used once. Some of the
suggested answers do	not fit at all. (15 marks)	moereu gups. Duch par	use is only used once. Some of the
	`		lest "statue" - a stone, standing four
	red with plaster (1)		
			who were emerging from
the pre-agricul	tural Stone Age into the	Neolithic world of early	who were emerging nome
The eta	tue probably of religiou	recondine world of early	ated inside a prehistoric house - one
of the earliest	conhictionted buildings	(2) Invoce	rightions have shown that the house
had (4)	sopinsucated buildings	(5) IIIVESI	tigations have shown that the house
So for	with clay-coated, l	hine-piasiered wans and	1 1100r. ntoining series standing stance (5)
			ntaining seven standing stones, (5)
	etain traces of lime plaste		
			been shaped into the likeness of a
numan benig.	n is by ceimines old	to have had at least a	reviously known oldest statue. (8) ne standing stone inside it, and that
one house actu		to have had at least of	he standing stone inside it, and that
one nouse actu	any nau unce.		_

The plaster-covered human shaped obelisk (9) and part of a neck. The "head", however, (10)	shoulders and the stumps of arms
A. ever discovered by archaeologists B. molded into the shape	I. beautifully finishedJ. than the remaining
C. to have been built D. strangely carved E. was fashioned by people F. excavations have revealed G. only one of these	K. has what appear to beL. seems to have broken offM. four of whichN. has been missing
G. only one of these H. neither of them	O. it has been decided P. than the world's
IV. Read the text below and think of the word which best fi space. (20 marks)	
and so reliable measures of intake are hard to come (12 Those who believe that salt does (1 (14)to the high incidence of high blood	are common in the human rical and biochemical (5) We may still be bad for us. Although the idea ture (8) back to 2000 BC, there this so or not. One reason for this (10) to high blood pressure pressure in countries that eat a very (15) fish is an important part of the diet, high re common, (17) among some e of salt, they are almost (18) those countries have a similar salt intake don't show any

V. There are ten mistakes in the following passage. Find and correct them. Follow the example. (15 marks)

Example: Line 1: 0. which → when

FAMILY HISTORY

In an age <u>which</u> technology is developed faster than ever before, many people are being attracted by the idea of looking back into the past. One way they can make this is by investigating their own family history. They can try to find out more about what their families came from and what they did. This is now a fast-growing hobby, especially in countries with a fairly short history, alike Australia and the United States.

It is one thing to spend some time going through a book on family history and to take the decision to investigate your own family's past. It is quite another to carry out the research work successfully. It is easy to set about it in a disorganizing way and cause yourself many problems that could have avoided with a little forward planning.

If your own family stories say you that you are connected with a famous character, whether hero or criminal, not to let this idea take over your research. Just treat it as an interesting possibility. A simple system for collecting and storing your information will be adequate to start with; a more complex one may only get in your way. The most important thing, though, is to get starting. Who knows what you might find?

---- THE END ----

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO LONG AN

Kỳ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI LỚP 12 - VÒNG 1

Đề chính thức

Ngày thi: 06/10/2011 Môn thi: Tiếng Anh

Bảng A

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM THI

Tổng số điểm các phần của bài thi là 100. Sau khi chấm từng phần của bài làm, giám khảo cộng và ghi tổng điểm trên hệ 100 vào khung điểm ghi bằng chữ, sau đó chia điểm này cho 20 để có điểm bài thi trên hệ 20. Ghi điểm bài thi trên hệ 20 không làm tròn số vào khung điểm ghi bằng chữ.

C. LISTENING: (20 marks)

- 1. (C) (4 marks)
- 2. (A) (4 marks)
 - (C) (4 marks)
- 3. (C) (4 marks)
- 4. (D) (4 marks)

D. READING & WRITING: (80 marks)

II. Total: 15 marks (3 marks for each)

- 1. Because he would not let staff take away his pocket money for holiday he swallowed it instead.
- 2. Steve was possibly an orphan or his parents could not look after him.
- 3. It was probably run on strict, disciplinarian lines.
- 4. Because it contains butane gas.
- 5. The secret of his skill is muscle control.

III. Total: 15 marks (1 mark for each)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Α	В	C	D	С	Α	Α	В	D	С	D	В	В	Α	D

III. Total: 15 marks (1.5 marks for each)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
В	Е	Α	I	M	G	P	F	K	L

IV. Total: 20 marks (1 mark for each)

- 1. cause
- 2. consists
- 3. which
- 4. body
- 5. processes
- 6. much
- 7. link/relationship/connection
- 8. goes/dates
- 9. agreement/consensus/evidence/proof
- 10. failure/inability

- 11. varies/differs/changes
- 12. by
- 13. lead/contribute
- 14. point
- 15. salty
- 16. its
- 17. whereas/while
- 18. unknown/non-existent
- 19. whereas/while
- 20.within

V. Total: 15 marks (1.5 marks for each)

- Find the mistake \rightarrow 0.75 mark
- Correct the mistake → 0.75 mark
- 1. developed → developing
- 2. (attracted) by \rightarrow (attracted) to
- 3. make → do
- 4. what \rightarrow where
- 5. alike → like
- 6. disorganizing → disorganized
- 7. have avoided → have been avoided
- 8. say \rightarrow tell
- 9. not to \rightarrow don't
- 10. starting → started

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO LONG AN

KỲ THI CÁP TỈNH CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI LỚP 12 - VÒNG 1

Ngày thi: 06/10/2011

MÔN THI : TIẾNG ANH BẢNG B

Thời gian làm bài : 180 phút cho cả hai phần A và B

ĐÈ CHÍNH THỰC

LƯU Ý : THÍ SINH LÀM BÀI THI TRÊN GIẦY THI, KHÔNG LÀM TRÊN ĐỀ THI NÀY

A/. LISTENING (20 points)

You will hear a short conversation twice. Each question in this part has four answer choices. Choose the best answer A,B, C or D. Write your answer(s) on your paper.

1. What is the speaker's main point?

- (A) Professional resumé writers can make a lot of money.
- (B) Resumé are easier to write than letters.
- (C) Resumé should be written carefully
- (D) Computers can make resumé writing easier

2. According to the speaker, what can you do if you are not sure of the meaning of a word? Choose 2 answers

- (A) Look it up in dictionary.
- (B) Ask a friend how to spell it.
- (C) Guess the meaning.
- (D) Look it up online.

3. Why should you choose your words carefully?

- (A) You want people to think you're passive.
- (B) Some words sound alike but mean different things.
- (C) Words are very personal.
- (D) Words are very interesting.

4. Why should your resumé look professional?

- (A) More people will read it.
- (B) It could be published.
- (C) An employer may decide to see you or not because of it.
- (D) You will make more money.

B/. READING AND WRITING (80 points)

I/. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions. Write your answers on your paper. (20 points)

One day more than 200 years ago a man complained to his doctor that he had a ball in his throat. "It goes up and down when I breathe", he said. The doctor laughed at him and said, "There is nothing in your throat".

Soon after the man died and the doctor discovered that there was a steel ball in his throat. This unfortunate man worked in needles factory and in the process of grinding steel to make the needles, he had breathed in particles of it which soon accumulated and formed a lump in his throat. Ever since that time workers in factories producing needles have had to wear masks to protect themselves.

Needles were first used by the Stone Age man about 50.000 years ago to stitch together pieces of pelt to make clothes. At the time primitive men used the bones of animals and fish, and even thorns, to make 'needles'- rough stone tools with a hole in one end. Later the Romans and the British used iron and bronze for making needles.

Today's needles are made from steel wire. When you examine a needle it looks quite a simple object but there are fifteen different stages a steel wire has to go through before it becomes a needle. Let us look at some of them.

First the worker cuts a steel wire into the length of two needles. Then he straightens out the wire and sharpens it at both ends. At the center he pierces two eyes: this forms two needles joined end to end. Usually machines are used to break up the needles; only very good quality needles are broken by hand.

The needles are by no means ready yet. They must go into a special machine which removes the rough edges from around the eye of each needle. After this the worker puts all of them into a small furnace called a 'muffle', and when the needles are red hot he plunges them into a container of cold oil. This process is repeated many times to harden the needles and give them elasticity. Washing, rolling and polishing follow, after which needles are put into packets for sale.

You can see needles everywhere today, in your home and in the hospital where they are used as surgical instruments. Compasses and record-players too require different types of needles. The Stone Age man would indeed be amazed if he could see how many uses we have made of his simple invention.

- 1. Why did the doctor laugh at the man who went to him with a complaint?
- 2. Was the doctor right in laughing at the man? Why?
- 3. How had the steel ball formed inside the man's throat?
- 4. Why do workers in needles factories wear masks?
- 5. Why are the needles heated and then cooled many times?

II/. Use the words below to fill in the blanks. Each correct word is only used once. Write the words in the corresponding numbered places on your paper. (30 points)

Passage 1 (10 points)

well – which – works – also – after – grew – order – from – where – as

Leonardo da Vinci is perhaps most famous for his (1) of art. Among his more well-known paintings are the "Mona Lisa" and "The Last Supper" Leonardo was an accomplished painter but he was (2) an architect, a sculptor, an engineer, a scientist and a musician. He was one of the most talented men of all time.

Leonardo was a very curious and creative person. He believed that (7) an artist, he had to acquire an understanding of objects in (8) to paint them well. Before he embarked on a new painting, he would find out all the information he could gather about the subjects he was painting. He would also draw sketches of these subjects in a notebook.

When he was alive, he was accepted as a very learned man. The breath of his knowledge can be seen in more than thirty of his notebooks (9) are still intact today. The notes and drawings in the notebooks included plans for a tank, a helicopter as (10) as a detailed study of the human anatomy.

Passage 2 (20 points)

ENGLISH UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES

consists – just – others – some – proportion – lasts – both – departments – practical – number – changes – spends

All English universities except Oxford and Cambridge are fairy new. London University is the biggest of the modern English Universities and (1)..... of a great variety of colleges and other institutions including medical schools.

A university usually has (2) faculties and departments. The most common faculties are medicine, law, arts, science, and theology. The (3) include engineering, economics, commerce, agriculture, music and technology. After taking examinations a university graduate is awarded with the Degree of Bachelor of Arts or Science, or Engineering, or Medicine, etc. depending on their field of study.

Page 3/4

Each faculty is headed by one or more professors who are helped by a staff of teachers called lecturers. Professors and lecturers spend (4) of their time giving lectures to a large (5) of students or studying with smaller groups and here the students have a chance to argue and discuss.

All universities admit men and women, but the (6) of men is rather more than 75%. Most of the universities provide hostel accommodation for their students. At a university the course of studies (7) six years and the curriculum is wide.

There are many special types of colleges in Great Britain too. They give a specialized training. They are medical, teachers', technical colleges and many (8) One can see colleges within universities. The course of studies at a college is (9) three years. At medical colleges the students study various subjects, learn to treat patients and have (10) work at hospitals. After graduating from the college they are given a certificate.

III/. Each of the following sentences has 4 underlined parts, marked A,B,C and D. Choose the underlined part of the sentence that needs corrections and then give the correct word. Write on your paper (30 points)

Ex:

- 0. They have (A)been (B) living here (C) since six years (D) now. Answer: 0: (C), for
- 1. Each of the (A) students (B) in the accounting class (C) has to type (D) their own research paper this semester.
- 2. (A) Plants and animals (B) live in the see sank (C) to the sea bed (D) when they died.
- 3. How (A) much times (B) did Rich and Jennifer have to do the experiment before they (C) obtained the results they had (D) been expecting.
- 4. Mrs. Stevens, along (A) with, (B) her cousins from New Mexico, (C) are planning (D) to attend the festivities.
- 5. (A) Joel giving up (B) smoking has (C) caused him to gain weight and (D) become irritable with his acquaintances.
- 6. I (A) will send this book (B) to you (C) before I (D) will finish it.
- 7. (A) Establishing in 1984 (B) for students who wanted to study art and music subjects, LaGuardia (C) was the first public school of (D) its kind.
- 8. Alloys of gold and copper (A) have been (B) widely (C) using in (D) various types of coins.
- 9. We should put (A) people first and (B) save people's (C) lives is still the top priority of our (D) relief work.
- 10. Scientists and economists (A) believe that human beings (B) can never (C) use away all the (D) mineral resources on Earth.

- THE END -

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO LONG AN

KÝ THI CÁP TỈNH CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI LỚP 12 - VÒNG 1

Ngày thi: 06/10/2011

MÔN THI: TIẾNG ANH BẢNG B

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỰC

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM ĐỀ CHÍNH THỰC MÔN TIẾNG ANH

Tổng số điểm các phần của bài thi môn Tiếng Anh là 100. Sau khi chấm từng phần của bài làm, giám khảo cộng và ghi tổng điểm bài làm trên hệ 100 vào khung điểm số ghi bằng chữ, sau đó chia điểm này cho 20 để có điểm bài thi trên hệ 20. Ghi điểm bài thi trên hệ 20 này (không làm tròn số) vào khung điểm số ghi bằng chữ.

PHÂN THI NGHE

- 1/. Số điểm tối đa của phần này là 20. Mỗi câu trả lời đúng được 4 điểm
 - 1. (C) Resumé should be written carefully. (4 điểm)
 - 2. (A) Look it up in dictionary and (D) Look it up online. (8 điểm)
 - 3. (B) Some words sound alike but mean different things. (4 diem)
 - 4. (C) An employer may decide to see you or not because of it. (4 diem)

PHÀN THI ĐỌC - VIẾT

- II/. Số điểm tối đa của phần này là 20. Mỗi câu trả lời đúng như hướng dẫn chấm này được 4 điểm.
 - 1. Because the doctor was amused with the man's story.
 - 2. No, he wasn't. Because there was a real steel ball in the man's throat.
 - 3. He had breathed in particles of steel at work.
 - 4. They wear masks to protect themselves from breathing in steel particles.
 - 5. The needles are heated and cooled many times to harden the needles and give them elasticity.

III/. Số điểm tối đa của phần này là 30. Mỗi câu trả lời đúng như hướng dẫn chấm này được 1 điểm đối với đọan 1, 2 điểm đối với đọan 2.

Passage 1:

- 1. works
- 2. also
- 3. after
- 4. where
- 5. grew

- 6. from
- 7. as
- 8. order
- 9. which
- 10. well

Passage 2:

- 1. consists
- 2. both

- 3. departments
- 4. some
- 5. number

6. proportion

9. just

7. lasts

10. practical

8. others

IV/. Số điểm tối đa của phần này là 30. Mỗi câu đúng là 3 điểm (phát hiện lỗi 1 điểm, sửa lỗi 2điểm)

1. (D) His/her

2. (B) living

3. (A) many

4. (C) is

5. (A) Joe's

6. (D) finish

7. (A) Established

8. (C) used

9. (B) saving

10. (C) use up

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO TỈNH ĐÁK LÁK

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI CÁP TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2011 - 2012 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

ĐÈ CHÍNH THỰC

Thời gian làm bài: 30 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề)

Điểm	Giám khảo 1	Giám khảo 2	Mã bài thi
		•	

I. LISTENING (3/20 points)

Part 1: Listen to the talk about koala a	nd write down the missing information in the notes	
below.		
Koala is the (1)	It is (2) feet long, with a rady eyes but no (3) The full e (5), not bears at all.	ears
seeming as if they were stuck on, and it has be	eady eyes but no (3) . The fu	ır is
(4) in colour. They are	e (5) not bears at all.	
Koalas spend almost all their lives in the eucal	yptus trees and eat the (6)	Αl
	. and the hillsely are divided into two drolles	1 112
toe is thumb-like. All of these features aid in c	limbing. Koalas are able to (8)	
from one upright branch to another with surpris	sing skill.	
The baby is carried in the (9)	at first, then it clings to the fur of the ((10)
until it is almost as la	arge as the mother. Koalas become quite tame and the	hev
are great attractions at the Australian zoos and I	parks.	,
Part 2: Shirley and Chris are on the tr	rain. Listen to their conversation about how crossw	o rd
puzzles are created and circle the correct answ	ver (A,B,C or D) to each of the following questions.	oru
11. How long does it take Shirley and Chris to	Edinburgh?	
A. five hours and twenty minutes C. half an hour	B. an hour	
C. half an hour	D. four hours and fifteen minutes	
12. Where and when was the crossword puzzle;	first introduced?	
A. in a magazine – on a Sunday C. in New York Times – in 1913	B. in a newspaper – in 1930	
C. in New York Times – in 1913	D. in a supplement – in 1913	
13. What was the designer of the crossword puz	zles inspired by?	
A. a children's game		
C. a children's play	D. a magic man	
14. What did he add into the crossword puzzles:	?	
A. some cues and blank squares	B. some words and colourful squares	
C. some words and colourful pictures	D. some clues and printed squares	
15. When did the crossword puzzles become pop	oular with every American newspaper?	
A. by the beginning of 1920 C. by the beginning of the 19 th century	D. by the end of 1920	
16. Which kind of books brought booksellers rei	markable sales?	
A. picture books and dictionaries	B. fictions and non-fictions	
C. reference books	D. dictionaries	
17. How do crossword puzzle makers challenge	the abilities of their players?	

	B. use dictionaries I puzzle books D. use the same techniques
	B. the creator of a newspaper
19. How can Eugene Waleska do the crossA. begin with different themes and listB. begin with words ending in J or XC. fill in the grid in the lower right corn	a lot of related words ner first and begin with the long words
D. begin with the words he likes in the 20. How long did it use to take him to com	
A. long time	B. few hours
C. half an hour	D. less than an hour
Part 3: Listen to the conversate following questions.	ion among Nancy, Jeff and Mari and then answer the
21. Why is Jeff reading the classified ads?	
22. What kind of job would Jeff prefer?	
23. Where does he work now?	•
24. What was Jeff's first job?	
25. What was the problem with Jeff's first	
26. What does Nancy do?	······································
27. Why is Nancy unhappy with her job?	
28. How long has Nancy been doing her p	resent job?
29. Why can't Mari work in the United Sta	
30. What does Jeff suggest at the end of th	·
•••••	

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI CÁP TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT TỈNH ĐẮK LẮK NĂM HỌC 2011 - 2012 MÔN: TIẾNG ANḤ

basilisk B. bison C. basic D. basin subtlety B. indebtedness C. bombard D. combing benevolent B. content C. molecules D. technique conscience B. bronchitis C. shuttle D. chauffeur Part 2: Choose the word whose syllable is stressed differently from that of the others Circle A, B, C or D to indicate your answer. comic B. clementine C. climax D. thermonuclear diligent B. dimension C. action D. innate characterize B. absence C. datum D. charcoal solicitor B. separately C. spacious D. sequence A. parachute B. armchair C. accent D. accidentally EXICO - GRAMMAR (6/20 points) Part 1: Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence. Circle A, B, C of the cate your answer. A. quality B. quantity C. quandary D. qualification Only the of the building is going to be remodeled. A. insides B. interior C. indoors D. inner Whether the sports club survives is a matter of complete to me. A. indifference B. disinterest C. importance D. interest After years of neglect there was a huge program to return the city to its former glory. A. restoration B. preservation C. conservation D. refurbishment The assistant suggested the next day when the manager would be there. A. we are coming back B. to come back C. we will come back D. we came back never get a of sleep after watching a horror film.	ĐỀ CHÍNH THỦ	Thời giá		ion: HENG ANH 50 phút (không kể thờ	ri gian giao đề)
Part 1: Circle the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the res in each group. Circle A, B, C or D to indicate your answer. Arrow	Điểm	Giám kh	ảo 1	Giám khảo 2	Mã bài thi
Part 1: Circle the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the res in each group. Circle A, B, C or D to indicate your answer. Arrow					
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Circle A, B, C or D to indicate your answer. . comic B. clementine C. climax D. thermonuclear diligent B. dimension C. action D. innate . characterize B. absence C. datum D. charcoal . solicitor B. separately C. spacious D. sequence A. parachute B. armchair C. accent D. accidentally . EXICO – GRAMMAR (6/20 points) Part 1: Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence. Circle A, B, C ocate your answer. A. quality B. quantity C. quandary D. qualification Donly the of the building is going to be remodeled. A. insides B. interior C. indoors D. inner Whether the sports club survives is a matter of complete to me. A. indifference B. disinterest C. importance D. interest After years of neglect there was a huge program to return the city to its former glory A. restoration B. preservation C. conservation D. refurbishment The assistant suggested the next day when the manager would be there. A. we are coming back B. to come back C. we will come back D. we came back never get a of sleep after watching a horror film.	Part 2: Choos	se the word whose sylla	ıble is stresse	ed differently from th	at of the other
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never get a of sleep after watching a horror film.	A. we are coming	back B. to come back	ck C. we w		
	A. wink	B. blink			ounce

17. As it was Christmas, the at church was much larger than usua	al.
A. audience B. convention C. congregation	D. grouping
18. The sheep were huddled into a to protect them from overnight	nt frosts.
A. cage B. kennel C. hutch	D. pen
19. The jury the defendant "not guilty". A. gave B. returned C. subscribed	
A. gave B. returned C. subscribed	D. found
20 Many crafts such as weaving are now being revived.	
A. customary B. habitual C. traditional	D. ordinary
A. customary B. habitual C. traditional 21. He managed to finish his thesis under the of his tutor.	
A. guidance B. help C. aid	D. assistance
22. Mr. Henry was given a medal in of his service to his country	•
A. gratitude B. knowledge C. recognition	D. response
23. Everyone knows about pollution problems, but not many people have	ve any solutions.
A. thought over B. come up with C. looked into	D. got round to
24. You as well seek for a fish in the tree as try to do that.	
A. must B. would C. should	
25 calculations have shown that the earth's resources may run	out before the end of the next
century.	
century. A. Raw B. Rude C. Crude 26. By the time you receive this letter, I for China.	D. Blunt
26. By the time you receive this letter, I for China.	
A. will have left B. have left C. would have left	D. will leave
27. Prizes are awarded the number of points scored.	• .
A. resulting from B. adding up C. presented to	D. according to
28. The needs of gifted children in schools have long been negle	
A. dolefully B. woefully C. idly	D. pathetically
29. I must take this watch to be repaired; it over 20 minutes a da A. increases B. gains C. accelerates	y.
A. increases B. gains C. accelerates	D. progresses
30. It had been a trying afternoon, at about six o'clock in the tele	evision breaking down.
A. culminating B. leading C. arriving	D. finalizing
Part 2: Write the correct FORM of each bracketed word in t	he numbered space provided in
the column on the right. (0) has been done as an example.	• •
According to some (0) (SCIENCE), high-risk sports can	0. scientists
According to some (0) (SCIENCE), high-risk sports can be particularly (31) (VALUE) for certain types of people. Such	31
activities help them to learn that being (32) (FRIGHT) doesn't	32.
mean that they have to lose control. The recent fashion for jumping	
from bridges attached to a (33) (LONG) of elastic rope, known	33
as "bungee jumping", has now been tried by over one million people	
(34) (WORLD) and interest in it is continuing to grow.	34
Before the special elastic rope (35) (TIGHT) around	35.
them, jumpers reach speeds of nearly 160kph. First-timers are usually	
too (36) (TERROR) to open their mouths, and when they are	36
finally (37) (LOW) safely to the ground, they walk around	37.
with broad smiles on their faces, saying (38) (REPEAT) how	38.
amazing it was. However, for some people, it is only the (39)	39.
(EMBARRASS) of refusing to jump at the last minute that finally	
persuades them to conquer their fear of (40) (HIGH) and push	40
themselves off into space.	
•	•

Part 3: The passage below contains 10 mistakes. Underline the mistakes and write their correct forms in the space provided in the column on the right. (0) has been done as an example.

knowledge, partic		. o com alvidod m	to two types.	0. traditional \rightarrow traditionally	
knowledge, partic	s are designed	to measure acquiri	ng skills and	41.	
	ularly those that	have been explicitne	ss taught. The	42.	_
proficiency exams	s required by few	states for high sch	ool graduation	43	
		ests are designed a		44.	_
person's ability to	acquire new sk	ills but knowledge.	For example,	45	_
better like a mack	tests can neip y	ou decide whether	you would do	46	_
some sense achiev	ianic or musician	. However, all men	tal tests are in	47	_
nast learning or	evnerience wit	use they assumption th certainly object	n some sort of	48.	-
situations The di	fference between	achievement and ap	s, words, or	49.	_
the degree and into		acinevement and ap	pillude tests is	50	-
The show poured (52) they come to see? stood (55) traditional (58) with the performances was ended. There were but overall it was	was fully booked and very soon the They came to see for real lions and circuses and to see the National Prote third-rate and an e some amusing readismal show.	the passage. If (51) for we he London Arts Center human beings take tigers. The show we had a message about ction of Animals We embarrassing number noments when the passage.	eeks, and when ter was packed (54) circ as put (56) t cruelty to animiteek. It was a go er of people simpler formers sent rhout for the sh	it opened last night, the publication of the standard of the publication of the standard of th	lid ho 7) tie
	9				ill
Your answers:			54.	55.	ill
Your answers: 51.	52	53			ili
Your answers: 51 56 Part 5: C Write your answe once.	52 57 complete each ser ers in the numbe	5358	59 rect form of Ol		ill w.
Your answers: 51 56 Part 5: C Write your answe once. try out	52 57 Somplete each ser	5358	59 rect form of Ol	NE of the phrasal verbs below	ill w.
Your answers: 51 56 Part 5: C Write your answe once. try out take after	52 57 complete each servers in the number slip up get down	5358ntence with the corrected spaces provided	rect form of Old below the paget by	NE of the phrasal verbs belowers sage. Each verb is used on put out	ill w.

68. Stop wo	orrying about it. Don't 's in quite good condit	let this failureion but you can	you it before	you make any decision to buy,
70. When I Your answe	was in New York, I w	as able to se	veral old friends I	hadn't seen for years.
	62	63	64	65
	67			
Par		HE or Ø (zero arti		ary. Write your answers in the
				beach. She perched way up a she commenced to sing.
(77)		e poured out her se	ong in (78)	t that distance. She looked like great flood of rejoicing through
Your answe	ers:			
71	72	73	74	75
76	77	78	79	80
The a suggested t cry from the their parent	A, B, C or D to indica ability to weep is a weather human tears are (S the moment we enter the	uniquely human for an aq his world, for a nungry or uncomforta	orm of emotional uatic past – but thi umber of reasons. able. As they (82)	response. Some scientists have s does not seem very likely. We Helpless babies cry to persuade they will also cry just to
validity sin	ice recent research in	to tears has shown nd pain this chemi	that they (84)	ld one and now it has scientific a natural painkiller called better. Weeping can increase the
Because so	ome people still rega	rd it as a (87)	of weakness	in men, boys in particular are se stress, both emotionally and
protein in to	them than in tears rest enjoyable – (89)	ulting from cold w the popularity o	inds or other irrita If highly emotional	hemical waste, for there is more nts. Crying comforts, calms and films which are commonly (90 much as laughing together.
81. A. witn 82. A. evol 83. A. bette	ve B. chang	e C	. result . develop . good	D. display D. alter D. well

84. A. contain	B. retain	C. hold	D. keep
85. A. construct	B. achieve	C. provide	D. produce
86. A. curing	B. treating	C. healing	D. improving
87. A. hint	B. symbol	C. feature	D. sign
88. A. release	B. rid	C. loosen	D. expel
89. A. consider	B. remark	C. distinguish	D. regard
90. A. named	B. entitled	C. subtitled	D. called

Part 2: Read the following passage and fill the blank with ONE suitable word. Write your answer in the space provided below the passage.

		2 0			
world a bette turn, depends leaders, engin information a example con those efficient dicta our imaginat challenges.	er place or not depose upon the decisions neers and scientists as their main input, straints of resource with power to contactorships of the pass	ends on the uses to s of many people, es a. The new technologican (95) hum es and geography. (rol their fellow citizat. The new technological people is	morally neutral. (91) which they are (92) specially of politiciar gies, cheap, flexible, an being from many (96) the new tens even more effe gical society will (90) y (100) our i	. And that, (as, managers, trade of dependent on known of their current contechnologies could ctively than in the (b) colossal dependent of their current contechnologies could ctively than in the (b)	(93) (94) vledge and straints for d also (97) (98) emands on
91	92	93.	94.	95.	
96	97.	98.	99.	100.	

Part 3: Read the following passage and answer the questions from 101 to 110.

Legend has it that sometime toward the end of the Civil War (1861-1865) a government train carrying oxen traveling through the northern plains of eastern Wyoming was caught in a snowstorm and had to be abandoned. The driver returned the next spring to see what had become of his cargo. Instead of the skeletons he had expected to find, he saw his oxen, living, fat, and healthy. How had they survived?

The answer lay in a resource that unknowing Americans lands trampled underfoot in their haste to cross the "Great American Desert" to reach lands that sometimes proved barren. In the eastern parts of the United States, the preferred grass for forage was a cultivated plant. It grew well with enough rain, then when cut and stored it would cure and become nourishing hay for winter feed. But in the dry grazing lands of the West that familiar bluejoint grass was often killed by drought. To raise cattle out there seemed risky or even hopeless.

Who could imagine a fairy-tale grass that required no rain and somehow made it possible for cattle to feed themselves all winter? But the surprising western wild grasses did just that. They had wonderfully convenient features that made them superior to the cultivated eastern grasses. Variously known as buffalo grass, grama grass, or mesquite grass, not only were they immune to drought; but they were actually preserved by the lack of summer and autumn rains. They were not juicy like the cultivated eastern grasses, but had short, hard stems. And they did not need to be cured in a barn, but dried right where they grew on the ground. When they dried in this way, they remained naturally sweet and nourishing through the winter. Cattle left outdoors to fend for themselves thrived on this hay. And the cattle themselves helped plant the fresh grass year after year for they trampled the natural seeds

firmly into the soil to be watered by the melting snows of winter and the occasional rains of spring. The dry summer air cured them much as storing in a barn cured the cultivated grasses.

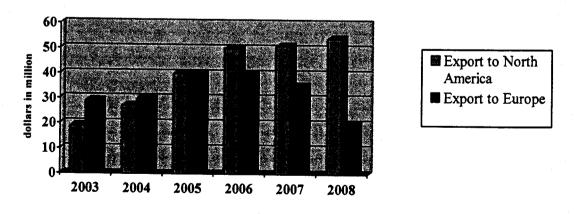
101.	What does the passage mainly discuss?
	A. A type of wild vegetation B. Western migration after Civil War
	C. The raising of cattle D. The climate of the Western United States
	What can be inferred by the phrase "Legend has it" in line 1?
	A. Most history book include the story of the train.
	B. The story of the train is similar to other ones from that time period.
	C. The driver of the train invented the story.
	D. The story of the train may not be completed factual.
103.	The word "they" in line 4 refers to
	A. plains B. skeletons C. oxen D. Americans
104.	What can be inferred about the "Great American Desert" mentioned in line 7?
	A. Many had settled there by the 1860's.
	B. It was not originally assumed to be a fertile area.
	C. It was a popular place to raise cattle before the Civil War.
	D. It was not discovered until the late 1800's.
105.	The word "barren" in line 7 is closed in meaning to
	A. lonely B. uncomfortable C. infertile D. dangerous
106.	The word "preferred" in line 8 is closed in meaning to
105	A. favored B. available C. ordinary D. required
	Which of the following can be inferred about the cultivated grass mentioned in the second
para	agraph?
	A. Cattle raised in the Western United States refused to eat it.
	B. It had to be imported into the United States.
	C. It would probably not grow in the western United States.
100	D. It was difficult for cattle to digest. Which of the following was NOT one of the names given to the western grasses?
108.	A. Mesquite grass B. Bluejoint grass C. Buffalo grass D. Grama grass
100	Which of the following was NOT mentioned as a characteristic of western grasses?
107.	A They contain little moisture R They have tough stems
	A. They contain little moisture C. They can be grown indoors B. They have tough stems D. They are not affected by dry weather
110	According to the passage, the cattle help promote the growth of the wild grass by
110.	A. eating only small quantities of grass.
	B. continually moving from one grazing area to another.
	C. naturally fertilizing the soil.
	D. stepping on and pressing the seeds into the ground.
IV.	WRITING (6/20 points)
	Part 1: Finish the second sentence in such a way that it means exactly the same as the
sent	ence printed before it
111.	. Customs officials are stopping more travelers than usual this week.
	An increased
	I left without saving goodbye as I didn't want to disturb the meeting

→ Rather
113. My decision to get up and dance coincided with the band's decision to stop playing.
→ The moment
114. He never suspected that the bicycle had been stolen.
→ At no time
115. How could I help, except to offer to lend her some money?
→ Other

Part 2: Use the word(s) given in the brackets and make any necessary additions to complete a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Do NOT change the form of the given word(s).

Part 3: Company ABC exports its products mainly to North America and Europe. The following chart shows the sales figures of Company ABC from 2003 to 2008. Write a report (of about 150 words) to the company management describing the information shows in the chart.

Sales figures of Company ABC's export to North America and Europe 2003-2008



••••	
*	
•	
Part 4: Traffic jams are a common pheno.	menon in big cities in Vietnam. Write a report (of about
Part 4: Traffic jams are a common pheno 200 words) to the municipal government preport should include the government and t	menon in big cities in Vietnam. Write a report (of about voviding suggestions as to how to solve the problem. Your he citizens.
200 words) to the municipal government preport should include the government and t	oviding suggestions as to how to solve the problem. Your
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SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TAO TỈNH ĐẢK LÁK

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI CÁP TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HQC 2011 - 2012

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH ĐÁP ÁN VÀ HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM ĐỀ CHÍNH THỰC

I. LISTENING: 3/20 points

Part 1: $(10 \times 0.1 = 1)$

- 1. Australian teddy bear
- 3. tail
- 5. pouched mamals
- 7. sharp claws
- 9. pouch

- 2. two and a half
- 4. blue-grey
- 6. leaves
- 8. spring
- 10. mother's back

Part 2: $(10 \times 0.1 = 1)$

- 11. B
- 12. D 17. A
- 13. A 18. C
- 14. A 19. C
- 15. B 20. A

16. D Part 3: $(10 \times 0.1 = 1)$

- 21. To find a job.
- 22. A job involving music, like in a record store.
- 23. At a computer store.
- 24. A burger flipper.
- 25. It was a boring job because he had to make hamburgers all day long.
- 26. She is a teacher.
- 27. She is tired of teaching.
- 28. Twelve years.
- 29. Because she is an international student.
- 30. He suggests that they should go out for dinner and he would pay for the meal.

I. PHONETICS: 1/20 points

Part 1: $(5 \times 0.1 = 0.5)$

- 1. B 2. A
- 3. C
 - 4. C
- 5. B

Part 2: $(5 \times 0.1 = 0.5)$

- 6. D
- 7. B 8. A
- 10. D

II. LEXICO - GRAMMAR: 6/20 points

Part 1: $(20 \times 0.05 = 1)$

Part 2: $(10 \times 0.1 = 1)$

- 11. B 12. B
- 13. A

28. B

14. A

9. A

15. D

- 16. A 17. C 21. A
 - 22. C
- 18. D 23. B
- 19. D 24. D 29. B
- 20, C 25. C

30. A

- 26. A 27. D
- 31. value \rightarrow valuable
- 36. terror \rightarrow terrified
- 32. fright → frightened
- 37. low \rightarrow lowered
- 33. long \rightarrow length
- 38. repeat \rightarrow repeatedly

39. embarrass → embarrassment

- 34. world worldwide 35. tight → tightened
- 40. high → heights
- Part 3: $(10 \times 0.1 = 1)$

 - 41. acquiring → acquired
- 46. vocation \rightarrow vocational
- 42. explicitness → explicitly
- 47. like \rightarrow as
- 43. few \rightarrow a few
- 48. assumption \rightarrow assume

```
44, and \rightarrow to
                                            49. certainly \rightarrow certain
                                            50. intention \rightarrow intended
        45. but \rightarrow to
Part 4: (10 \times 0.1 = 1)
                      52. in
                                                       54, off
        51. up
                                      53. out
                                                                       55. in
        56. on
                      57. against
                                      58. in
                                                      59. out
                                                                       60. up
Part 5: (10 \times 0.1 = 1)
        61. get by
                     62, going through
                                            63. take after
                                                                                         65, turned down
                                                                   64. slip up
        66. put out 67. carry on
                                            68. get down
                                                                   69. try out
                                                                                         70. look up
Part 6: (10 \times 0.1 = 1)
        71. a
                     72. the
                                   73. a
                                                      74. the
                                                                       75. the
        76. a
                     77. an
                                  78. a
                                                      79. the
                                                                       80. Ø
III. READING COMPREHENSION: 4/20 points
Part 1: (10 \times 0.1 = 1)
        81. B
                     82. C
                                   83. C
                                                  84. A
                                                                       85. D
        86. C
                    87. D
                                   88. B
                                                  89. A
                                                                       90. D
Part 2: (10 \times 0.1 = 1)
        91. whether 92. put
                                            93. in
                                                                   94. union
                                                                                         95. free
                                            98. most
        96. but
                      97. enable
                                                                   99, make
                                                                                         100. of
Part 3: (10 \times 0.2 = 2)
        101. A
                      102. B
                                      103. C
                                                                       105. C
                                                       104. D
        106. A
                      107. C
                                      108. B
                                                       109. D
                                                                       110. B
```

IV. WRITING: 6/20 points

Part 1: $(5 \times 0.2 = 1)$

- 111. An increased number of travellers is being stopped by customs officials this week.
- 112. Rather than disturb the meeting, I left without saying goodbye.
- 113. The moment I decided to get up to dance, the band decided to stop playing.
- 114. At no time did he suspect that the bicycle had been stolen.
- 115. Other than to offer to lend her some money, how could I help?

Part 2: $(5 \times 0.2 = 1)$

116. his achievements are unsurpassed.

- 117. pulled a face as he swallowed.
- 118. will take longer than originally planned, which is.
- 119. whetted my appetite for the rest of.

120. not to drive for fear of.

Part 3: 20 points

Some expressions and structures:

- the bar chart displays...
- it can be seen that ...
- to keep rising/falling...
- to experience a rise/ a fall...from...to...
- to increase steadily
- to remain unchanged
- to reach the point of ...
- to drop to ...

Part 4: 20 points Possible outline: Introduction: Agree

Body:

- More efficient and economical
 Less land for parking
 Fewer accidents

- 4. Conclusion: A better choice

THE END ==

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO BÉN TRE

ĐỀ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI LỚP 12 TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG CẤP TỈNH NĂM HỌC 2012-2013 Môn: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian: 180 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

		I not gian	: 180 phút (khôr	ig kế thời gian phá	it đê)
Tổng số	ố điểm:		Số phá	ch:	
- B	àng số:			(Do Chủ tịch H	lội đồng chấm thi ghi)
	<u>L</u>			Họ tên và chữ	ký Giám khảo:
- B	àng chữ:		1.		
			2.		
-Thí sin		rực tiếp vào đề	thi. vị trí quy định	trên hài thị	
				iteli bal tili.	,
SECTI HƯỚN	<u>ON I</u> : LIS IG DÂN PH	TENING (3.0 LÀN THI NGH	points) IE HIĒU		
				2 lần, mỗi lần cá	-11 10 10
•	Mir Air mã	m z pnan, moi	pnun uuve ngne	z ian, moi ian ca	cn nnau 10 giay.
				ỗi phần cách nhai	u 30 giay.
			và câu hỏi trướ		
PAKI	<u>l</u> : You Will I	hear the talk al	out film ceremo	nies. Choose the l	best answer A, B, or C. Put a
			swer box below.	(1.5 pts)	
			ally take place?		
		ginning of Febr	nuary		
		d of the year			
		er awards ceren			
				he Oscars on TV?	
	A. 250 billio		billion		C. 27 million
			obes Awards tak		
			B. in different p	olaces	C. in Beverley Hills
		the awards?			
	A. actors		B. members of	different charities	C. journalists
			y Awards given		
			reat performance		C. good writing
6.	Why did H	alle Berry surp	rise people in Ho	ollywood?	•
		ected her Razzi			
]	B. She wrot	e an angry lette	er to the newspar	ers	
		an Oscar for Ca			

Your answers:

1.	A B O	3.	AB O	5.	A B C
2.	A B C	4.	0 B C	6.	A B C

PART 2: You will hear an interview about a kind of music and dance called Bhangra and complete the sentences. Write your answers directly onto the numbered spaces. (1.5 pts)

BHANGRA

harvest instrum hop and to mov	t time and also to celebrate is a type ofd	ate New Year and(9). M(10). The dancers in(11). Women	istan. People traditionally(8). Iany modern pop artists m Ayesha's class learn the c n wear colourful clothes	The most traditional ix bhangra with hip lance steps and how
PAR	<u>FION 2</u> : VOCABULAI <u>T 1</u> : Put a cross (X) on v. (2.0 pts)	•) points) or D) for each item in th	e answer box
1.	We usually	to the cinema on Frid	lays.	
	A. am going	B. have gone	C. go	D. will go
2.		ed on a beautiful		
	A. luxury		C. trendy	D. steep
3.	•	not eat anything before	_	p
	A. must	B. would		D. have to
4.	Water pollution is ofte	n caused by industrial	from factories	3.
	A. fuels	B. rain	C. gases	D. waste
5.		ter company	-	
	A. who	B. which	C. where	D. whose
6.		from the		
	A. flowers	B. grapes	C. people	D. earrings
7.	She complained that the		meals for vegetarians.	
	A. some	B. little	C. few	D. any
8.	of the ri	vers are close to burstin	g their banks.	
	A. Every	B. Either	C. Both	D. None
9.		tickets for	the performance.	
	A. hire	B. rent	C. book	D. reach
10.	Anne doesn't like bein	g what to	do.	
	A. said	B.told	C.suggested	D.ordered
11.	Peter knew he wouldn	't get with	cheating in the exam.	
	A. along	B. on	C. up	D. away
12.		on the way to worl		
	A. off	B. up	C. down	D. into

13. I can't lend you my book. I haven't finished reading it						
	A. still	B. yet	C. alre	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	D. at the moment	
14	. You	smoke in a hospit		•		
	A. mustn't	B. need	edn't C. dor	i't have to	D. couldn't	
15	. Mount Everest	is mou	untain in the world.		•	
	A. high	B. high	her C. the hi	ghest	D. the most high	
16	. Jane makes a	working	g as a bus driver.		U	
	A. living	B. prof	fit C. mone	y	D. livelihood	
17	. I didn't break tl	he window on	It was an ac	cident.		
	A. trouble	B. purp	pose C. value		D. heart	
18	. She's not really	y hurt. She's just				
		В. сору			D. imagining	
19	. If you downloa	id music illegally, you	ou're th	e law.		
	A. turning		aking C. failing	g	D. hitting	
20.		get our train tickets in	in		_	
	A. sale	B. orde	er C. price		D. advance	
			our answers:			
1.	A B C D 5.	A B C D 9.	(A) (B) (C) (D) 13.	(A) (B) (C) (D) 17.	A B C D	
2.	A B C D 6.	(A) (B) (C) (D) 10 .	(A) (B) (C) (D) 14.	A B C D 18.	A B C D	
3.	A B © D 7.	(A) (B) (C) (D) 11.	(A) (B) (C) (D) 15.	(A) (B) (C) (D) 19.	A B C D	
4.	A B © D 8.	(A) (B) (C) (D) 12.	A B C D 16.	(A) (B) (C) (D) 20.	A B C D	
PA	RT 2: Read the tex	t below. Use the wor	rds given in capitals	at the end of each li		
wor	PART 2: Read the text below. Use the words given in capitals at the end of each line to form a word that fits the space in the same line. Write your answers in the numbered box below. (2.0)					

pts)

A Healthier Life

Many people believe that a bad diet and not enough exercise are causing children to	
gain (21) A Canadian scientist, Dr Paul Veugelers, created a	WEIGH
programme that was (22) designed to improve the situation.	SPECIAL
Pupils were given lessons about food and health. In addition, the pupils in these	
schools exercised (23) and ate less junk food during school	DAY
hours.	
Veugelers found that regular physical (24), a better diet,	ACTIVE
and lessons about eating (25) food helped the children.	HEALTH
They became thinner and fitter.	
However, some of the parents were not so (26) with the	THRILL
programme. (27), they felt that the lessons on food choices	APPARENT
were (28) and a waste of time. They thought their children	NECESSARY
should study more important subjects like maths and history. But other parents	
disagreed. They said that eating (29) and exercising regularly	PROPER
improved the children's (30) and also helped them learn	FIT
better in school.	

Your answers:					
21.	26.				
22.	27.				
23.	28.				

24.	29.	
25.	30.	

PART 3: Use ONE correct word to complete each gap. Write your answers directly onto the numbered spaces. (2.0 pts)

EARTH WATCH

The environmental organization that cares

Are you worried (31) our planet?
We are Earthwatch care about the damage that's being done (32) our environment.
We're aware (33) the problems that this damage will cause in the future, and we
believe that we're extremely short (34)time. If we don't act soon, it will be late.
There's been an increase (35) all kinds of pollution in the past hundred years. This
pollution is destroying the ozone level, and creating global warming. We've got to prevent
people (36) polluting the planet further. It's not going to be easy to save the Earth
(37) destruction, but we have to try.
If you're afraid (38) what might happen if we don't all change our ways, if you're
serious about helping to save the world, if you're enthusiastic (39) fighting for the
only planet we've got, then we want to hear from you!
Think (40) it! You can't escape from the facts. The Earth is in danger and
it's going to take every single one of us to help save it. Join us today!

SECTION 3: READING COMPREHENSION (6.5 points)

<u>PART 1</u>: You are going to read an article by the author of a best-selling novel. For questions 1-8, choose the answer A, B, C or D which you think fits best according to the text .(4.0 pts) **GREAT WHITE LIES**

"Jaws" cast the great white shark as public enemy number one, but more than 25 years later its author, Peter Benchley, admits it was safe to go into the water after all.

'Shark on the bait!' shouted Andre Harman, pointing to a spot a few yards behind the outboard motors. His voice gave no indication of panic, but the crew suddenly became tense and fixed their eyes on the water. And there it was. Its steel-grey dorsal fin was slicing the glass-calm sea as we stood and stared. Slowly, smoothly, Andre drew in the bait. The big shark followed. No one asked what kind of shark it was. Everything about it, from its colour to its shape, broadcast its identity: a great white shark.

5

10

Andre lifted the bait aboard and quickly knelt. Placing himself between the two motors, he plunged his right hand into the water just as the great conical head reached the first motor. 'For goodness sake. Andre!' I said. His hand grabbed the snout, moving it away from the shaft of the motor, guiding the shark's head up as it rose out of the water. There, in an instant was its mouth, the kept it there, and when I did let go, the shark 40 snapped and snapped as if it was searching for whatever it was that had hypnotized it.'

By now the photographer David Doubilet and I were becoming used to unusual. Nearly every encounter we had had with the great whites had 45 been totally illogical. The more we learned, the more we realized how little was really known about them. Despite vast leaps of knowledge since Jaws was published more than a quarter of a century ago, no one yet knows what causes one 50 great white shark to attack, kill and eat a human being and another to bite and spit out its victim.

Still, considering the knowledge which has been accumulated about great whites in the past 25 years, I have become convinced that I couldn't 55 possibly write Jaws today - at least, not in good conscience. Back then, it was generally accepted

- jaw dropping to reveal rows of serrated triangular dagger. Andre's hand held the snout, almost stroking it. No one spoke. No one breathed. The moment seemed endless. In fact, it lasted a couple of seconds, certainly less than five, before Andre
- pulled his hand back. For one more heartbeat, the shark remained suspended and then half-slid, half-fell backward, slipping beneath the surface down into the gloom.
- 30 Still nobody spoke. Then Andre smiled and said: 'The first time was an accident. I was just trying to move a shark away from the motor. Sharks are attracted to motors by their electrical signals and have a habit of biting them to see if they are edible.' A former commercial fisherman, Andre
- has worked with great white sharks for years. 'My hand landed on its nose, and it sort of paused, so I

that great whites ate people by choice. Now we know that almost every attack on a human is an accident in which the shark mistakes a human for 60 its normal prey.

Back then, we thought that once a great white scented blood, it would launch a feeding frenzy that would lead to death. Now we know that nearly three-quarters of bite victims survive, 65 perhaps because the shark recognizes that it has made a mistake and doesn't return for a second bite. Back then we believed that great whites attacked boats. Now we know that their sensory systems detect movement, sound electrical fields 70 and they are just coming to investigate. Finally, back then it was fine to demonise a creature that appeared to be infinite in number.

75

- 1. Why didn't anyone ask what kind of shark was on the bait?
 - A. The answer was obvious.
 - B. Everyone was too frightened to speak.
 - C. No one could see the whole shark.
 - D. None of the crew was an expert.
- 2. Why did the writer say, 'For goodness sake, Andre!'?
 - A. He thought Andre would fall in.
 - B. It wasn't the right time for Andre to repair the engine.
 - C. He felt annoyed by Andre's behavior.
 - D. Andre was about to touch the shark.
- 3. Why did Andre touch the shark?
 - A. He wanted to look inside its mouth.
 - B. He was trying to protect it from the motor.
 - C. He was feeding it.
 - D. He didn't mean to touch it.
- 4. Why everyone remain silent and stop breathing?
 - A. They thought they were all going to die.
 - B. They were both amazed and frightened.
 - C. The air was very thin.
 - D. They were getting ready to dive into the sea.
- 5. What does 'they' in line 36 refer to?
 - A. electrical signals
 - B. sharks
 - C. boats
 - D. motors
- 6. How does the writer describe his encounters with great whites?
 - A. frightening

- B. pointless
- C. educational
- D. ridiculous
- 7. Why does the writer feel he couldn't write Jaws today?
 - A. It wouldn't be a success.
 - **B.** He is too busy with research.
 - C. He wouldn't be paid enough.
 - D. We now know a lot more about sharks.
- 8. Why do most bite victims of shark attacks survive?
 - A. Sharks need at least two bites to kill a human.
 - B. Most people manage to swim to safety.
 - C. The shark stops attacking.
 - D. Swimmers are taught how to fight off sharks.

Your answers:

1.	A B C D	3. A B C D	5.	A B C D	7.	A B C D
2.	A B C D	4. A B C D	6.	A B C D	8.	ABCD

PART 2: Read the text below and decide which answer, A, B, C or D, best fits each space. (2. 5 pts)

Brandenburg and the MP3

Technology has changed the music industry dramatically over the last 20 years. One of the most (9) ------- technological inventions is a small (10) ------ called the MP3 player. The MP3 was developed by a number of people but one man, Karlheinz Brandenburg, (11) ----- the most to its invention. In fact, Brandenburg is often is called "the father of the MP3".

In 1977, Brandenburg started to look at different ways of (12) ------ music so that it would use less space and could be heard on a much smaller machine. Brandenburg worked together with a team of experts. The project was not easy and there were many problems along the way. But Brandenburg and his team were (13) ----- to succeed and didn't give (14)

Finally in 1999, MP3 players became (15) ------ in shops around the world. In the beginning, MP3 players were very expensive and few people could (16) ------ to buy them. Fortunately, today they are less expensive and more and more people (17) ------ music from the Internet onto their MP3 players. This way they can use them to listen to their favourite (18) ------ whenever they want.

9.	A. huge	B. common	C. remarkable	D. skilled
10.	A. method	B. strap	C. machine	D. industry
11.	A. contributed	B. supported	C. built	D. influenced
12.	A. releasing	B. recording	C. introducing	D. affecting
13.	A. convinced	B. willing	C. concerned	D. determined
14.	A. up	B. down	C. out	D. away
15.	A. existing	B. available	C. free	D. copied
16.	A. charge	B. pay	C. cost	D. afford
17.	A. recharge	B. develop	C. download	D. make
18	A. tracks	B. contribution	C. collection	D. performance

Your answers:

9.	ABO	11.	A B © D	13. (A) (B) (C) (D)	15. A B C D 17.	A B C D
10.	A B C D	12.	A B C D	14. A B C D	16. A B C D 18.	A B C D

SECTION 4	: WRITING	(4.5 points)
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PART 1: Complete the second sentence using the word in bold. You can use two to five word	ds
including the word given. Do not change the word given. (1.5 pts)	

<i>incl</i> :	uding the word given. Do not change the word given. (1.5 pts) Students are obliged to wear a uniform at this school.	•
	→ Uniforms at this school.	MUST
2.	"I am pleased that you passed your driving test," my sister said. My sister said that she	WAS
	passed my driving test.	
3.	The pop star regrets behaving badly in front of the newspaper photographer. The pop star badly in front	WISHES
	of the newspaper photographer.	
4.	I think you should see a dentist about that tooth. If Isee a dentist about that	WERE
	tooth.	
5.	It wasn't necessary for you to buy bread; we already had some. You bread; we already had some.	HAVE
6.	This is the first time I have travelled by ferry.	
	→ I before.	NEVER
disa Plan Para Para	RT 2: Your teacher has asked you to write an essay on the pros and cons (addvantages) of football (100-120 words). Use the plan below to help you. (3.0 a.1: introduce the topic a.2: advantages and reasons	ivantages and pts)

Para.3: disadvantages and reasons Para.4: summarise the topic. Your writing here:

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO BÉN TRE

ĐỀ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI LỚP 12 TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG CẤP TỈNH NĂM HỌC 2012-2013 Môn: TIẾNG ANH

Cauthoi	Đàpán -	Điểm
S	ECTION 1: LISTENING (3.0 pts)	
	PART 1(1.5 pts)	
1 + 1		0.25
2	Barrier state of the state of t	0.25
3	B	0.25
4	C	0.25
5	A	0.25
6	A second control of the second control of th	0.25
	PART 2 (1.5 pts)	
7	India	0.25
8	weddings	0.25
9	drum	0.25
10	rap	0.25
11	hands	0.25
12	(baggy) trousers	0.25
SECTION	2: VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR (6.0	pts)
	PART 1(2.0 pts)	
1		0.1
2	B	0.1
3	A	0.1
4	D	0.1
5	B	0.1
6	A	0.1
7	D	0.1
8	C	0.1
9	C	0.1
10	B	0.1
11	В	0.1
12	C	0.1
13	B	0.1

14		0.1
15		0.1
16	A	0.1
17	B	0.1
18		0.1
19	B	0.1
20	D	0.1
	PART 2(2.0 pts)	
21	WEIGHT	0.2
. 22	SPECIALLY	0.2
23	DAILY	0.2
24	ACTIVITY/ activities	0.2
25	HEALTHY	0.2
26	THRILLED	0.2
27	APPARENTLY	0.2
28	UNNECESSARY	0.2
29	PROPERLY	0.2
30	FITNESS	0.2
	PART 3(2.0 pts)	
31	about	0.2
32	to	0.2
33	of	0.2
34	of	0.2
35	of	0.2
36	from	0.2
37	from	0.2
38	of	0.2
39	about	0.2
40	about / of	0.2
SECTION	3: READING COMPREHENSION (6.	
	PART 1 (4.5 pts)	
1	\mathbf{A}	0.5
2	D	0.5
3	\mathbf{B}	0.5
4	B	0.5
5	D	0.5
6	C	0.5
7	D	0.5
8	C	0.5

	PART 2 (2.5 pts)	
9	C	0.25
10	C	0.25
11	A	0.25
12	В	0.25
13	D	0.25
14	A	0.25
15	B	0.25
16	D	0.25
17	C	0.25
18	A	0.25
S	ECTION 4: WRITING (4.5 pts)	
	PART 1 (1.5 pts)	
	must be worn (by students)	0.25
2	was pleased that I had	0.25
3	wishes she had not/ hadn't behaved	0.25
4	were you, I would	0.25
5	didn't have to buy / needed (shouldn't) have bought	0.25
6	have/'ve never travelled by ferry	0.25
	PART 2 (3.0 pts)	
	1. Introduce topic	0.25
	2. Advantages and reasons	0.75
Nội dung (2.0 đ)	3. Disadvantages and reasons	0.75
	4. Summarize the topic	0.25
	1. Grammatical correction	0.2
Cách dùng từ	2. Relevant to the topic you replied	0.2
và ngữ pháp	3. Good sentence connectors	0.2
(1.0 đ)	4. Word using and spelling	0.2
	5. Enough words	0.2

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO GIA LAI

ĐÈ THI CHÍNH THỰC

KÌ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI CẤP TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT

Môn thị: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian: 180 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề)

(Đề thi gồm 12 trang)

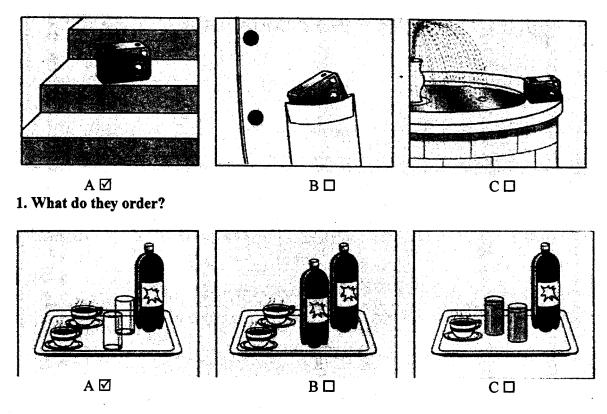
- Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu, kể cả các loại từ điển
- Giám thị không được giải thích gì thêm

Số phách
(do chủ tịch hội đồng chấm thi ghi)

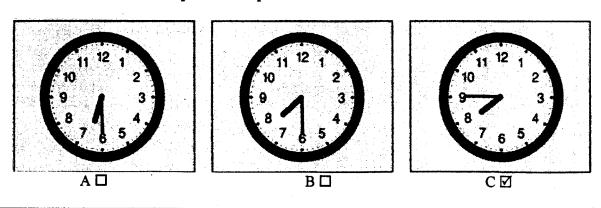
I. LISTENING (2.6 pts)

Part 1: Questions 1-7. There are seven questions in this part. For each questions there are three pictures and a short recording. Choose the correct picture and put a tick (\checkmark) in the box below it.

Example: Where did the man leave his camera?



2. When will Pele come to pick Dave up?

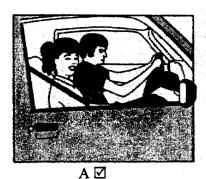


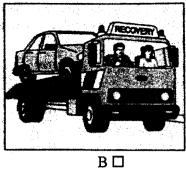
(Dê thi gồni 12 trang)

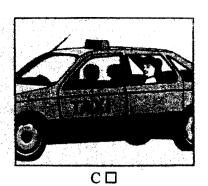
1) 1 P 1 1

Trang 1

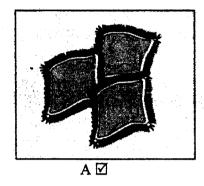
3. How did the woman get home yesterday?

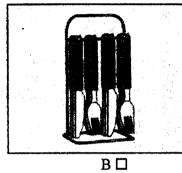


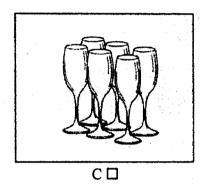




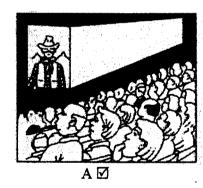
4. What does the woman describe to buy Tanya?

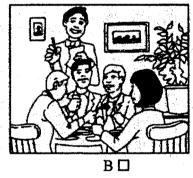






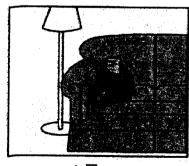
5. What does James do on his birthday?

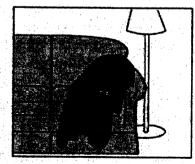


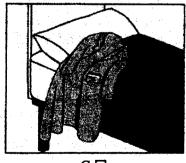




6. Where did the woman leave her notebook?







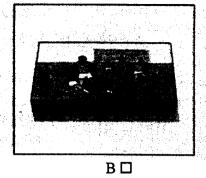
ΑП

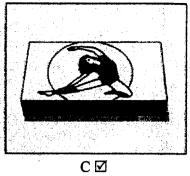
 $\mathbf{B} \mathbf{\boxtimes}$

 $C \square$

7. What will the man return to the library?

		inj.	\$44.5	2,815
		dir.	ul da Nic. 114	
 	ΑC]	- : :	





P m

Part 2: Questions 8-13. You will hear a woman	
magazine. For each question, put a tick (✓) in the	
8. What is Lucy's main reason for starting a new	magazine?
A. She was asked to do it.	
B. She wanted more writing experience	ice.
C. She wanted to produce her own ma	agazine. ☑
9. The magazine is different to a local newspaper	r because of
A. What it looks like.	
B. What it contains.	lacksquare
C. Where you can buy it.	
10. The first half of the magazine helps people to)
A. choose leisure activities.	$oxed{oldsymbol{ol}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$
B. keep up to date with world news.	
C. plan holidays around Britain.	
11. The restaurants in the reports are chosen beca	ause
A. readers recommend them.	
B. people have complained about ther	m. 🗆
C. the journalists have tried them.	\square
12. In the second half of the magazine you can fir	ind
A. reviews of local artists' work.	
B. articles about local people.	lacksquare
C. articles to help local businesses.	
13. What pleases Lucy about the magazine?	
A. the high quality of the writers	lacktriangledown
B. the attitude of the readers	
C. the variety of subjects covered	
II. LEXICO-GRAMMAR (9.4 pts) Part 1: Chaosa the word or physical which heat com-	mulatas anala santan an XVIII a manu an anno (A
Part 1: Choose the word or phrase which best con B, C, or D) in the numbered blanks provided belo	
14 That woman in the flat next door to mine i	
me.	is really iniscrable. She hever even says heno to
- Oh, she be quite nice sometimes, I	Pve found
15 Haven't you finished this decorating yet?	C. might D. ought to
- No, and I do think you help me ins	stand of just standing around
	-
16 No one will give me a job. What can I do?	C. please D. will
- Well, you go to an agency.	
	C. perhaps D. ought
17 so incredible is that these insects	
50 merediole is that these misecus	s succession, ingrate to places that they have

ĐẤP ÁN

never even seen.			
A. That makes the m	onarch butterflies' mi	gration	
B. The migration of t	he monarch butterflie	s is	
C. What makes the n	ionarch butterflies' m	igration	
D. The migration of	he monarch butterflie	es, which is	
18, methane			
	he fermentation of or		
	ermentation of organi		
	the fermentation of o		
D. The fermentation			
10 When is	not known		
A was the wheel inv	ented	B. the invention of D. the wheel was i	f the wheel
C it was invented the	wheel	D the wheel was i	invented
20. The confident trick	ster the old	I lady out of her life say	vings
A swindled	R robbed	C. deceived	D misled
21. The doctor was pra	ised for her	work with her nationts	D. misica
A groundless	D tireless	C hottomless	D restless
A. groundless 22. It was with a	boost that she said	c. bollonness	D. Testiess
A solome	neart that she said	goodbye to all her cont	D grim
		C. dismal	
23. Psychologists still	wonder it some perso	C. innate	D. inevitable
			D. mevitable
24. As is known to all,	everyone is born	C. similar	D. alilea
	B. same	C. Similar	D. alike
			nen I wanted a message.
		C. illegible	D. available
26 little we m	ay like it, old age con	C. However	D. Domito
27. When my mother v	vas in nospitai, i was	busy so I had to see he	r not but
A. some day / every C. every day / every 28. She opened her mo	day	B. every day / son	ne otner day
C. every day / every	other day	D. the other day /	every day
28. She opened her mo	outh and did	n't know what to say. C. in fear	D 16
A. in no fear	B. for fear	C. in fear	D. at lear
25. The post office and	t you are looking for	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A. for distance		B. at some distance	
C. no distance	5 •	D. both A and C a	re correct
30. After class they we	ent to see Peter, who _	a high fever.	5 611 111 1
		C. was down into	
		all player by the studen	
A. acknowledged	B. recognized	C. admitted	D. accepted
32. Our soldiers	bravely against th	e enemy.	
A. proceeded	B. 101 warded	C. advanced	D. furthered
33. The rapid develop	nent of our hometown	n a change ii	n our opinion.
	B. performed	C. impacted	D. suffered
Your answers:			
14A	15B	16A	17C
18B	19D	20A	21B
22B	23C	24A	25D
26C			29C
30A	21 4	22 C	33A

c Để thi goni 12 transa (DAPAN Tranga)

provided below this part.	
It has been announced that for (00) third consecutive	month there has been
rise in (35) number of people un	employed rather than
fall that had been predicted. The rise was blamed on	(37) continu
uncertainty over (38) government economic policy	and couldn't come at A
worse time for the Prime Minister, who is facing	(And couldn't come at (
criticism over (41) way (42) present cris	g (40) grow
MPs are increasingly voicing (43) fears that deer	is is being nanuled.
MPs are increasingly voicing (43) fears that desp devaluation of the pound and cuts in (45) intergovernment still agreed (47)	rest rates (16)
government still expects (47) recovery of the economy	ny to take three or aven d
years. To make matters worse, (48) number of sma	lly to take unce or even i
liquidation is still at a record level, and (50)	housing morks
showing no signs of recovery. Some backbenchers expect a g	reneral election hafare
end of the winter unless there is (52)	cineral election before
fortune.	rapid change of (
our answers.	
(00). the	
$\frac{34}{a}$ $\frac{1}{a}$ $\frac{35}{a}$ the $\frac{36}{a}$ the $\frac{37}{a}$	41. 4
$38. \emptyset 39. a 40 \emptyset$	ine
42. the 43 \emptyset $\Delta\Delta$ the Δ 5	ine
(00)the 34a	—— <u>v</u> ——
50. the 51 the 52 a 52	v
<u> </u>	v
rammaticany, or does not lit the sense of the text. For each line very the space beside the text. Tick each correct line.	vrite the unnecessary wo
rammatically, or does not lit the sense of the text. For each line very the space beside the text. Tick each correct line.	ord. It is either incorr write the unnecessary wo
the space beside the text. Tick each correct line. The term 'drugs' covers many of kinds of chemical substance	vrite the unnecessary wo
the space beside the text. Tick each correct line. The term 'drugs' covers many of kinds of chemical substance which they are absorbed by the body, the majority being	vrite the unnecessary wo
the space beside the text. Tick each correct line. The term 'drugs' covers many of kinds of chemical substance which they are absorbed by the body, the majority being medicines designed to cure illnesses. They are manufactured	vrite the unnecessary wo
the space beside the text. Tick each correct line. The term 'drugs' covers many of kinds of chemical substance which they are absorbed by the body, the majority being medicines designed to cure illnesses. They are manufactured from a variety of sources which include animal and products.	00 of 00 they 00 \frac{1}{54} and
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Part 4: Complete the text with a suitable prepo	isition in each space. Write your answer in the
numbered blanks provided below this part.	
	been awarded a knighthood in recognition (00)
	athletics. Sir David, as he will be known, will be
	ek. Mr Peters, who retired from athletics last year,
had a talent which was, quite simply, (74)	of the ordinary. All his performances were, (75)
exception, characterized by great effort ar	nd determination. He seemed to thrive on difficult
	e, that he produced his greatest performances. In
)injury, and last year, his talents evidently
	npic long-jump title, and promptly retired. At his
	9) belief, and in his greatest year, 2000, he
	times. In the late 1990s he was single-handedly
	ics out of a severe slump with his inspirational
	vas capable (81) great generosity, and once,
famously failed a jump deliberately in order	to let his great rival, Aravan Sijipal, win on his
foresvell appearance. When being interviewed	Peters was also an exception to the rule, for he
	his own trumpet. A deeply religious man, he was
(82) dispute with the athletics authoriti	es on more than one occasion for his refusal to
	n had a great effect (83) young athletes all
	nained very conscious (84) what he saw as
	ple organizations have reason to be grateful (85)
him (86) the time he devoted to rais	sing money for their causes.
Your answers:	
(00)of 74out	75without 76under
77. <u>to</u> 78. <u>in</u>	79beyond 80for
(00)of 74out 77to 78in 81of 82in 85to 86for	83on 84of
85. <u>to</u> 86. <u>for</u>	
Part 5: Put the verbs in brackets in correct	tense and form. Write your answer in the
Part 5: Put the verbs in brackets in correct numbered blanks provided below this part.	t tense and form. Write your answer in the
Part 5: Put the verbs in brackets in correct numbered blanks provided below this part. ARE COMPUTERS	tense and form. Write your answer in the GOOD EDUCATORS?
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Part 6: Write the correct		tea word in the num	ibered spaces provided in
the space provided under			
			vas the most (98)
			ce, and was trained by his
father, a violinist at Sa	Mark's Cathedral. (99)) (ORDAIN) a pi	riest in 1703, Vivaldi began
teaching that year at th	ie Ospedale della Pietà,	, a (100) (CONS	SERVE) for orphaned girls.
He was associated with	h the Pietà, usually as i	$nusic (101) \underline{\hspace{1cm}} (DI)$	RECT), until 1740, training
the students, composi	ing concertos and ora	torios for (102)	(WEEK) concerts, and
	-		n, Vivaldi was also (103)
			veled to Rome, Mantua, and
			about 1740 he accepted a
position at the court of			
	-	•	Europe, affecting the style
	<u>-</u>		mposer who (105)
			for the fast movements of
			_ (DIFFER) keys and was
			ctions (episodes) that in his
		•	three-movement format for
	•		oists. His opus 8 concertos
			CHESTRA) program music.
Like much of his music	c, they are marked by v	igorous rhythms and si	trong contrasts.
Your answers:	00	100	
98. influential			
101. director 104. elsewhere			•
	105. consistently	100. aijjereni	
107. orchestral			
III DEADING (4 mts)			
III. READING (4 pts)			
•	and then decide which	h word hest fits each	snace Circle A. R. C. or D.
Part 1: Read the passage	and then decide which	h word best fits each	space. Circle A, B, C or D
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- Part 2: You are going to read a magazine article about friends. Seven sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A- H the one which fits each gap (118-123). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use. There is an example at the beginning (000).
 - A. It's unwise to isolate yourself when you're in a boy / girl relationship.
 - B. Suppose you're going through a bad patch with your boyfriend or girlfriend.
 - C. It's stimulating to be surrounded by a mix of personalities with their different attitudes and behavior.
 - D. Even your best friend may get jealous if they feel pushed out by your girlfriend or boyfriend.
 - E. There might well be some more reserved characters too.
 - F. To the majority of us this is someone we trust completely and who understands us better than anyone else.
 - G. Or they may be someone you meet by chance and instantly get on with.
 - H. There are all sorts of things that can bring about this special relationship.

FRIENDS

To many people, their friends are the most important thing in their life. Really good friends share the good times and the bad times, help you when you've got problems, never judge you and never turn their backs on you. Your best friend may be someone you've known all your life, someone you've grown up with and been through lots of ups and downs with.

- (000). It may be the result of enjoying the same activities, having the same outlook on life, or sharing similar experiences. Most of us have met someone that we've immediately felt relaxed with, as if we've known them for years. But usually it really does take years to get to know someone well enough to consider them your "best friend".
- 118. ___F___It's the person you can turn to for impartial advice and a shoulder to cry on when life lets you down. You know that no matter what the problem or what time of day or night it is, your best friend will drop everything and put you first. No relationship is more important than the one with your best friend.
- 119. B It will probably be your best friend you go to for help. Perhaps your parents are being too heavy-handed; maybe you're not happy at work or at school. Whatever the problem, you know you can rely on your best friend.
- Of course, not all friendships stand the test of time. All sorts of things can come between friends. Sometimes people just drift apart over time. One of you may leave the area and you simply lose touch. But sometimes other relationships can conflict with your friendship and cause powerful emotions.
- 120. ____ If they do and you want to keep them, it's important to make them feel valued. Set aside some time to go out with them on your own, or introduce them to your new boyfriend or girlfriend, and do things together.
- 121. A If you do, you may find that one day you break up and you've lost touch with all your old friends. And besides, it's fun to go out in groups, especially when you're young.
- 122. C People who you might not expect to get on with each other can often make a good combination. Usually in a particular group of friends there'll be a ringleader, someone the rest look to to make decisions. Often there's a bit of a comedian, always cracking jokes and entertaining the rest.
- 123. ___E___They all have something to contribute. Remember, unlike your family, you can choose your friends. If you choose them carefully and treat them well, they could turn out to be friends for life.

Part 3: Read the passage and choose the best answer to each question from the four choices given. Circle A, B, C or D to indicate your answer.

Until recently, women in advertisements wore one of three things- an apron, a glamorous dress or a gown. Although that is now changing, many women still feel angry enough to deface offending advertisements with stickers protesting "this ad degrades women". Why does this sort of advertising exist? How can advertisers and ad agencies produce, sometimes after months of research, advertising that offends the consumers?

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The Advertising Standards Authority (the body which deals with complaints about print media) is carrying out research into how women feel about the way they are portrayed in advertisements. Its conclusions are likely to be what the advertising industry already knows: although women are often irritated by the way they are seen in ads, few feel strongly enough to complain.

Women are not the only victims of poor and boring stereotypes-in many TV commercials, men are seen either as useless, childish oafs who are unable to perform the simplest household tasks, or as inconsiderate boors, permanently on the lookout for an escape to the pub. But it is women who seem to bear the brunt of the industry's apparent inability to put people into an authentic present-day context.

Yet according to Emma Bennett, executive creative director of a London advertising agency, women are not infuriated by stereotypes and sexist advertising. "It tends to wash over them; they are not militant or angry-they just find it annoying or tiresome. They reluctantly accept outdated stereotypes, but heave a sigh of relief when an advertising really gets it right." She says that it is not advertising's use of housewife role that bothers women, but the way in which it is handled. "Researchers have often asked the wrong questions. The most important thing is the advertising's tone of voice. Women hate being patronized, flattered or given desperately down-to-earth commonsense advice."

In the end, the responsibility for good advertising must be shared between the advertiser, the advertising agency and the customer. Advertising does not set trends but it reflects them. It is up to the consumer to tell advertisers where they fail, and until people on the receiving end take the business seriously and make their feelings known, the process of change will remain laboriously slow.

business seriously and make their feelings know	wn, the process of change will remain laboriously
slow.	
124. Despite recent changes in attitudes, some a	
A. change women's opinions of themselves	<u> </u>
C. persuade the public to buy the advertising	ig industry
D. meet the needs of the advertising industr	
125. According to the writer, the commonest fa	ault of present-day advertising is to .
A. condemn the role of housewife	B. ignore protests about advertisements
	D. misrepresent the activities of men
126. Research suggests that the reaction of won	men towards misrepresentation by advertisements
is .	1
B. hostility	C. approval D. relief
127. Emma Bennett suggests that advertisement	ats should
A. give further emphasis to practical advice.	
C. use male images instead of female ones	
D. pay more compliments to women than be	efore
128. Ultimately the advertising industry should	
A. take its job more seriously	B. do more pioneering work
	D. concentrate on the products advertised
	products and products and orthogon
art 4: Fill in each numbered blank with ON	NE suitable word. Write your answer in the
umbered blanks provided below this part.	The same of the sa
	oth helpful and (129) ways. For example, a
particular drug may produce a stronger hearther	at (130) from pain, or some other desired
effect. But that drug. (131) any other dr	rug, can also cause undesired effects – especially
if the (132) is too large. Such effects m	night (133) fever, high blood pressure, or
constipation.	inght (199) level, high blood pressure, or
	he body because the drugs (134) through
the blood stream. (135) most drugs used	to affect one part of the body also affect other
parts. For example physicians sometimes (13	36) morphine to relieve pain. Morphine
depresses the activities of cells in the brain a	and thus reduces the (137) of pain. But
sepresses are well-these of tems in the stain t	and that reduces the (157) or pain. But

morphine also alters the	e function of cells elsewhe tipation, and (138) of	ere in the body. It mather undesired effects.	y decrease the rate of
Your answers:			
(000)in	129. <u>harmful</u>	130	0. <u>relief</u>
131like	132. <u>dose</u>	13. fore/thus	3. <u>include</u>
134circulate		fore/thus 13	5prescribe
137. <u>sensation</u>	138. <u>create</u>	-	
Part 5: Choose each of below. Write your answer	the following words or point the numbered blanks p	hrases in its correct provided below this p	place in the passage art.
male chauvinist	second-class citizens	male-dominated	discrimination
militant		feminist	sexist
sex-objects	exploitation	the weaker sex	
equal to men. She, or hanywhere, and her printsuperior. Tired of being and are winning jokes which poke fun atterms of economic, polyglamorous female mode beauty, since women in in the (147) soci we have a boring work hairdressers and Your answers: (000) 141. the weaker sex	rson, usually a woman, who ne, deplores (139) ag neipal enemy is the (140) g referred to as (141) the age-old battle of the set women. They are no long litical and social status. The less in advertisements, which these situations are represented in which sex doesn't man fashions. What next? 139. discrimination 142. militant 145. exploitation 148. unisex	gainst women in the harmonic, who believes women are becoming exes. They are sick to the content to be regard they criticize beauty of they describes as the they describes as they described as made and they described as they d	ome, place of work or that men are naturally g more and more (142) death of (143) in ontests and the use of the (145) female We no longer live revolution stops before We already have (148)
Part 1: Finish each of the the sentence printed before			is exactly the same as
	ave predicted the correct re		
	anything under her uncle's v		
	•		
	eave her anything in his will	.	
	empting that I bought it.		
	e temptation to buy the dres		
	business at length, but came		
	cussion about the business		n.
	ry on the train, so take some		
In case you get hu	ngry on the train, (you shou	ıld/had better) take sor	ne sandwiches.

Part 2: Rewrite the following sentences, using exactly the words given

154. When Mary was pregnant, all she wanted to eat was jelly.

CRAVING Marry had a craving for jelly when she was pregnant.

155. The interview panel thought that Sarah had a very good manner.

IMPRESSION Sarah made a very good impression on the interview panel.

156. Organic vegetables are said to be healthy.

WONDERS organic vegetables are said to do wonders for your health.

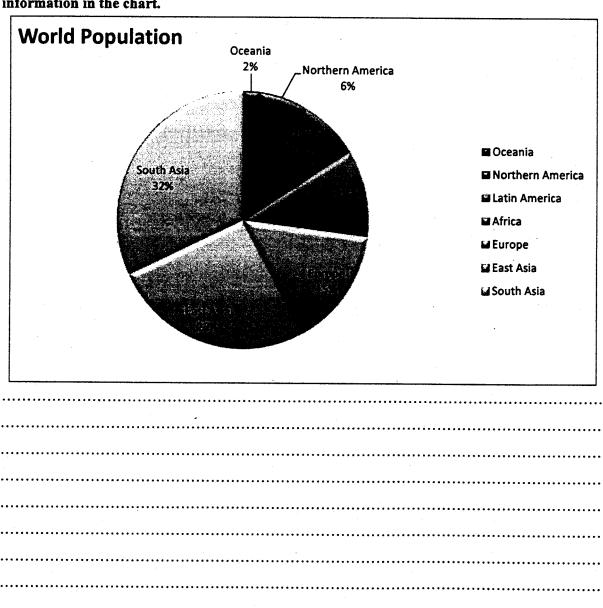
157. The fact that he will never race again is something he cannot accept.

TERMS He cannot come to terms with the fact that he will never race again.

158. Pandas need a special diet, without it they perish.

PROVIDED <u>Provided</u> (that) pandas have a special diet, they survive.

Part 3: Study the chart carefully then write a paragraph of about 150 words, describing the information in the chart.



WHITE LIES

Very (6)		vies are not beautiful.	They are wrinkled or bald, or
they have an angry ((87) on	their faces that seem	is to say, "Go away! I (88)
everybody	7." But (89)	a parent, that bald.	wrinkled, mean-faced baby is
			ud father or mother asks you
			g to (90) ? Is this
the time for the truth?	Of course (91)	!	g 10 (3 0) 12 um.
You look that pro	oud father in (92)	 eve and say	y, "Yes, she is! She's a (93
beauty S	he's one in a million	She's going to be a m	novie star! I can tell! She's a
pretty as a (94)		. Dies going to be a n	lovic star: I can ten: blies a.
This is what we (9	(5) in Fr	nolish a white lie. Whi	te lies don't hurt people; they
aren't cruel or angry	words People use th	em to make a difficu	lt situation (96)
easier When neonle	(97) dat	es forget their homes	vork, or taste something new
that they don't (98	like while	es, lorger men homev	se, they tell a white lie. They
are trying to be kind	They don't want to (0	O comeon	e's feelings. It is important to
he honest Rut many	neonle feel that heir	og kind and (100)	is sometimes more
important.	people leel that bell	ig kilid alid (100)	is sometimes more
86. <u>A</u> . often	D venelly	C. Ossasianalla	D
	•	•	
87. A. impression		C. Appearance	
88. A. feel hate	•	C. hate	D can hate
89. A. for	$\underline{\underline{B}}$. to	C. with	D as for
90. <u>A</u> . say	B. tell	C. speak	D utter
91. A. neither	B. no	C. never	$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{D}}}$ not
92. A. his	B. an	$\underline{\underline{C}}$. the	D one
93. A. genuine	B. real	C. true	D exact
94. A. flower	B. fairy	C. painting	<u>D</u> picture
95. A. name	B. call	C. express	D know
96. A. far	B. more	C. a little	D little
97. <u>A</u> . refuse	B. reject		D disregard
98. A. genuinely	$\underline{\underline{B}}$. especially	C. particularly	D specially
99. <u>A</u> . hurt	B. wound	C. damage	D injure
100. considered	B. considering	C. considerable	D considerate
ctions: choose the wor	rd or phrase that best	completes each unfinis	hed sentence below or that
keeps the meaning of	the original sentence	if it is substituted for the	ne underlined word or phrase.
l- He passed the test <u>b</u> A. easily B. v			L D. All
		C. with a very high	
		ch? (nhân tiện, tiện thể)	
•	Once and for all	C. Incidentally	D. Definitely
3- It has rained for fou A. thundering B. fi			Associates Disability of the
•	reezing	C. increasing in in	tensity <u>D</u> . slackening
4- His offer took every			
A. surprised everyone			
C. was similar to other	s D. made everyone	angry	A ** #/ 13*1.7.3
		to return the book. (kh	ong giữ dùng lời nữa)
A. kept to herself	B. had an appoint		
C. lost her friend	D. failed to do wh		
	nostess of lying for	a long time, and today	y we are going to have it ou
<u>with</u> her. (tranh cãi)		0.41	D 1 C 1
	uarrel with	C. talk with	D. defend
			another week. (hoãn lại)
A. cancel B. c	all off	<u>C</u> . delay	D. give out

DAP AX

· -	took down everything that we	` * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
A. forgot			
	ompany seized (tich thu) his	car because he tell be	hind in his payments. (Trå
không đúng hạn,			
	debt B. didn't want to pay		
	es $\underline{\mathbf{D}}$. failed to keep up in h		
• •	unded by our troops, the enen		_
	B. declared war	•	D. retreated
	pected that he was guilty, he v		không bị phạt)
A. was fined	$\underline{\underline{B}}$. was freed D. was not cl	without any fine	
C. was released from	prison D. was not cl	harged with murder	
	by the family with open arms.		
	$\underline{\mathbf{B}}$. with warm welcome		D. reluctantly
13-Although he beha	wed like a gentleman, he was	a wolf in sheep's cloth	<u>ing.</u> (kẻ lừa đối)
A. famous person	B. kind - hearted person	C. deceiver	D. very important person
14-Irene tells us wor	d for word what happened. (m	nột cách chính xác)	
A. secretly	B. exactly	C. in a whisper	D. carelessly
15-Mr. Scott worked	his way up from office boy to	o president. (thăng tiến)
	B. took care of himself		
16-The letter we exp	ected has gone astray. (thất lạ	c)	•
A. arrived	B. gotten lost	C. disappeared	D. appeared
17-If you can finish	it by noon, go ahead. (tiếp tục	, làm tiếp)	
A. proceed	B. turn on	C. keep on	D. go away
•	fifty with the prize money? (c		
	B. get even		D. get square
	I hit my head against the door		2 1
	B. passed out		D. cried
20-She will never set	t foot in my house. (gia nhập,	vào)	
A. clean	B. enter	C. buy	D. demolish
	ace settled down in their new l		
	B. lived a normal life		
-	himself since he was 21 year		• •
A. been disabled	B. bathed by		- 0
C. taken care of hims			
	rs applauded their favorite act	<u>-</u>	anh niên)
•	len)B. spendthrifts (người ăn t		•
	som friends for many years. (1		oresteding D. Impers
A. old friends	B. good friends	C. pen - friends	D. close friends
	er the thief and finally caught		<u>D</u> . crose michas
A. chased	B. intercepted	C. talked with	D. questioned
	2. mieroepied	C. MIRON WILL	D. questioned

Many passengers were aboard the night it rammed an iceberg, only two days at sea and more than half way between England and the New York destination. Because the luxury liner was traveling so fast, it was impossible to avoid the ghostly looking iceberg. An unextinguished fire also contributed to the ship's submersion. Panic increased the number of casualties as people jumped into the icy water or fought to be among the few to board the lifeboats. Four hours after the mishap, another ship, the *Carpathia*, rescued the survivors-less than a third of those originally aboard.

The infamous *Titanic* enjoyed only two days of sailing glory on its maiden voyage in 1912 before plunging into 12,000 feet of water near the coast of Newfoundland, where it lies today.

31 - Which of the following is not true?

A. The Carpathia didn't rescue the survivors.

- B. The Carpathia rescued the survivors.
- C. The *Titanic* sank near Newfoundland. 1912.
- D. The Titanic was the fastest ship afloat in

De thi gom 12 trange

DAP AN

Trang 14

32 - Which of the following did not contribute to the large death toll? B. fire C. speed A. panic D. Carpathia 33 - How many days was the Titanic at sea before sinking? <u>A.I</u> D.5 B. 3 34 - The word "unexfingitished" means most nearly the same as A. unpreventable B. uncontrollable C. undiscovered D. unquenched 35 - A ship 's maiden voyage is A. its first voyage B. its last voyage C. its crew D. its engine room

IV. Fill in each numbered blank with ONE suitable word

The causes of headaches, (26) _whether_ they are the common kind of tension or migraine headaches, or any other kind, are usually the same. During period of stress, muscles in the neck, head, and face are contracted (27) _so_ tightly that they exert tremendous pressure (28) _on_ the nerves beneath them. Headaches take many forms from a constant, dull pain to an insistent hammering.

Although at (29) _least_ 50% of American adults are estimated (30) _to_, suffer one or more headaches per week, it is the 20 million migraine sufferers (31) _who_are in special difficulties. Migraines, which are mostly suffered by women, can involve tremendous, unrelieved pain.

Migraines, which may also (32) _be_ caused by stress, can occur in people who bottle up their emotions and who are very conscientious in their performance. Escaping (33) _from_ stressful situation, (34) _being_open with one's feeling, and lowering one's expectations can help reduce the stress and so cut down on those headaches which cannot be "help" aspirin an (35) _other_ non-prescription painkillers.

V. Read the passage carefully and then answer the questions

What is the most widely spoken language in the world today? Well, if you mean what language is spoken as a first or second language by the most people and what language is spoken in the greatest number of countries, then the answer is English.

An estimated billion and a half people in the world speak English. One hundred years ago, the original editor of the Oxford English Dictionary launched in appeal in Britain, the United States and the former British Empire for new words. Since the end of the 20th century, English has become the most widely used language around the world, and the editor of the OED, as the Oxford English Dictionary commonly called, are sending out a worldwide appeal as they begin the task of completely revising the OED.

The Oxford English Dictionary is widely regarded as the definitive record of the English language. Now the expansive twenty-volume dictionary is to be update and the publisher is calling on the English-speaking world to help. The English language has expanded greatly in recent years with new words, forms of uses in meaning flooding the language from around the world. The OED's principal word expert Admin Dvina said that the search for new words is being launched globally, simply because English is a worldwide language.

Contributors are invited to submit printed evidence of new words from a variety of sources, including magazines, newspapers, books and song lyrics; Dictionary editors are also keen to receive words of earlier centuries that have so far escaped inclusion.

- 36. Which language is considered the most widely spoken in the world today?
- a. French <u>b</u>. English c. Japanese d. Russian
- 37. When did the original editor of the Oxford English Dictionary launch in appeal in Britain, the United States and the former British Empire for new words?
 - a. At the end of the 20th century. b. At the beginning of the 21st century.
 - **c**. One hundred years ago.
- d. In 2002.
- 38. Why did they send out an appeal for new words?
- a. Because they wanted to begin the task of completely revising the OED.
- b. Because English have not been spoken any longer.

1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Example 4 Ann	
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- c. Because they were afraid that English would be dominated by French.
- d. All are correct
- 39. Why did they send out an appeal for new words globally?
- a. Because they were forced to do so.
- b. Because the Oxford English Dictionary editor could not do the task himself.
- c. Because of the fame of them
- <u>d</u>. Because English is a worldwide language.
- 40. Which sentence is not true?
- a. New words that have been sent to Oxford English Dictionary need printed evidence.
- **b**. In the Oxford English Dictionary, there are not words used in songs.
- c. The Oxford English Dictionary has twenty volumes.
- d. Dictionary editors are also keen to receive words of earlier centuries.

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO THANH HOÁ

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỰC

Số báo danh

KỲ THI HỌC SINH GIỚI CẤP TỈNH

Năm học: 2012-2013 Môn thi: Tiếng Anh Lớp 12 THPT

Ngày thi: 15/03/2013

Thời gian: 180 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề) Đề này có 12 câu, gồm 5 trang.

Part A: PHONETICS (5pts)

I. Choose the word whos	se underlined pa	art is pronounced differe	ently from the rest in
the same line. (2pts)	_		
 A. lose A. breath 	B. chose	C. close	D. rose
2. A. breath	B. spread	C. br <u>ea</u> k	D. headline
II. Identify the word who	se stressed patte	rn is different from that d	of the others. (3pts)
3. A. advocate	B. nonsense	C. neglect	D. rubbish
4. A. discriminate	B. intellectual	C. hesitation	D. universal
5. A. impression	B. remember	C. character	D. attention
Part B	: LEXICAL A	ND GRAMMAR (45 pt	ts)
I.Choose the option A, B	, C or D to indi	cate the word or phrase	which best completes
each sentence.(15pts)		· · · -	-
6. You find it hard to	your tempe	r if you think someone is	making a fool out of
you.			•
A. cool	B. lose	C. recover	D. keep
7. Anna has a job as a per	sonal assistant, h	er main role is to	her boss.
A. take charge of			
8, the examine			
		B. When heard the bell	
C. To hear the bell		D. To have been heard t	he bell
9. Out of the waterA. jumped the penguinsC. did the penguins jump	•		
A. jumped the penguins		B. the penguins jumped	
C. did the penguins jump		D. the penguins jump	
10. "Why didn't you pull	at the red tr	affic light?", asked the po	liceman.
A. over			
11. My classmate,	father has bee	en in hospital for a month.	looked depressed
this morning.		•	•
this morning. A. which 12. Some people were hu	B. who	C. of whom	D. whose
12. Some people were hur	t in the accident	but only one to l	nospital.
A. has taken	B. has been tal	king C. was taken	D. was taking
A. has taken13. What happened	their car br	oke down on the motorwa	ay so they didn't get
to Jo's wedding on time.			
A. to be that	B. being that	C. was that	D. to that
14. The selling price of th	e house and	is 24,000 USD	
A. many furnitures		B. some furniture	
C. a lot of furnitures		D. some furnitures	
15. Nobody is ready to go	,?		
A. are they	B. isn't he	C. is he	D. aren't they.
16. George: "In my opinio	on, action films a	re exciting."	•

Frankie: "		
A. There's no doubt about it. B. You sho	ouldn't have said	d that.
C. What an opinion! D. Yes. Co	ongratulations!	
17. At the 22nd SEA Games, athletes from 11 participating	countries comp	eted
32 sports.	•	
A. up B. in C. into	D. or	1
18. The survey was to find out the young people's attitudes		
A. towards B. above C. beneath		th
19. My brother didn't feel well, he didn't go to wo		~~
A. However B. Therefore C. Though		D. So
20. Should you study hard, you the exam into univ		D . 50
A. pass B. will pass C. would r		uld have
II. The following passage contains 10 errors. Find and		
Most of the joggers who are overweigh are reasonable		21
about, worrying with, and being obsessed with their		
many people start jogging to lose weight, it is not surpr		22
size is important. More and more people are on the die		23
women and approximetely 25% of the men in the US		
what they eat. Body weight is the second most talk bet		24
		25
heart disease and high bleeding pressure are the first! T		26
factors that effect your weight. They include: body type		27
level, sex and age. What may be an "ideal" weight for		
of 27 may not be ideal while you're 54. And your ide	_	28
probably be different during racing season when you wer	re in a specific	29
training phase.		30
III Dut and work in brackets into an amount of any	10-4-1	
III. Put each verb in brackets into an appropriate form.		
31. I shared a flat with him when we were students. He a	ilways (co	mpiain) about
my untidiness	4\	
32. By the time we get there, I'm afraid the meeting(e		
33. Hello! You (be) Helen. I'm Peter's brother, (jeorge.	
34. We (help) but you didn't tell us that you w	ere in trouble.	
35. Only yesterday I (realise) what was going on.		
36I (come) here before 5 a.m, I would have me		
37. As soon as the teacher (come), the students	stopped talking.	•
38. It is advisable that Mary (go) to the gym even	eryday to get ov	er her
depression		
39. We couldn't risk (leave) him alone.		
40. From the clink of dishes, one can tell that supper	(prepare).	
IV. Put each word in brackets into an appropriate form. (10pts)	
41. Friend's family has suffered from his		EXPEND
42. The water from the stream should be before you	ı drink it.	PURE
43. John told everyone that he worked for a large company,	, but the	•
company is		EXIST
44. Jim is very disorganized and not very		BUSINESS
45. The principal said some words to the pupils be	fore the exam.	
46. Although we were in danger, Ann seemed quite	•	CONCERN
47. Some parents feel dismayed because of their children's	•	BEHAVE
48. My sister has good skills. She can relate to t		
	5 - , ,	PERSON

49. These young people are	supporters	of the new plan of	f our city.
		-	ENTHUSIASM
50.My uncle is in his forties.	He is a well-built	man	AGE
Pa	rt C: READ	ING (30 pts)	
I. Read the following passa	ige and then choose	the most suitable	le word or phrase for
each space. (10 pts)			• •
	at do you know abo	out Bill Gates?	
Bill Gates is a very imp			y. He has been 51
executive officer of Microso			
in the United States. How di-		•	
He learned a lot from h	is parents. While Bil	l was going to sch	ool, his father went to
college, got a52_ and be			
have to work hard if you wa			
also enjoyed going to partic			
work hard and play hard, you			
When Bill was young,			ost of his friends were
playing, Bill read all of the			
years old.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Bill's childhood was n	ot 55 work, ho	wever. He used t	o play a lot of sports
such as swimming, water-sk	tiing, tennis. He was	very serious 50	sports. He loved
winning and he hated losing			
or playing on a computer.	•	•	
Before he was 20, Bill	- 57 the world's f	irst computer lang	guage for the personal
computer. When he was thin			
thought that every home was			
software, his software. He			
software60 the time I'r		v	
51. A. main	B. chief	C. principle	D. top
52. A. certificate	B. license	C. degree	D. notice
53. A. different	B. else	C. other	D. otherwise
54. A. lone	B. lonely	C. alone	D. singly
55. A. all	B. altogether	C. entirely	D. wholly
56. A. with	B. to	C. on	D. about
57. A. evolved	B. originated	C. set up	D. developed
58. Aon	B. at	C. about	D. of
59. A. fetch	B. obtain	C. create	D. make
60. A. at	B. by	C. until	D. during
II. Supply the most suitable			
Man probably could	not live without th	e help of animals	s. The (61) of
animals in the balance of na			
			foods and other useful
products. (63) anima	ls, man would have:	no meat, milk, eg	gs, or honey, or wool,
fur, or silk.			
			mal kingdom. He has
tamed many kinds of animals and used them for food and clothing. He has killed and			
driven (64) animals that once attacked him or interfered with his use of land.			
Today, he tries to (65) many kinds of animals that are in danger of dying out.			
(66) man, most plants depend on animals for many of their basic needs. Without			
4			

animals	many plants could not (67)	reproduce. For	example, many plants with
Homers	depend on bees and other insec	cts to (68) thei	r pollen from plant to plant.
	ak trees grow from acorns that		
	r step on an push deep into the s		
	eds clinging to their feet. The	seeds may sprout a	great (70) from the
parent p			6 4 D G
	d the following passage, and th	ien cnoose ine desi (answer from A, B, C or
D.(10pts		hann hann a	
pu the	the 20 th century, magazines blishing. Specialist magazines e United Kingdom, over 12,000 urnals, and academic journals a	cater for every imag periodicals, magazin	rinable field and activity. In nes, bulletins, annuals, trade
5 40 ho	women's magazines and ov bbies, and pastimes. Although rening Post, has succumbed to	ver 60 dealing with h some US magazin	n particular sports, games, nes, such as The Saturday
ha Th	ve enormous international <i>circ</i> le National Geographic over 10 e most available and widely	ulations, The Reade million. For many p	er's Digest over 16 million, beople, magazines have been
ini ma	formation about history, geogranagement, psychology, even mutil the rise of television, mag	aphy, literature, scie arriage and family li	ence, and the arts, financial fe.
	nvenient entertainment in the		
	nction, but it was more limited		
ho	wever, both address the more p	owerful visual sense	e. During the third quarter of
the	e 20th century, coincident with	a dramatic rise in t	the popularity of television,
the ma	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially	a dramatic rise in tillustrated magazine	the popularity of television, as went out of business. The
the ma sh	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audio	a dramatic rise in t illustrated magazine ence from reading s	the popularity of television, es went out of business. The such magazines to watching
the ma sh 20 tel tel	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially	a dramatic rise in t illustrated magazine ence from reading s in this decline, but	the popularity of television, es went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from
the ma sh 20 tel tel for	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content.	a dramatic rise in t illustrated magazine ence from reading s in this decline, but its programs are gen	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single
the mash shifted telestood for the shifted for	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audie evision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content.	a dramatic rise in taillustrated magazine ence from reading serin this decline, but its programs are genuite following magazine	the popularity of television, its went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed?
the mash shifted telestood for the shifted for	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audic evision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. rding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading so in this decline, but its programs are genute the following magazine. B. The Readers	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The nuch magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest
the mash 20 tel tel for 71. Accor A. The Sa C. The N	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. rding to the passage, which of the total attenday Evening Post attendants.	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading so in this decline, but its programs are genuite following magazine. B. The Reading D. The National controls in the second control control control controls in the second control contro	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The nuch magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic
the mash shift 20 tell tell for 71. Accorda. The Science C. The No. 72. In the	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audic evision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. rding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post ation at line 2, the phrase "every image"	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading serion this decline, but its programs are genuite befollowing magazine. B. The Reading D. The Nation inable field" is close	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The nuch magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic
the mash shift 20 tell tell for 71. According A. The Scan C. The North 72. In the A. all images	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. rding to the passage, which of the total attenday Evening Post attendants.	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading ser in this decline, but its programs are genuite befollowing magazine. B. The Reading D. The Nation inable field" is close ms	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The nuch magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic
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the mash. 20 tel tel for 71. Accor A. The Sa C. The N 72. In the A. all ima B. all ima C. all pro D. all trace	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. Inding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post action a line 2, the phrase "every imaging aginary fields in stories and poetings in a camera's field of vision fessions that one can think of	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading serin this decline, but its programs are genuite befollowing magazine. B. The Reading D. The Nation inable field" is close magazine.	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The nuch magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic
the mash. 20 tel tel for 71. Accor A. The Sa C. The N 72. In the A. all ima B. all ima C. all pro D. all trac 73. In line A. set up	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. Inding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post ation at line 2, the phrase "every imaging aginary fields in stories and poeting in a camera's field of vision fessions that one can think of the journals about farming and put 7 the word "succumbed" means for B. brought up to	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading serin this decline, but its programs are gentle to following magazine. B. The Readinable field" is close ms in sychology in C. taken up to illustrate in the following magazine.	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic is in meaning to
the mash shifted tell for the formal tell for the San The San C. The National tell for the A. all images all images all images all traces all t	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. Inding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post ation a line 2, the phrase "every imaging aginary fields in stories and poeting in a camera's field of vision fessions that one can think of the journals about farming and per 7 the word "succumbed" means for B. brought up to the line 8 the word "circulations"	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading so in this decline, but its programs are gentle following magazine. B. The Reading B. The Nation inable field is close ms C. taken up to its closest in meaning in the second in	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic is in meaning to
the mash. 20 tel tel for 71. Accorda. The San C. The North 72. In the A. all image B. all image C. all product D. all trace 73. In line A. set up 74. In the A. the nur	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. Inding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post ation at line 2, the phrase "every imaging aginary fields in stories and poeting in a camera's field of vision fessions that one can think of the journals about farming and put 7 the word "succumbed" means for B. brought up to	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading so in this decline, but its programs are gentle following magazine. B. The Reading B. The Nation inable field is close ms C. taken up to its closest in meaning in the second in	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic is in meaning to
the mash shifted and shifted all imash. Accordant all imash. At all imash. At all imash. At all imash. In line A. set up 74. In the A. the nur. B. the nur. C. the nur.	e 20th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. Inding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post ation a line 2, the phrase "every imaging aginary fields in stories and poeting sin a camera's field of vision fessions that one can think of the journals about farming and present the word "succumbed" means for B. brought up to the line 8 the word "circulations" mber of blood banks selling mass mber of international magazine mber of international magazine mber of international magazine	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading so in this decline, but its programs are gentle following magazine B. The Reading D. The Nation inable field" is close ms C. taken up to its closest in meaning gazines	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic is in meaning to
the mash. 20 tel tel for 71. Accorda. The Sc. The North 72. In the A. all imash. all imash. all imash. In line A. set up 74. In the A. the nur. B. the nur. C. the nur. D. the nur. D. the nur.	e 20 th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that mat and content. Inding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post ation at line 2, the phrase "every imaging aginary fields in stories and poetings in a camera's field of vision fessions that one can think of the journals about farming and put 7 the word "succumbed" means for B. brought up to the line 8 the word "circulations" mber of blood banks selling materials in the sold copies of a magazine mber of sold copies of a magazine ma	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading serin this decline, but its programs are gentle following magazine B. The Reading D. The Nation inable field" is close mas not sychology ans C. taken up to is closest in meaning gazines	the popularity of television, as went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic ast in meaning to
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the mash. 20 tel tel for 71. Accord A. The Sc. C. The N 72. In the A. all imash. all imash. all imash. In line A. set up 74. In the A. the number the numb	e 20th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. Inding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post action is line 2, the phrase "every imaging aginary fields in stories and poetings in a camera's field of vision fessions that one can think of the journals about farming and present the word "succumbed" means for B. brought up to the line 8 the word "circulations" may be of the following does the author of the following does the author of the following does the author magazines.	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading serin this decline, but its programs are gentle following magazine B. The Reading D. The Nation inable field" is close mas not sychology ans C. taken up to is closest in meaning gazines	the popularity of television, as went out of business. The such magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic ast in meaning to
the mash. 20 tel tel for 71. Accordant The Scanner C. The Normal Trace To all images all images. In the A. all images all images. In the A. set up 74. In the A. the number the	e 20th century, coincident with any general-interest, especially ift in attention of a mass audicevision has been a major factor evision to the older genre that rmat and content. Inding to the passage, which of the aturday Evening Post ation to the phrase "every imaging aginary fields in stories and poeting in a camera's field of vision fessions that one can think of the journals about farming and present the word "succumbed" means for B. brought up to the line 8 the word "circulations" mber of blood banks selling manner of readers of a magazine mber of sold copies of a magazine mber of sold copies of a magazine mber of sold copies of a magazine mber of the following does the authors of the following does the	a dramatic rise in to illustrated magazine ence from reading so in this decline, but its programs are gentle following magazine B. The Readinable field" is close ms in Sychology in C. taken up to is closest in meaning gazines	the popularity of television, is went out of business. The nuch magazines to watching it is an implicit tribute from nerally organized in a single mes is no longer printed? er's Digest onal Geographic est in meaning to D. given in to ag to d in what it could do? D. television

C. influence television programs 77. The word "it" in line 15 refers to	D. have a limited range of	subjects
	C. entertainment	D. radio
A. the rise and fall of the radio business		
B. the growth and decline of magazines i	in the 20 th century	
C. magazines and continuing education		
D. the decline of international circulation		
79. What does the author say about mass A. They have little influence on commun		
B. They have gone out of business	incations in the 20 century	
C. They get information about gardening	and psychology from radio	
D. They have shifted their attention from		•
80 From the passage it can be inferred t	•	
A. movies have replaced magazines		
B. the author is fond of magazines		
C. almost all magazines are printed in Er	_	
D. home decorating magazines are drama	atic	
Part D : WR	RITING (20 pts)	
I. Finish each of the following sentence		s similar as possible
in meaning to the sentence printed before	re it.(5pts)	-
81. We continued waving until the train →	could not be seen any more	. (SIGHT)
82. It took her quite a long time to recov →	ver from her illness.	(OVER)
83. They say Linda won a special prize.		(SAID)
→	******************************	
84. I applied for the job but was turned of		(APPLICATION)
→		•
		(ROUND)
→		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
II. Complete each of the following sens same as the sentence printed before it. (tences in such a way that	it means exactly the
86. Alice lost all her hope. She decided to	o stop her business	
→ Such	*************************	******
87. Uncle Timber fell down the stairs a fe → Ever	ew years ago and hasn't felt	right since.
88. I'm sure she didn't do it on purpose.		
→ She can't89. If someone understands this book, the	or, one alexanenthan I am	
→Anyone	•	
90. She didn't shed a tear when the story		
→Not		
III. Do you agree or disagree with	the following statement	
encourage students to learn". Write an	essay (about 150 to 200 wo	ords) to express your
personal point of view.(10 pts)		
The E	nd	

SỞ GIÁO DUC VÀ ĐÀO TAO THANH HOÁ

HD CHẨM CHÍNH THỰC

Kỳ THI HỌC SINH GIỚI CẤP TỈNH Năm học: 2012-2013

> Môn thi: Lớp 12 THPT

Ngày thi: 15/03/2013 Hướng dẫn chấm gồm 3 trang.

ĐÁP ÁN:

Part A: PHONETICS (5pts)

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest in the same line. (2pts)

1. A

2. C

II. Pick out the word whose main stressed syllable is different from the rest in the same line. (3pts)

3. C

4. A

5. C

Part B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (45 pts)

I. Choose the option A, B, C or D to indicate the word or phrase which best completes each sentence.(15pts)

6. D	7. A	8. A	9. A	10. D
11. D	12. C	13.C	14. B	15. A
16. A	17. B	18. A	19. B	20. B

II. The following passage contains 10 errors. Find and correct them (10pts)

Most of the joggers who are overweigh are reasonable for talking about, worrying with, and being obsessed with their weight. Since many people start jogging to lose weight, it is not surprised that body size is important. More and more people are on the diet. 50% of the women and approximetely 25% of the men in the US are watching what they eat. Body weight is the second most talk between joggers- heart disease and high bleeding pressure are the first! There are many factors that effect your weight. They include: body type, diet, exercise level, sex and age. What may be an "ideal" weight for you in the age of 27 may not be ideal while you're 54. And your ideal weight will probably be different during racing season when you were in a specific training phase.

	Mistake	Correction		Mistake	Correction
21	overweigh	overweight	26	bleeding	blood
22	with	about	27	effect	affect
23	surprised	surprising	28	in	at
24	the	a	29	while	when
25	between	among	30	were	are

III. Put each verb in brackets into an appropriate form. (10pts)

31. was always complaining

32. will have ended

33. must be

34. could have helped

35. did I realise

36. had I come/ were I to have come

37. came

38. (should) go

39. leaving

40. is being prepared

IV. Put each word in brackets into an appropriate form. (10pts)

41. overexpenditure

42. purified

43. non-existent

44. businesslike

45. encouraging

46. unconcerned 49 enthusiastic

47. misbehaviors/ misbehaviours

48. interpersonal

50. middle-aged

Part C:

READING (30 pts)

I. Read the following passage and then choose the most suitable word or phrase for each space. (10 pts.)

51 B	52 C	53 B	54 C	55 A
56 D	57 D	58 C	58 D	60 B

II. Supply the most suitable word for each blank. (10 pts)

61. role

62. serve 63. without

64. away

65. protect

66. like

67. easily

68. carry

69, another

70. distance

III. Read the following passage, and then choose the best answer from A, B, C or

D.	(I	Opts)

71 A	73. D	75. A	77. D	79. D
72. C	74. D	76. C	78. B	80. B

Part D: WRITING (20 pts)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence printed before it. (5pts)

- 81. We continued waving until the train was out of sight.
- 82. It took her quite a long time to get over her illness.
- 83. Linda is said to have won a special prize.
- 84. My application for the job was turned down.
- 85. I'll get round to (doing) the ironing in the end

II. Complete each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it. (5pts)

- 86. Such was her hopelessness that Alice decided to stop her business.
- 87. Ever since Uncle Timber fell down the stairs a few years ago, he hasn't fell right.
- 88. She can't have done it on purpose.
- 89. Anyone who understands/ understanding this book is cleverer than I am.
- 90. Not a tear did she shed when the story ended in tragedy.

III. Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? "Grades (marks) encourage students to learn". Write an essay (about 150 to 200 words) to express your personal point of view.(10 pts)

Marking scheme: The impression mark should be based on the following scheme:

1.Format: 2 pts (coherence, cohesion, style)

The argument should have 3 parts

- a. Introduction: should be put in one paragraph in which students' points of view are expressed clearly
- b. Body: should consist of from one to three paragraphs. Each paragraph must have a topic sentence, reasonings and examples.
- c. Conclusion (summary of the main reasons, students' comment)

2. Content: 5pts

Students should give specific reasons for their arguement for or against grades/ marks.

*Agreement:

- Grades show students' progress in class.
- Grades set students a goal and encourage students to learn better.
- Grades give students a chance to show their self-pride to their parents, friends and other people.

* Disagreement:

- Bad marks make students feel shy or inconfident.
- Bad marks discourage students from studying.
- Bad marks cause stress and even breakdown due to parents' scold and punishment.
- 3. Language: 3pts (grammatical accuracy, wide range of vocabularies and structures)

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM:

Bài thi châm the Điểm bài thi làm	o thang điệm: 20 tròn đến 0,25	
Điểm bài thi =	Tổng số point thí sinh làm đúng	
	5	
	The End	

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO N<u>AM ĐỊN</u>H

KỲ THI HỌC SINH GIỚI LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2012-2013

ĐÈ CHÍNH THÚC

Môn: Tiếng Anh Thời gian làm bài: 180 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề)

Đề thi gồm 09 trang

וע	ểm bài thi	no, ten va chtr	<u>ký 2 giám khảo</u>	SÓ PHÁCH
Bằng số:	Gi	ám khảo 1:		
Bằng chữ	r: Gi	ám khảo 2:		
Luu ý:	Thí sinh làm bài vào đề	thi này.		
		A. LISTENIN	G (4.0 points)	
Hướng	dẫn phần thi nghe hiểu.	:		
-] -]	Nội dung nghe gồm 02 p Mở đầu và kết thúc phần Hướng dẫn làm bài chi ti	nghe có tín hiệu tết cho thí sinh (bằ	hạc;	
SECTION	ON 1. Questions 1-10 <i>(2</i>			
Questio	ons 1-6. Complete the fo	orm below. Write		
Questio	ns 1-6. Complete the fo ER for each answer. Y	orm below. Write		
Questio NUMB	ons 1-6. Complete the for ER for each answer. Young (0).	orm below. Write ou will hear the	conversation twic	ce. There's an example
Questio NUMB	ons 1-6. Complete the for ER for each answer. Young (0).	orm below. Write ou will hear the DENT UNION		ce. There's an example
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SECTION 2. Questions 11-20 (2.0 points).

Questions 11-15. Label the plan below. Choose FIVE answers from the box and write the correct letter A-G next to Questions 11-15. You will hear the conversation twice.

A. Arts section
B. Computers
C. Languages section
D. Law
E. Magazines
F. Science
G. Study desks

	TO EXTENSION	RECEPTION	(11)
(15)			(12)
MAIN ENTRANC	E	SEATS	OLD BOOKS
	(14)	REFERENCE	(13)

Questions 16-20. Complete the notes below. Write NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER for each answer. You will hear the conversation twice.

	LIBRARY SYSTEM
- Maximum borrowing	period: (16)
- Renew books in perso	n or by: (17)
- Overdue charge:	(18)
- Unavailable books:	complete (19)
- Extra services:	(20)

PART B. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY (5.0 points)

Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

-			
1.	Now, don't tell anyone else what I've just told yo		
_	A. confidence B. confident	C. confidential	D. confidentially
2.	Linda: "Could you turn down the radio, please?" Henry: "" A. Yes, I can B. I am, of course		
	A. Yes, I can B. I am, of course	C. I feel sorry	D. Yes, with pleasure
3.	Either John or his friends in the class nov	v.	
	\mathbf{A} . is \mathbf{B} . are	C. were	D. have been
4.	A. is B. are Everyone here has been to London, A hasn't be R haven't they		
	A. hasn't he B. haven't they	C. have they	D. has he
5.	Dinner will be ready soon. Can you please	the table?	Di nas ne
	A. settle B. put	C lav	D. make
6.	She described the outer space she had flo	wn into it	D. make
•	A. like B. as	C as if	D. as for
	The of houses has increased dramatically		D. as 101
′•	A. cost B. pay	C normant	D
Q	Von will have to your holiday if you are t	C. payment	D. price
υ.	You will have to your holiday if you are t	C hada and	D
۵	A. call off B. cut down	C. back out	D. put aside
	Peter: "Why did you ride your bike?"	49	
	John: "Because it's more than driving my		
1 ^	A. economically B. economic	C. economy	D. economical
10	. The unemployment rate of the area ever	y year until 2003 and the	n started to fall.
	A. raised B. rose	C. dropped	D. decreased
11	the fact that many companies are going	bankrupt, ours has made a	a good profit.
	A. Although B. Even though	C. Despite	D. Because of
12	. Some vegetables are grown without soil and und	ier iignt.	
	A. artificial B. false	C. fake	D. unreal
13	. My dog as well as my cats twice a day.		
	A. eat B. has eaten	C. have eaten	D. eats
14	. All volcanoes smoke, ash, and lava.		
		C. erupt	D. release
15	. Laura: "What a lovely house you have!"	•	
	Maria: ""		
	A. Of course not, it's not costly	B. Thank you. Hope you	will drop in
		D. No problem	F
16	. As I can earn money by myself. I am independen		incially.
	A. on B. of		D. from
17	. Napoleon the West Indian island of Sant		
	A. attacked B. has attacked		D. attacking
18	of my family, I would like to thank you		D. atateking
_ •	A. On behalf B. On account	C In person	D. Instead
19	The accident was the mistake of the driv	C. III person	D. Histeau
	~	B. caused great human lo	
20		D. which causes many po	
- U	It was clear that the young couple were		
) 1	A. responsible B. reliable	C. capable	D. able
41.	She was guilty cheating in the examinati	on.	TD . C
22	A. to B. with	C. of	D. for
22.	during the storm.		

A. They were collapsed the fenceC. They collapsed the fence	B. the fence was collapsed		
C. They collapsed the fence	D. The fence collapsed		
23. The family could not because they had to	forgotten their passports.		
A. check up B. check out	C. check through	D. check in	
24. You'd better drive. I'm too for such traf	fic.	_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
A. experienced B. experiencing		D. inexperiencing	
25. John: "Do you think that we should use public to			
Mary: ""			
A. Of course not. You bet!	B. Well, that's very surr	rising.	
A. Of course not. You bet! C. There's no doubt about it.	D. Yes, it's an absurd id	ea.	
26. In water polo, a shot is successful if the ball con			
underneath the	-F F	no gom poots and	
A. net B. crossbar	C. ball	D. goalie	
27. No water polo player except the goalie of	can hold the ball with bot	h hands.	
A. a B. an			
28. The reviewer Mathew's new novel as a r	new style of modern scien		
A. chewed B. digested	C. described	D. drew	
29. If it's raining tomorrow afternoon, we'll have to	the match till no	evt Sunday	
A put out D put off	C	n nut augay	
30. It was so foggy that the climbers couldn't	the negrect chelter	D. put away	
A. make out B. break out	C take out	D mm out	
31. Due to ever more spreading poaching, there	a dramatic decline in	the number of	
. 1 1			
A. was B. is	C. has been	D had been	
32. Anna is holding her shopping bag with one hand	and turning the door has	odle with	
A. others B. another			
33. It was the worst winter anyone could ren		D. Oulei	
A when R that	C where	D. why	
A. when B. that 34. She is wearing a/an ring.	C. Where	D. Wily	
A. expensive nice gold	P mice cold avmencing		
C. gold nice expensive	B. nice gold expensive D. nice expensive gold		
35. The longer he waited, impatient he got.	D. file expensive gold		
A. the better B. better	C. more	D. the more	
Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to show the und	derlined part that needs	correction in each of	
the following questions.		•	
36. During pioneer times, the Allegheny Mountains	were a barrier major to the	ransportation.	
A	B C	D	
37. In Philadelphia's Franklin Institute, there is a we	orking model of a human	heart enough large for	
<u>A</u>	B C	<u>D</u>	
visitors to walk through.			
38. Before the late eighteenth century, most textiles	were done at home.		
A	\overline{C} \overline{D}		
39. Louisa May Alcott, she is best known for her bo	oks for children, served a	as a nurse during the	
<u>A</u> <u>B</u>		D	
Civil War.	•		
40. Many places of history, scientific, cultural, or sc	enic importance have hee	en designated national	
$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ $\overline{\mathbf{B}}$	C	D	
monuments.		- .	
	lan mhuna 14 11 07 00	ram !	
Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word underlined part in each of the following questions	or pnrase that is CLOS	ESI in meaning to the	

Trang 4/9

41. When you see your teacher approaching you, a slight wave to attract his attention is appropriate.

A. coming nearer to B. catching sight of 42. When being interviewed, you should concentrate you.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A. be related to 43. In the future many large corporations will be w A. companies B. services 44. A nuclear station may take risk going off due to A. demolishing B. exploding	iped out and millions of jobs will be lost. C. supermarkets D. farms unexpected incidents. C. developing D. running
45. These were the people who <u>advocated</u> using for A. openly criticised B. strongly condemned	-
Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the	e correct answer to each of the following
questions.	
46. But for television, people in rural areas	
A. wouldn't have had anything for entertainment	nt at night.
B. wouldn't have anything for entertainment at	night.
C. would have had anything for entertainment	at night.
D. won't have anything for entertainment at nig	ght.
47. Finishing his lecture,	
A. the students asked him many questions.	
B. the students asked many questions.	
C. he asked the students to put questions.	
D. he was asked the students many questions.	
48. They were such difficult tests	
A. so I couldn't finish them.	B. that I couldn't finish.
C. that I couldn't finish them.	D. for me to finish.
49. A study has been done to determine how the re-	cent change in government policies
A. has affected the small business sector.	B. have affected the small business sector.
C. the small business sector was affected.	D. affecting the small business sector.
50. Mary has trouble	
A. to remember her homework.	B. to remembering her homework.
C. remember her homework.	D. remembering her homework.
PART C. READI	NG (6.0 points)
I. Read the text below and decide which answer (2	A. B. C or D) best fits each space. (2.0 points)
An American professor who studied the Massudden end of their empire. (0) to Profuniversity of California, the (1) of theabout by the Mayas themselves.	ayas has come up with a new theory about the fessor Richard Hansen, an archaeologist at the Mayan civilization in Central America was (2)
beautiful as possible. This (3) using large make them smooth. Unfortunately, the creation of they therefore (4) to cut down huge number	lime is a process which requires intense heat, and
and it became almost impossible to farm.	d from an avacuation in the El Minder region of
northern Guatemala, told a meeting of archaeolo this mistake in the 3 rd century, repeated	it 600 years later, at which time it proved fatal.
Increasing food (7) among the Mayas Peloponnesian War which ravaged ancient Greece.	

only (9) for 27 years, the Mayas wars went on for many centuries and left many of their great cities and temples in (10) 0. A. Referring B. Relating (C) According **D.** Respecting 1. A. collapse B. drop C. crash D. stop 2. A. made B. came C. turned D. brought 3. A. depended B. needed C. involved D. requested A. obliged 4. B. forced C. must D. had A. still 5. B. just C. already D. yet 6. A. done B. had C. taken D. made 7. A. lack C. droughts B. shortages D. failures 8. A. unlike B. apart C. without D. unless 9. A. stayed B. spent C. lasted D. longed 10. A. injuries B. damages C. spoils D. ruins

II. Read the passage and circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions. (2.0 points)

Sharks have gained an unfair reputation for being fierce predators of large sea animals. 1 Humanity's unfounded fear and hatred of these ancient creatures is leading to a worldwide slaughter that may result in the extinction of many coastal shark species. The shark is the victim of a warped attitude of wildlife protection; we strive only to protect the beautiful, non-5 threatening parts of our environment. And, in our efforts to restore only non-threatening parts of our earth, we ignore other important parts.

A perfect illustration of this attitude is the contrasting attitude toward another large sea animal, the dolphin. During the 1980s, environmentalists in the United States protested the use of driftnets for tuna fishing in the Pacific Ocean since these nets also caught dolphins. The 10 environmentalists generated enough political and economic pressure to prevent tuna companies from buying tuna that had been caught in driftnets. In contrast to this effort on behalf of the dolphins, these same environmentalists have done very little to help save the Pacific Ocean sharks whose population has decreased nearly to the point of extinction. Sharks are among the oldest creatures on earth, having survived in the seas for more than 350 million years. They are extremely efficient animals, feeding on wounded or dying animals, thus performing an important role in nature of weeding out the weaker animals in a species. Just the fact that species such as the Great White Shark have managed to live in the oceans for so many millions of years is enough proof of their efficiency and adaptability to changing environments. It is time for us humans, who may not survive another 1,000 years at the rate we are damaging the planet, to cast away our fears and begin considering the protection of sharks as an important part of a program for protection of all our natural environment.

- 1. With which of the following topics is this passage primarily concerned?
 - A. Sharks are efficient creatures with bad reputations.
 - **B.** Sharks are some of the oldest creatures on earth.
 - C. Sharks illustrate a problem in wildlife protection.
 - D. The campaign to save dolphins was not extended to save sharks.
- 2. Which of the following is most similar to the meaning of the word "warped" in line 4?
 - A. distorted
- B. wasteful
- C. extravagant
- D. wanton
- 3. In the second paragraph, the word "generated" could be best replaced by _ A. consumed
 - **B.** absorbed
- C. designated
- D. produced

- 4. How did environmentalists manage to protect dolphins?
 - A. They prevented fishermen from selling them for meat.
 - B. They pressured fishermen into protecting dolphins by law.
 - C. They brought political pressure against tuna companies.
 - **D.** They created sanctuaries where dolphin fishing was not allowed.

5. Abo	out how long have s	harks lived on the planet?	?	
A.	25 million years	B. 150 million years	C. 350 million years	D. 500 million years
6. The	author uses the phr	rase "weeding out" in lir	ne 16 to mean .	·
Α.	strengthening some	ething that is weak	B. feeding something that	at is hungry
C.	encouraging somet	hing that is efficient	D. getting rid of somethi	ng that is unwanted
7. The	phrase "managed	to live" in line 17 is used		
A.	surviving was diffi	cult	B. migration was commo	on
C.	procreation was ex	panding	D. roaming was necessar	
8. The	word "proof" in li	ne 18 could be best replace	ced by which of the follow	
	characteristic	B. evidence	C. praise	D. customary
9. The	phrase "to cast aw	ay" in line 20 means mos		
		B. to bring in	C. to see through	D. to set apart
10. W		one in this passage?		1
	explanatory		C. gentle	D. proud
	_	•		-
			C or D to indicate the cor	rect answer to each of
tne qu	estions. (2.0 points,			
1			Alaska, a peak named D	
	above sea level. It	is the highest peak in N	Jorth America and the cer	ntre of Denali National
	park. One of Amer	ica's greatest wilderness	areas, the park has had lin	nited access to visitors,
	but in spite of this,	tourism rose from 6000	visitors in 1950 to over 54	16,000 visitors in 1990.
5	The increasing por	oularity of this park is pr	ompting serious discussio	ns about the future use
		s how to preserve wilder		
	One import	ant issue of land use aris	es when parts of the Natio	nal Parks are owned by
			e land in this vast tract	
	acres is owned by	the National Park Service	e, several thousand acres a	re still privately owned
10			nali were once abundant so	
	also were sources	of heavy metals such as	arsenic and lead that pollu	ited rivers and streams.
1 .	Environmentalists	were successful in getting	g the government to requir	re mining companies to
			mpact of a mining project	
	allowed to begin n	nining. Because of this re	equirement, many individ	uals closed their mines
15	and some sold the	eir land to the National	Park Service. Some land	owners, however, are
			the government or keep it	
			bound to rise, as more roa	
	_		ne number of visitors creat	
			nomic implications of thi	
			rested in preserving the wi	
	at is the primary foc		F	
			B. Miners selling their pr	ronerty in Denali
		ore roads to Denali.	D. Limiting tourist acces	* · · · ·
		in line 3 could be best re	polaced by the word	is to Denam.
	dangerous	B. natural	C. rural	D. pastoral
	•			
J. AS C	protect	B. enclose	wing is more similar to the	
	•		C. investigate	D. foster
	surrenders	ne 7 could be best replace B. occurs		D
			C. volunteers	D. prospers
		e 8 refers to which of the		7
	trail	B. resort	C. frontier	D. expanse
		ney" in line 10 refer to in		.
	mining tracts	B. gold	C. millions of acres	D. sources
			g are pollutants in the Den	
Α.	gold	B. pesticides	C. human waste	D. arsenic

8. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the phrase "potential impact" in line 13?	
A. approximate cost B. expected value C. proposed size D. possible effects	
9. The author infers that some mine owners might hesitate to sell their land to the Park Service for	ľ
which the following reasons?	
A. There may be increasing demand for the ore of the mines.B. They might want to move to the towns.	
C. They might receive more money selling their land to developers.	
D. They might want to build a house on their property.	
10. What is the author's purpose in writing this passage?	
A. To demonstrate the changes in Denali National Park.	
B. To use Denali as an example of common park issues.C. To introduce the wonders of the wilderness are of Denali.	
D. To explain the problems occurring in Denali Park.	
PART D. WRITING (5.0 points)	
I. Finish each second sentence so that it has similar meaning to the first sentence, using the cli	ıes
at the beginning of each sentence. There's an example at the beginning (0). (1.6 points) 0. She was not used to driving on the left.	
→She found it strange to drive on the left.	
1. He told me that it was wrong of me to leave early.	
→ He criticized	•••
2. It is believed that his father died in a car accident.	
→ His father	••••
3. When the Minister was asked about the strike, he declined to comment.	
→ On	•••
4. As she grows older, she becomes increasingly cheerful.	
→ The older	•••
5. If you changed your mind, you'd be welcome to join us.	
→ Were	•••
6. The book was so interesting that people couldn't put it down.	
→ It was	•••
7. The noise next door did not stop until after midnight.	
→ It was not	•••
8. It's sad, but unemployment is unlikely to go down this year.	
→ Sad as	•
II. Finish each second sentence so that it has similar meaning to the first sentence, using a words given in the brackets. There's an example at the beginning (0). (1.4 points)	the
0. The last Olympic Games were held in Seoul. (TOOK)	
→ The last Olympic Games took place in Seoul.	
1. The accident took place just after the workers started their work. (HARDLY)	

2. Although he took a taxi, Jack still arrived late for the conference.	(SPITE)
→	
3. In the end, I felt I had been right to leave the club.	(REGRETS)
>	
4. It is stupid of you to refuse Richard's offer of a loan.	(IDIOT)
→	
5. The company didn't decide to replace this model.	(INTENTION)
→	•••••
6. In the next few years, we'll probably hear a lot more about the environment	ent pollution. (LIKELY)
→	
7. Paula said I had caused the accident.	(BLAMED)
→	•••••
III. Writing an argument: (2.0 points)	
It is said that it is a good idea to have three or four generations live. What's your opinion? Use your specific reasons and examples to sur You should write about 150 words.	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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THE END	•

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO NAM ĐỊNH

ĐÈ CHÍNH THỰC

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM ĐỀ THI HỌC SINH GIỚI LỚP 12 THPT

Môn: Tiếng Anh

NĂM HỌC 2012-2013 (Hướng dẫn này gồm 02 trang)

A. LISTENING (4.0 points)

0.2 point for each correct answer

 post graduate 	6. 02950659003	11. E	16. 6 weeks
2. engineering	7. (in the) mornings	12. A	17. email
computer games	8. Round theatre	13. G	18. £ 1.5
4. German	9. Transport secretary	14. D	19. (a) yellow form
5. (in) hall	10. newspapers	15. B	20. ordering

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (5.0 points)

0.1 point for each correct answer.

1.C	2.D	3.B	4.B	5.C	6.C	7.D	8.A	9.D	10.B
11.C	12.A	13.D	14.C	15.B	16.B	17.A	18.A	19.A	20.C
21.C	22.D	23.D	24.C	25.C	26.B	27.D	28.C	29.B	30.A
31.C	32.C	33.B	34.D	35.D	36.C	37.D	38.C	39.A	40.A
41.A	42.C	43.A	44.B	45.C	46.B	47.C	48.C	49.A	50.D

C. READING (6.0 points)

I. Closing reading. (2.0 points)

0.2 point for each correct answer.

1.A 2.D 3.C 4.D 5.B 6.D 7.B 8.A 9.C 10.D

II. MCQ reading. (2.0 points)

0.2 point for each correct answer.

1C 2A 3D 4C 5C 6D 7A 8B 9A 10B

III. MCQ reading. (2.0 points)

0.2 point for each correct answer.

1A 2B 3A 4B 5D 6A 7D 8D 9C 10B

D. WRITING (5.0 points)

I. Finish second sentences. (1.6 points)

- 1. He criticized me for leaving/having left early.
- 2. His father is believed to have died in a car accident.
- 3. On being asked about the strike, the Minister declined to comment.
- 4. The older she grows, the more cheerful she becomes.
- 5. Were you to change your mind, you'd be welcome to join us.
- 6. It was such an interesting book that people couldn't put it down.
- 7. It was not until after midnight that the noise next door stopped.

8. Sad as it is, unemployment is unlikely to go down this year.

II. Finish second sentences. (1.4 points)

- 1. Hardly had the workers started working when the accident happened.
- 2. In spite of (his/Jack's) taking a taxi, Jack/he arrived late for the conference/ In spite of the fact that...
- 3. In the end, I had no regrets about having left the club.
- 4. You are an idiot to refuse Richard's offer of a loan.
- 5. The company had no intention of replacing this model.
- 6. In the next few years, we are likely to hear a lot more about the environmental pollution.
- 7. Paula blamed me for causing/having caused the accident.

III. Writing an argument. (2.0 points)

Marking scheme

The impression mark is based on the following scheme:

- 1. Format. (0.2 point) the argument has 3 parts: the Introduction (01 para), the body (01 or more para) and the conclusion (01 para).
- 2. Content. (1.0 point): a provision of main ideas and details as appropriate to support the argument.

Note:

- Students can totally agree/ disagree or partly agree
- Students can give their opinion right in the introduction or discuss the issue and give his or her own opinion in the conclusion.
- 1. Language. (0.5 point): a variety of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the level of secondary gifted students
- 2. Presentation. (0.3 point): coherence, cohesion, and style appropriate to the level of secondary gifted students.



Nguyên tắc làm tròn điểm:

5.1 5.0	5.6 -> 5.5
5.2 → 5.25	5.7 → 5.75
5.3 → 5.25	5.8 → 5.75
5.4 → 5.5	5.9 → 6.0
5.5 → 5.5	6.0

SỞ GIÁO DỤC & ĐÀO TẠO NGHỆ AN ĐỀ THI ĐỀ XUAT thi chọn học sinh giỏi cấp Tỉnh lớp 12 THPT Môn: Tiếng Anh

Thời gian: 180□

Section A: Phonetics

I/. Identify the word w	hose underlined p	art is pronounced	differently from the three		
ones in each group.					
1. A: discussion	B: revision	C: attention	D: admission		
2. A: cea <u>se</u>	B: chase	C: increase	D: raise		
3. A: genuine	B: geneticist	C: guarantee	D: generate		
4. A: b <u>oo</u> t	B: shoot	C: food	D: good		
5. A: teenage	B: dosage	C; voyage	D: carriage		
II/. Identify the word w	vhose stress patter	n is different from	that of the others in each		
group.					
6. A: postpone	B: specialize	C: purpose	D: summarize		
7. A: accident	B: reference	C: coincide	D: formulate.		
8. A: significant	B: ability	C: political	D: sympathetic		
9. A: envelope	B: amazing	C: passenger	D: reference.		
10. A: cultural	B: admittance	C: demanding	D: domestic		
	Section B: Voca	bulary and gramm	ar		
L. Choose the best answ	ver from A, B, C o	r D to complete eac	h sentence.		
11. I really must go and	lie down for a whi	le, I've got a	headache.		
A: cutting	B: splitting	C: ringing	D: cracking		
12. The accident was ca	used by a taxi drive	er the	traffic lights.		
A: rushing	B: missing	C: jumping	D: beating		
13. Why don't the polic	e take	measures against cr	ime?		
A: affective	B: ineffective	C: effective	D: efficient		
14. You'll have to give to the manager for your actions.					
A: report	B: account	C: narrative	D: explanation		
15. Some great men hav	ve had an	school record.			
			D: undistinguished		
16. Poor management b	rought the compan	y to the	of collapse.		
A: brink	B: rim	C: fringe	D: brim.		
17. The truant was	from scho	ol for unbecoming b	oehaviour.		
A: dispelled	B: repelled	C: expelled	D: compelled		
II/. Put the verbs given in brackets into their appropriate tenses or forms.					

Last week I (18) (walk) home after playing tennis when it (19)
(start) raining very heavily. 'Oh, no, I (20) (get) soaked
before I (21) (reach) home,' I thought, 'I wish I (22)
(remember) to bring my raincoat.' But unfortunately I (23) (leave) it at
home. 'How stupid of me!' I always (24) (get) to bring it with me.
'Luckily just then a friend of mine passed in her car and offered me a lift
(25) (go) you home?' she asked me, 'or (26) (want) you to
go for a drink?' 'I think I'd rather you (27) (take) me home,' I said.
III/. There are five mistakes in the following passage. Find and correct them.
Simply be bilingual does not qualify anyone for interpreting. Interpreting does not
merely a mechanical process of converting one sentence in language A into a same
sentence in language B. Rather, it is a complex art in that thoughts and idioms which have
no obvious analogues from tongue to tongue - or words which have multiple meanings -
must quickly be transformed in many a way that the message is clearly and accurately
expressing to the listener.
28
31
Section C: Reading
I/. Fill each of the numbered blanks in the passage with one suitable word.
Rules and laws
Any discussion of criminal behaviour requires understanding of the difference in
meaning of rules and laws. Rules (33) be unwritten, or formal and
written. The rules of dress or of how we eat are unwritten guides. (34)
contrast, the rules of a factory, for example safety regulations, are usually (35)
down and serve (36) strict regulators of behavior.
Laws are perhaps, the (37) example of written, formal rules and

II/. Read the following text and decide which word best fits each blank.

The point at which physical decline with age begins adversely to affect a driver's capability has not yet been thoroughly studied. A survey of more than 3,000 road accidents in Michigan involving drivers aged over 55 showed that in eight out of ten

Older drivers are as well as being a po	ield, turning careles obviously more (4	sly or changing land 5)	had (44) a es. to injury in vehicle crashes, through their own driving
(47)			
			ves many different physical
(49) suc	ch as the production	of the nerve impu	lse, perception of the signal,
(50) of res	ponse and transmis	sion to the muscles	•
Some of these (51)	more than other	rs with age, but the overall
effect increases the time	it takes to respond	for more (52)	drivers.
43. A: users	B: points	C: cases	D: attempts
44. A: avoided	B: prevented	C: caused	D: activated
45. A: likely	B: susceptible	C: possible	D: common
46. A: degree	B: chance	C: factor	D: risk
47. A: practice	B: activity	C: experience	D: behaviour
48. A: period	B: time	C: process	D: system
49. A: events	B: parts	C: factors	D: forms.
50. A: choice	B: suggestion	C: section	D: preference
51. A: improve	B: deteriorate	C: reduce	D: increase
52. A: mature	B: ancient	C: older	D: elderly

III. Read the following passage and choose the best answer.

According to the census of 1800, the United States of America contained 5,308,483 persons. In the same year the British Islands contained upwards of fifteen million, the French Republic, more than twenty-seven million. Nearly one-fifth of American people were black slaves; the true political population consisted of four and a half million free whites, or less than one million able-bodied males, on whose shoulders fell the burden of a continent. Even after two centuries of struggle the land was still untamed; forest covered every portion, except here and there a strip of cultivated soil; the minerals lay undisturbed in their rocky beds, and more than two-thirds of the people clung to the seaboard within fifty miles of tidewater, where alone the wants of civilized life could be supplied.

53. In the United States of America in 1800

A: one out of every twenty-five Americans was a black slave.

B: one out of every four Americans was a black slave.

C: two out of every three Americans were black slaves.

D: one out of every five Americans was a black slave.

54. Free white men in America numbered.

A: about four-fifths of the population.

C: 5,308,483.
D: less than one million.
55. More than two-thirds of the American people
A: lived where the wants of civized life could not be supplied.
B: lived in Washington.
C: live on the seaboard.
D: lived within fifteen miles of tidewater.
56. The struggle to tame the American continent had been going on
A: about two hundred years.
B: about fifty years.
C: a little more than a century.
D: since 1750.
57. This description of the United States in 1800 suggests that.
A: most of the new nation was undeveloped.
B: the people of the new nation had succeeded in taming the continent.
C: strips of cultivated land were everywhere.
D: settlers were beginning to mine the valuable minerals of the new continent.
Section D: Writing
1/. Rewrite the following sentences using inversion. Begin your sentences with the words
or phrases given.
58. Steve and Jane have never invited us to their house.
Not once
59. Women do not have equal rights with men at any level of society.
At no
60. I realized later that I had made a big mistake.
Not until then
61. The sheriff felt so lonely that he was about to draw his revolver.
50
52. The staff members' telephone numbers shouldn't be given out under any
circumstances.
Jnder no
63. The only representative of the Indian's handicraft remains on the island.
On
11. For each of the following sentences, write a new sentence as similar as possible in
neaning to the origin sentence, but using the word given in capital letters. These words
nust not be altered in any way.
must not be uncreu in uny wuy.

B: about four and a half million.

	LONG
65. Taking the necessary precautions, you shouldn't hav	
66. He'll give you the sack if you are late for the meetin	· .
67. If we took effective action now, we could still save t	he rainforests.
	WERE
68. Your refusal to co-operate would cause immediate e	xpulsion from the country.
	SHOULD
69. The ban on hunting was only imposed because the n	
70. He is unlikely to win the competition.	
70. He is difficely to will the competition.	CHANCE
	CHANCE
III/. COMPOSITION.	
	Call assistant damina
Write a composition (150 200 words) about the	
Write a composition (150-200 words) about the j	-
Some people believe that a college or university	v education should be availab
•	v education should be availab
Some people believe that a college or university	v education should be availab should be available only to g
Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s	y education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
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Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
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Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.
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Some people believe that a college or university all students. Others believe that higher education s students. Discuss these views. Which view do you agree	v education should be availab should be available only to g e with? Explain why.

Đáp án và biểu điểm chấm môn tiếng anh kỳ thi chọn học sinh giỏi cấp Tỉnh lớp 12 THPT Section A: Phonetics

1. Identify the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the three ones in each group. $(5m \times 1 = 5m)$ 1: B 2: D 3: C 4: D 5: A II. Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each $(5m \times 1 = 5m)$ group. 6: B 7: C 8: C 9: B 10: A Section B: Vocabulary and grammar L. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to complete each sentence. $(7m \times 1 = 7m)$ 11: B 12: C 13: C 14: B 15: D 16: A 17: C II/. Put the verbs given in brackets into their appropriate tenses or forms. $(10m \times 1 = 10m)$ 18: was walking 19: started 20: will get 21: reach 22: had remembered 23: had left 24: am always getting 25: are you going 26: do you want 27: took III./. There are five mistakes in the following passage. Find and correct them. $(5m \times 1 = 5m)$ 28: does \rightarrow is 29: a same \rightarrow the same 30: in that \rightarrow in which 31: many $a \rightarrow such a$ 32: expressing → expressed Section C: Reading I. Fill each of the numbered blanks in the passage with one suitable word. $(10m \times 1 = 10m)$ 33: may/can 34: in 35: written 36: as 37: best 38: are 39: to 40: found 41: breaking 42: such II/. Read the following text and decide which word best fits each blank. $(10m \times 1 = 10m)$ 43: C 44: C 45: B 46: D 47: D 48: B 49: C 50: A 51: B 52: D III. Read the following passage and choose the best answer. $(5m \times 1 = 5m)$ 53: D 54: D 55: C 56: A 57: A

Section D: Writing

I. Rewrite the following sentences using inversion. Begin your sentences with the words or phrases given. $(6m \times 1 = 6m)$

- 58. Not once have Steve and Jane invited us to their house.
- 59. At no level of society do women have equal rights with men.
- 60. Not until then did I realize that I had made a big mistake
- 61. So lonely did the sheriff feel that he was about to draw his revolver.
- 62. Under no circumstances should the staff members' telephone numbers be given out.
- 63. On the island remains the only representative of the Indian's handicraft.

II. For each of the following sentences, write a new sentence as similar as possible in meaning to the origin sentence, but using the word given in capital letters. These words must not be altered in any way. $(7m \times 1 = 7m)$

- 64. As long as you obey the regulations, you will not be permitted to fish in this river.
- 65. Provided you take the necessary precautions, you shouldn't have any health problems.
- 66. Don't be late for the meeting, otherwise he'll give you the sack!
- 67. Were we to take effective action now, we could still save the rainforests.
- 68. Should you refuse to co-operate, they would expel you immediately from the country.
- 69. But for the minister's insistence, the ban on hunting would not have been imposed.
- 70. He stands little chance of winning the competition.

III/. Composition (10m)

Tổng 70 câu = 70 điểm + bài viết luận 10 điểm = 80 điểm/4 = 20 điểm

SỞ GD & ĐT NGHỆ AN

Kỳ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2012 – 2013

Đề chính thức

Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH 12 THPT - BẢNG A

Thời gian làm hài: 150 nhút

(De ini gom 06 tran	1 g)	HỘ TÊN, CHỮ KÍ GIÁM KHẢO SỐ PHÁCH Giám khảo 1:				
ÐIĖM						
Bằng số:						
Bằng chữ:				•••••		
Dang citu		Giám k	hảo 2:			
			A - PHONETICS			
I. Choose the word wh		<u>part is p</u>	ronounced differently f		others.	
1. A. breath	B. br <u>ea</u> k		C. thr <u>ea</u> d	D. tr <u>ea</u> d		
2. A. believes	B. pencil <u>s</u>		C. contents	D. tables		
3. A. ragged	B. wick <u>ed</u>	•	C. naked	D. pack <u>ed</u>		
4. A. <u>ch</u> erish	B. <u>ch</u> orus		C. chaos	D. s <u>ch</u> olar		
5. A. <u>hy</u> steria	B. <u>hy</u> pocr	ite	C. <u>hy</u> pocrisy	D. <u>hy</u> drop	lane	
1. 2		3.	4.	5.		
II. Find the word with						
6. A. comparable	B. compar	•	C. comparative	D. compass		
7. A. committee	B. refugee		C. employee	D. absentee		
8. A. coherent	B. perman		C. continent	D. sentime		
9. A. fountain	B. predict		C. population	D. colorful		
10. A. unconcerned	B. tropical	l	C. represent	D. conspict	ious	
6. 7.		8.	9.	10.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			OCABULARY AND (
			complete the following	sentences.		
		e had wo	on the first prize.			
A. excited	B. lucky		C. astonished	D. nervous		
12 a minute! I	can't find my k	eys.				
A. Keep on	B. Hold or	n	C. Go on	D. Carry or	1	
13. I have just taken a 7	rest of English a	as a Fore	ign Language or TOEFI	short	t .	
A. of	B. in		C. on	D. for		
14. She is a kind of wor	man who does n	ot care n	nuch of work but genera	lly on	ly with	
colleagues for meals, m	ovies or late nig	ghts at a	club.			
	A. supposes B. socialize		C. attends	D. discusse	S	
15. A good way of	food is keeping it is		t in a fridge.			
A. enduring	B. extendi	ng	C. prolonging	D. preservi	ng	
16. Our seats were	far from the	stage that	t we couldn't see the act	ors and actresse	s clearly.	
A. very	B. too		C. enough	D. so	•	
17. It is very easy for th	e undereducate	d to be	by slick-talking s	alesmen.		
A. put aside	B. put up	_	C. taken in	D. taken av	av	
18. The of the f			orce was a great shock to	the children.	. •	
A. break-down	B. break-in	n.	C. break-up	D. break-or	it e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	

C. do

D. offer

D. turn

19. I can't believe how cheap these shorts were. They were a real

B. sale

20. Never _____ off until tomorrow what you can do today. B. put

A. discount

A. set

21 I h	ave got a	headach	a						
	. spitting		raving	,	C spl	itting	ו מ	ourning	
	r a while I was a					1111112	2.,		
	. blank	B.	loss		C. pai	n	D. 6	crisis	
	on't think this fa				J. P				
	. catch on		catch up		C. cat	ch out	D. 0	catch over	
	need guarantee								
	. agreement		backing		C. ana			plans	
	e telephone rang					•	,		
	. train		chain	-	C. ser		D. 6	circle	
11.	1	2.		13.		14.		15.	
16.	1	7.		18.		19.		20.	
21.	2	22.		23.		24.		25.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		 			
II. Red	nd the following	r passage	. There i	s ONE m	istake in	each of the	he number	red lines. Find	and
correc									
	The UK Govern	nment ens	sures that	all school	ls in the U	JK meet ce	rtain stand	ards, and this ir	ncludes
26	independent sch	hools as v	vell as the	ose are ru	n by the	Governmer	it. All qual	ifications are av	warded
27	by national age	ncies acc	redited b	y the Qua	dification	and Curri	culum Au	thority (QCA),	so that
	the quality of th	ne qualific	ations yo	ou will gai	n is guara	anteed.			
28	At many indeper	ndent scho	ols in En	gland, you	will enco	urage to tak	e part in ext	tracurricular activ	vities to
	develop your ho	bbies and	learn nev	w skills, ar	id you ma	ay be encou	raged to tal	ke graded music	exams
29	offering by the A	Associated	Board of	f the Royal	Schools	of Music, or	Trinity Co	ollege. The exam	grades
30			4 1						
30	gained from thes	se are wide	e accepted	l toward ur	iiversity e	ntry require	ments.		
<i></i>	gained from thes	se are wide	<u>.</u>		iversity e				
	gained from thes Mistake		Corre			ntry require Mista		Correctio	n
26			<u>.</u>		29			Correctio	n
			<u>.</u>					Correctio	n
26			<u>.</u>		29			Correctio	n
26 27			<u>.</u>		29			Correctio	n
26 27 28			Corre	ction	29 30			Correctio	n
26 27 28	Mistake	et forms o	Corre	ction rds in bra	29 30	Mista	ke		
26 27 28 <i>III. Su</i>	Mistake upply the corrected by the correct by the corrected by the correct by the corrected by the corrected by the correct by t	et forms of pecially im	Corre	rds in bra	29 30	Mista	ke		
26 27 28 <i>III. Su</i> 31. Tho	Mistake upply the correct e judges were espayery is the opport	et forms of occially imposite of (1	Corre	rds in bra	29 30 ackets.	Mista	of light and		
26 27 28 <i>III. Su</i> 31. Tho 32. Sla 33. Th	Mistake apply the correct e judges were espectively is the oppose athlete (AMB)	et forms of occially imposite of (I	Corre	rds in bra	29 30 ackets.	Mista use	of light and		
26 27 28 31. Tho 32. Sla 33. Th	mistake supply the correct e judges were espanery is the oppose athlete (AMB) ie villages in the	et forms of the control of the contr	Corre	rds in branch by the (IMA) ecided to nite (ACC	29 30 ackets. AGINE)	use hree gold 1	of light and	I shade in the pa	
26 27 28 31. Tho 32. Sla 33. Th	Mistake apply the correct e judges were espectively is the oppose athlete (AMB)	et forms of the control of the contr	Corre	rds in branch by the (IMA) ecided to nite (ACC	29 30 ackets. AGINE)	use hree gold 1	of light and	I shade in the pa	
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In	mistake supply the correct e judges were espanery is the oppose athlete (AMB) ie villages in the	et forms of the control of the contr	Corre	rds in branch by the (IMA) ecided to nite (ACC	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS)hey play	use hree gold 1	of light and	I shade in the pa	
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In	mistake supply the correct e judges were espanery is the oppose athlete (AMB) ie villages in the	et forms of the control of the contr	Corre	rds in branch by the (IMA) ecided to nite (ACC	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for t ESS)hey play	use hree gold 1	of light and	I shade in the pa	
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In	mistake supply the correct e judges were espanery is the oppose athlete (AMB) ie villages in the	et forms of the control of the contr	Corre	rds in branch by the (IMA) ecided to nite (ACC	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS)hey play	use hree gold 1	of light and	I shade in the pa	
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In	mistake supply the correct e judges were espanery is the oppose athlete (AMB) ie villages in the	et forms of the control of the contr	Corre	rds in branch by the (IMA) ecided to nite (ACC	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for t ESS)hey play	use hree gold 1	of light and	I shade in the pa	
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In	mistake supply the correct e judges were espanery is the oppose athlete (AMB) ie villages in the	et forms of the control of the contr	of the word apressed by FREE) dens are queften lose	rds in branch by the (IMA) ecided to because to	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS) hey play 34. 35.	use hree gold 1 during so (PROF	of light and	I shade in the pa	
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26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In 31. 32. 33.	mistake supply the correct e judges were espanery is the oppose athlete (AMB) ie villages in the	ecially imposite of (ITION) mountains, they of	fthe word pressed befree dons are questions are questions of the word pressed befree dons are questions are questi	rds in brace of the control of the c	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS) hey play 34. 35.	use three gold to during so (PROF	of light and medals. g winter. ESSION)	I shade in the pa	
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In 31. 32. 33.	Mistake apply the correct e judges were espanery is the oppose athlete (AMB) the villages in the critical situation	passage,	of the word apressed by FREE) dens are queften lose	rds in branch by the (IMA) ecided to hite (ACC) because to the choose	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS) hey play 34. 35. C - REA the best	use hree gold i during so (PROF	of light and medals. g winter. ESSION)	I shade in the pa	
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In 31. 32. 33.	e judges were espayery is the oppose athlete (AMB is villages in the critical situation	passage,	of the wonderpressed by the same quantities of the words are quantities of the same	ection rds in bra by the (IM) ecided to nite (ACC) because to choose CAT BEL	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS) hey play 34. 35. C - REA the best	use hree gold i durin so (PROF	of light and medals. g winter. ESSION)	I shade in the pa	inting.
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In 31. 32. 33.	mistake apply the correct e judges were espectively is the oppose athlete (AMB) the villages in the critical situation d the following ore than 30,000	passage,	corre	ection The system of the syst	29 30 aim for the ESS) hey play 34. 35. C - REA the best engers are	use three gold in during so (PROF	of light and medals. g winter. ESSION) m A, B, C ARY seriously i	I shade in the pa	inting.
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In 31. 32. 33.	e judges were esparently is the oppose athlete (AMB) are villages in the critical situation of the following ore than 30,000 ton you of an accordance of the control of the	passage, drivers a ccident ca	of the wonderpressed by the pressed	ecided to hecause to h	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS) hey play 34. 35. C - REA the best of the best of the second are the s	use three gold if during so (PROF	of light and medals. g winter. ESSION) MA, B, C ARY seriously if 30 miles j	I shade in the pa	ar. The
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In 31. 32. 33.	e judges were espacery is the oppose athlete (AMB) as villages in the critical situation of the following ore than 30,000 ton you of an acting from a third	passage, drivers a ccident cad - floor	of the word apressed by the same quantities of the same quantities of the same and the same be very window.	ection rds in bra by the (IM) ecided to nite (ACC) because to choose CAT BEL seat passe ry serious Wearing	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS) hey play 34. 35. C - REA the best of the best of the second are the s	use three gold if during so (PROF	of light and medals. g winter. ESSION) MA, B, C ARY seriously if 30 miles j	I shade in the pa	ar. The
26 27 28 31. The 32. Sla 33. Th 34. Th 35. In 31. 32. 33.	e judges were esparently is the oppose athlete (AMB) are villages in the critical situation of the following ore than 30,000 ton you of an accordance of the control of the	passage, drivers a ccident ca d - floor by more	of the word apressed by the same quantities of the same quantities of the same and the same be very window.	ection rds in bra by the (IM) ecided to nite (ACC) because to choose CAT BEL seat passe ry serious Wearing	29 30 ackets. AGINE) aim for the ESS) hey play 34. 35. C - REA the best of the best of the second are the s	use three gold if during so (PROF	of light and medals. g winter. ESSION) MA, B, C ARY seriously if 30 miles j	I shade in the pa	inting.

Drivers or front seat passengers in most vehicles. If you are 14 or over it will be your responsibility to wear the belt. If you do not, you could be fined up to £50. It will not be up to the driver to make sure you wear your belt. But it will be the driver's responsibility to make sure that children under 14 do not ride in the front unless they are wearing a seat belt of some kind.

A very few vehicles have a middle front seat between the front passenger seat and the driver's seat, for example a bench seat. Your vehicle may be one of them. If just one passenger sits in front, he must wear a seat belt. But if two passengers sit in front, the person sitting in the middle will not have to wear a belt.

When you do not have to wear a seat belt

You do not have to wear a seat belt in certain circumstances, such as if you are reversing your vehicle, if you are making a local delivery or collection using a vehicle constructed or adapted for that purpose, or if you have a valid medical certificate which excuses you from wearing it. Make sure these circumstances apply to you before you decide not to wear your seat belt. Remember you may be taken to court for not doing so, and you may be fined if you cannot prove to the court that you have been excused from wearing it.

Medical exemptions

Certain people ought not to wear a seat belt because of their health. It may be more risky for them to wear a belt than to be in a road accident without one. But they will not have to wear a belt if they get a valid medical certificate from a doctor. If you think this applies to you, go and talk to a doctor as soon as possible. The doctor may reassure you that you can wear a seat belt. Or he may have to examine you before he can decide whether or not to give you a certificate. When you go and see him you should ask him at the start how much this would cost. Keep the certificate. If the police ask you why you are not wearing a seat belt, you should show them the certificate. If you cannot show it to them on the spot, you should take the certificate to a police station of your choice within five days.

36. This text is taken from	\$ - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
A. a medical magazine B. a police report on safety	
C. a legal document D. a government information leaflet	
37. Wearing a seat belt in a vehicle	
A. reduces the risk of death and injury to drivers and passengers	
B. reduces road accidents by more than half	
C. saves lives only at a speed of 30 miles per hour	
D. saves the lives of more than 30,000 drivers and front seat passengers	
38. It is the driver's responsibility to	
A. make the front seat passenger wear a seat belt	
B. stop children riding in the front seat	
C. wear a seat belt on all occasions	
D. make children under 14 wear a seat belt in the front	
39. According to the text, which of the following people does not have to wear a seat belt	?
A. Someone who is picking up the children from the local school.	
B. Someone who is backing into a parking space.	
C. Someone who is delivering invitations to a party.	
D. Someone who is under 14.	
40. If you are excused from wearing a seat belt on medical grounds,	
A. you must take the certificate to the police station within five days	
B. the doctor will give you a certificate	
C. you must show the certificate to the police on the spot	
D. the doctor will have to examine you	
36. 37. 38. 39. 40.	

II. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to fill in the gaps in the following passage.

MUSIC - A UNIVERSAL LANGUAGE

				sts believe that music
came before speed	h and (41)	as a development	of mating calls	. In fact, there is one
				poken. Indeed, in some
				ians, for example, use
music as a means to				
				good factor but it is also
				that they could recall
more information at				
				dard intelligence test
after listening to	Mozart. The so-c	alled "Mozart eff	ect" has also b	been (48) by
				network of paths or
				ces people who suffer
from any form of n				oes people who suffer
		ochem nom natemn	g to music.	
41. A. was	B. swelled	C. arose	. D	. reacted
42. A. earliest	B. newest	C. easie		. simplest
43. A. enjoying	B. making			stating
44. A. move	B. pass	C. hand	_	. happen
45. A. convince	B. satisfy	C. pleas		. prefer
46. A. disabled	B. inactive			disordered
47. A. examine	B. prepare	C. achie	•	score
48. A. supported	B. given	C. mark	_	remembered
49. A. called	B. heard	C. regai		. known
50. A. badness	B. hurt	C. illne		. pain
o vi i ii oddiiogg	D. nare	C. IIIIC.	33 D.	. pam
41.	42.	43.	44.	45.
46.	47.	48.	49.	50.
III. Fill in each nui	nbered gap with ON	IE suitable word.		
		FRUITIBIX		
Do you want to				
	bout your family's l			
Then you sho	uld try Fruitibix,	the new (51)	fruit and n	ut biscuit. <i>Fruitibix</i>
(52) wond	lerful, but it conta	ins less sugar tha	an most other b	iscuits. Each biscuit
contains dried fru	it and nuts, (53) __	apples, co	conut and bana	nas. Sometimes you
(54) like ϵ	eating something b	etween meals. No	w, instead of (5	55) a chocolate
bar, bite into a Fruit				
At lunchtime, i	instead of chips or l	hamburgers, have a	Fruitibix. It co	ntains all the essential
foods for a balanced	(56) And i	f you are in a (57) _	, and don't	have time for a proper
meal, Fruitibix will	give you the (58) $_$	to keep on goi	ng.	
So whenever ye	our children ask for	(59) sweet,	give them Fruiti	bix instead of cakes or
chocolate. They will	l love the taste and i	t won't (60)	their teeth. Dis	cover Fruitibix. It's on
your supermarket sh	elves now!	-		
51.	52.	53.	54.	55.
56.	57.	58.	59.	60.

SECTION D - WRITING

I. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one.

61. I can't believe this is the best hotel in the city!
→ There must
62. Your scheme is brilliant, but I do not think it will work.
→ Brilliant
63. The two sides never looked likely to reach an agreement.
→ At
64. We must continue our efforts whether there are problems or not.
→ Regardless
65. Basically, a couple's happiness depends on their ability to communicate.
→ Basically, the
II. Use the word given in brackets and make any necessary additions to write a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Do NOT change the form of these words
the form of these words.
66. If you are in London by any chance, come and see me. (HAPPEN) →
67. Fred tried hard to start the car, but without success. (MATTER) →
68. I didn't agree with the idea. (FAVOR) →
69. He pretended to be enjoying himself, but he wasn't really. (AS) →
70. He is certainly not a reliable witness. (MEANS) →
III. Write a composition about 150 – 200 words on the following topic:
"PARENTS ARE THE BEST TEACHERS".
Do you agree or disagree with this statement?
Use specific reasons and examples to support your answer.

SỞ GD & ĐT NGHỆ AN

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI TỈNH LỚP 12 NĂM HOC 2012-2013

ĐÁP ÁN VÀ BIỂU ĐIỂM CHẨM ĐỀ CHÍNH THỰC mơn tiống anh 12 thpt - b¶ng a

(Hướng dẫn chấm gồm 02 trang)

SECTION A - PHONETICS

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced	differently from that of the others.
--	--------------------------------------

			5 x 1 pt/ co	rrect answer = 5 pts
1. B	2. C	3. D	4. A	5. D

II. Find the word with the stress on the second syllable.

<u> </u>			5 x 1 pt/co	errect answer = 5 pts
6. C	7. A	8. A	9. B	10. D

SECTION B - VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D,

			$15 \times 1_{\rm p}$	pt/correct answer = 15 pts
11. C	12. B	13. D	14. B	15. D
16. D	17. C	18. C	19. C	20. B
21. C	22. B	23. A	24. B	25. A

II. Read the following passage. There is ONE mistake in each of the numbered lines. Find and correct them.

 5×1 pt/correct answer = 5 pts

	Mistake	Correction		Mistake	Correction
26	those are	those that are	29	offering	offered
27	so that	so	30	wide	widely
28	encourage	be encouraged			

III. Supply the correct forms of the words in brackets.

 5×1 pt/correct answer = 5 pts

31. imaginative	34. inaccessible
32. freedom	35. unprofessionally
33. ambitiously	

SECTION C - READING

I. Read the following passage, and then choose the best answer from A, B, C or D.

			5 x 2 pt	s/correct answer = 10 pts
36. D	37. A	38D	39. B	40. C

II. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to fill in the gaps in the following passage.

			10×1	pt/correct answer = 10 pt	S
41. C	42. A	43. C	44. B	45. B	1
46. A	47. D	48. A	49. D	50. C	1

III. Fill in each numbered gap with ONE suitable word.

<u> </u>			10 questions x	: 1 pt/question = 10 pts
51. healthy	52. tastes/ is	53. including	54. feel	55. having/eating
56. meal	57. hurry	58. energy		60. harm

SECTION D - WRITING

I. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one.

 $5 \times 1 \text{ pt/correct answer} = 5 \text{ pts}$

- 61. There must be better hotels than this one in the city
- 62. Brilliant as /though your scheme is/ may be, I do not think it will work
- 63. At no time did the two sides look likely to reach an agreement
- 64. Regardless of whatever problems, we must continue our efforts
- 65. Basically, the more a couple can communicate, the happier they are/will be

II. Use the word given in brackets and make any necessary additions to write a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Do NOT change the form of these words.

 $5 \times 1 \text{ pt/correct answer} = 5 \text{ pts}$

- 66. If you happen to be in London, please come and see me.
- 67. No matter how hard Fred tried (to start his / the car), he didn't succeed.
- 68. I wasn't in favor of the idea.
- 69. He acted as if he were enjoying himself, but he wasn't really.
- 70. He is by no means a reliable witness.

III. Write a composition about 150 - 200 words on the following topic: (25 pts) "Parents are the best teachers". Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Use specific reasons and examples to support your answer.

Notes:

The mark given to this part is based on the following scheme:

- 1. Content: (40% of total mark) a provision of all main ideas and as details as appropriate.
- 2. Organization & Presentation: (30% of total mark) ideas are organized and presented with coherence, style, and clarity appropriate to the level of English language gifted upper-secondary school students.
- 3. Language: (30% of total mark) a variety of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the level of English language gifted upper-secondary school students.

TOTAL:	100 / 5 = 20

Thank you for your cooperation and considerations.

 THE END	

SỞ GD & ĐT NGHỆ AN

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI TỈNH LỚP 12 NĂM HỌC 2012 - 2013

Đề chính thức

Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12 THPT - BẢNG B

(Đề thi gồm 05 trang)

Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút

ÐIĖM				Số PHÁCH		
Bằng	g số:		Giám i	khảo 1:		
Bằng	Bằng chữ:		Giám i	khảo 2:	***************************************	
						
		_		A - PHONETICS		
			part is p		ently from that of th	
1.	A. challenge			C. a <u>ch</u> ieveme	_	
2.	A. headaches	_		C. finish <u>es</u>	D. watch	
3.	A. park <u>ed</u>	B. laugh <u>ed</u>	_	C. plough <u>ed</u>		
4.	A. musician	_	•	C. society	D. officia	ıl
5.	A. fl <u>ew</u>	B. few		C. sewage	D. dr <u>ew</u>	
1.		2.	3.	4.	5.	
·				······································		
				different from the		
6.	A. intelligent			C. opportuni	•	
7.	A. advisable	B. admira		C. reliable	D. desira	
8.	A. method	B. inventi		C. intense	D. effecti	ve
9.	A. technology	B. importa	ant	C. popularity	D. impos	sible
10.	A. solemn	B. express	3	C. succeed	D. event	
6.		7.	8.	9.	10.	
		SECTION	IR_VO	CABULARY AND GF	DAMMAD	
T (1)				CADULARI AND GR	MAIMAR	•
		nswer from A, B, (not won have de		
11.	ou are old enol			nat you have done.		
12 0	A. responsible			C. responsible	ly D. irrespo	nsidie
12. 3		he pull of the earth			<u> </u>	0 4
12 T	A. will float				D. would	IIOat
15.1	A. catch	hard tov	viun une		D 1	
14		B. run		C. keep pace		n
14				on by nearly three		
15 3	-	B. Despite		C. Although	D. Howev	er
10. 1	A. is keen	life very large B. depend	ay on ye	C. lies	D goas	
16. F		s an important	J	for them	D. goes	
10. L	A. transformat			C. transaction	n D. transpo	ortation
17. N				gs may happen		
	A. expected			C. expectedly		ectedly
18.		ee is going to fall.		_ :	, aranpe	
		B. Look u	р	C. Look on	D. Look a	fter
19. V				nt the day on the b		- · · · ·
		R advanta			D 465-4	

20. All the athletes to	aking part in the inter	mational	games should be	proud of
A. oneself	B. themselv	ves	C. himself	D. yourself
21. The bomb	in the garage; fo	rtunately	no one hurt.	•
A. put on	B. went off	•	C. got out	D. kept up
22 I ca				
A. That/that	B. Which/v	vhat	C. What/why	D. What/that
23. The nurse was o				\$
A. duty	B. alarm		C. service	D. work
24. Only when you	grow up the	truth.		
A. you will kr	ow B. you kno	w	C. do you kn	ow D. will you know
25. All the boys are	good at cooking, bu	ıt	is as good as t	the girls.
A. none	B. either		C. neither	D. every
				<u> </u>
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.

II. There is one mistake in each of the following sentences. Find and correct it.

- 26. Mrs. Stevens, along with her cousins from New Mexico, are planning to attend the festivities.
- 27. Some of us have to study their lessons carefully if we expect to pass this examination.
- 28. A five-thousand-dollars reward was offered for the capture of the escaped criminals.
- 29. Many kinds of vegetables are growth in California's Imperial Valley.
- 30. Despite the metric system is used throughout the world, it is still not commonly used in the Unite States.
- 31. She is looking forward to meet him again.
- 32. In 1837 Victoria, an eighteen-year-old woman, named queen of England.
- 33. The tickets that you ordered they will be delivered tomorrow.
- 34. Cool temperatures, shade, moist, and the presence of dead organic material provide the ideal living conditions for mushrooms.
- 35. When I first went to a university I studied law.

	Mistake	Correction		Mistake	Correction
26.			31.		
27.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		32.		
28.			33.		
29.			34.		
30.			35.		

SECTION C - READING

I. Read the following passage, and then choose the best answer from A, B, C or D.

When you enter the supermarkets, you see shelves full of food. You walk in the aisles between the shelves. You push a shopping cart and put your food in it.

You probably hear soft, slow music as you walk along the aisles. If you hear fast music, you walk quickly. The supermarket plays slow music, you walk slowly and have more time to buy things.

Maybe you go to the meat department first. There is some meat on sale, and you want to find it. The manager of the supermarket knows where customers enter the meat department. The cheaper meat is at the other end of the meat department, away from where the customers enter. You have to walk by all the expensive meat before you find the cheaper meat. Maybe you will buy some of the expensive meat instead of the meat on sale.

The dairy department sells milk and milk products such as butter and cheese. Many customers like milk that has only little butterfat in it. One store has three different containers of low fat milk. One says '1% fat' on the container. The second says '99 percent (99%) fat free'. The third says

fat. The milk is all the same. The amount of milk in each container is also the same. However, in this store they cost three different amounts of money. Maybe the customers will buy the milk that costs the most. 36. What is the main topic of this passage? A. How different kinds of food are arranged in supermarkets. B. Soft, slow music makes people buy more in supermarkets. C. The supermarket is designed to make you buy things. D. Be sure not to be deceived in supermarkets 37. The manager knows A. which customers like low fat milk B. which customers like slow music C. where customers enter the meat department D. where customers come from 38. When you walk by the expensive meat _ A. maybe you will buy some B. maybe you will buy low fat milk D. you will walk on the shelves C. you will look for fresh food 39. The word "they" in the last paragraph means B. the managers of the supermarket A. the customers C. the containers of low fat milk D. the food in the supermarket 40. There are three different containers of low fat milk. A. One has 99 percent of butterfat. B. They all cost the same amount of money. C. One has less fat than the others. D. They all have the same amount of fat. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. II. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to fill in the gaps in the following passage. British parents are always complaining that their children spend too much time glued to the telly and not enough time on other activities (41) sports and reading. A survey recently on people's viewing habits does not disprove this. It shows that young people in Britain spend on average 23 hours a week in front of the television, (43)_____ works out at over three hours every day. is surprising, however, is the fact that the average adult watches even more: incredible 28 hours a week. We (45) to have become a nation of addicts. Just about every household in the country has a television and over half have two or more. According to the survey, people nowadays don't just watch television sitting in their living-rooms, they watch it in the kitchen and in bed (46) The Education Minister said a few weeks ago that Britain's pupils (47) spend more time reading. Unfortunately, parents are not setting a good example: adults do (48) reading than young people. In fact, reading is at the (49)_____ of their list of favourite pastimes. They would (50) listen to the radio, go to the cinema or hire a video to watch on their televisions at home. 41. A. such C. as B. like D. alike 42. A. investigated B. researched C. carried D. carried out 43. A. that B. which C. this D. it 44. A. What B. It C. The thing D. This 45. A. seem B. ought C. used D. would like 46. A. in addition B. as well C. more D. moreover 47. A. might B. could C. should D. would 48. A. more B. less C. little D. fewer 49. A. tail C. beginning B. top D. bottom 50. A. better B. rather C. prefer D. like 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50.

'Low fat' in big letters and 1% in small letters. As you can see, all the milk has the same amount of

<i>III. 1</i>	Fill in	each	numbered	gan with	ONE	suitable	word.
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(51) a speci thoughts and wished went (52), chil are some traditions cake and singing the In China, e (56) on that the floor around the tells you what profe In many En the cake (59)	ial danger from eviles and even presents idren and then adults - (54) as ser e 'Happy Birthday's everyone celebrates to day. On a child's see child. (57) ession the child will only glish-speaking countries.	spirits, so friends as At one time, only began to have their ading birthday cards along, that you can finite birthday on Necond birthday, fam to Chinese tradition choose (58)tries, a twenty-first the shape of a key.	ind family came tog kings had birthday (53) birthday s, blowing out the cand (55) any ew Year's Day: the ily members put a value, the first object that in life. birthday cake often The key means that	by become one year variety of objects on at the child picks up has a key on top, or the young person is
56.	57.	58.	59.	60.
	Ş	SECTION D - WRITIN	G	
I. Complete the sec	ond sentence so tha	t it has the same me	eaning as the first of	ne.
61. The heavy rain	prevented everybody	from going out.		
→ Had				
62. Mrs. Taylor reg	retted buying the sec	cond-hand washing i	machine.	e de la companya de La companya de la co
→ Mrs. Taylor wish	ned			
63. They believe the	at the wanted man w	as living in London	•	
→ The wanted man				
64. What is the wei	ght of your suitcase?	• .		
→ How				
65. In spite of his a	ge, Mr. Benson runs	8 miles before breal	kfast everyday.	:
→ Though			•	
	ven in brackets and	make any necessar	y additions to write	a new sentence in
	is as similar as possi	ble in meaning to th	ne original sentence	. Do NOT change
the form of these w				
	nor one day, I would		copy of his new boo	k. (Were)
67. "It was your fau	alt to break my vase	yesterday" said Jane	to her brother.	(accused)
→				
	eautiful girl that ever			(so)
	1 1 1 11			Z-11X
69. Are you and yo	ur husband the same	age?		(old)
70 Ucana didaya	nome to along to do-	Thon didn't siths-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(202)
70. Hoang dian te	come to class today. 1	viian uiun t, either.		(nor)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
			Tiếng Anh THPT - Bải	ng B Page 3 of 5

			· ·	ree with that sta	, comon.
		*			
				,	
				70.4	
-1,2,4,4					
			···		

	T				
	7.0.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	- w	
			······································		•
			-	·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			T-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	
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		·			
,					
		51			
	**************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
E-11				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI TỈNH LỚP 12 NĂM HOC 2012 - 2013

ĐÁP ÁN VÀ BIỂU ĐIỂM CHẨM ĐỀ CHÍNH THỰC m«n tiống anh 12 thpt - b¶ng b

(Hướng dẫn chấm gồm 02 trang)

SECTION A - PHONETICS

<u>I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.</u> (1p for 1 correct answer X = 5 points)

1 D	2 4	3 C	1 C	5 B
1. D	2. A	J. C	7. C	J. D

II. Identify the word whose stressed pattern is different from that of the others. (1p for 1 correct answer X = 5 points)

6. A	7. B	8. A	9. C	10. A

SECTION B – VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D.

(1p for 1 correct answer X 15 = 15 points)

11. B	12. A	13. C	14. B	15. B
16. C	17. D	18. A	19. B	20. B
21. B	22. D	23. A	24. D	25. A

II. There is one mistake in each of the following sentences. Find and correct it. (1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 10 points)

	Mistake	Correction		Mistake	Correction
26	are	is	31	meet	meeting
27	their	our	32	named	was named
28	dollars	dollar	33	they	(omitted)
29	growth	grown	34	moist	moisture
30	Despite	Although/Though	35	a	(omitted)

SECTION C - READING

I. Read the following passage, and then choose the best answer from A, B, C or D. (2p for 1 correct answer X = 10 points)

36. C	37 C	38. A	39 C	40 D
30. C	137.0	1 20. Tr	1 3 9 . C	40. D

II. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to fill in the gaps in the following passage. (1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 10 points)

41. B	42. D	43. B	44. A	45. A
46. B	47. C	48. B	49. D	50. B

III. Fill in each numbered gap with one suitable word.

(1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 10 points)

51. was	52. by	53. own	54. such	55. almost
56. older	57. According	58. later	59. itself	60. enough

SECTION D - WRITING

I. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one.

(1p for 1 correct answer X = 10 points)

61. Had the rain not been heavy, everybody could have gone out.

Had it not been for the heavy rain, everybody could have gone out.

Had it not rained heavily, everybody could have gone out.

- 62. Mrs. Taylor wishes (that) she hadn't bought the second-hand washing machine.
- 63. The wanted man is believed to be living/ to have been living in London.
- 64. How heavy is your suitcase?
- 65. Though Mr. Benson is old, he runs 8 miles before breakfast everyday.

II. Use the word given in brackets and make any necessary additions to write a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Do NOT change the form of the given word(s).

(2p for 1 correct answer X 5 = 10 points)

- 66. Were I to meet the author one day, I would ask him to sign my copy of his new book.
- 67. Jane accused her brother of breaking/ having broken her vase the day before/ the previous day.
 - 68. She is so beautiful that everybody admires her.

So beautiful is she that everybody admires her.

69. Are you as old as your husband (is)?

Is your husband as old as you (are)?

70. Neither Hoang nor Nhan came to class today.

III. Write a composition about 150-200 words on the following topic: (20 points)

"Students learn just because of good marks". Do you agree or disagree with that statement? Notes:

The mark given to this part is based on the following scheme:

- 1. Content: (40% of total mark) a provision of all main ideas and as details as appropriate.
- 2. Organization & Presentation: (30% of total mark) ideas are organized and presented with coherence, style, and clarity appropriate to the level of English language gifted upper-secondary school students.
- 3. Language: (30% of total mark) a variety of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the level of English language gifted upper-secondary school students.

TOTAL: 100 / 5 = 20

SỞ GD & ĐT NGHỆ AN

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI CẤP TỈNH LỚP 12 NĂM HỌC 2012 – 2013

Đề dự phòng

(Đề thi gồm 05 trang)

their support.
A. put up

Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12 THPT - BẢNG A

Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút

ĐIÈM Bằng số:				họ tên, chữ kí giám khảo		
			Giám k	hảo 1:		
3àn	g chữ:	•••••	Giám k	hảo 2:		
			Glaili K	1140 2	***************************************	
			CECTION	A DIIONIMICO		
. <i>C</i>	hoose the word			A – PHONETICS pronounced differently	from that of the	others.
	A. surprise	B. pro		C. devise	D. realise	
<u>)</u> .	A. health	B. hea	_	C. stealth	D. d <u>eal</u> t	
3.	A. hopeful	B. pos	tal	C. local	D. opposite	•
١.	A. cherish	B. cho		C. chaos	D. scholar	
5.	A. southern	B. acc	<u>ou</u> nt	C. south	D. amount	
1.		2.	3.	4.	5.	
				17.		
I	Find the word	with the stress	pattern di	fferent from that of th	e other three w	ords in e
	stion					
. .	A. epoch	B. equ	ivalent	C. epic	D. episode	
	A. argument	B. arc	hitect	C. artistic	D. arduous	
	A. delinquent	B. sub	sequent	C. frequently	D. consequ	ent
).			ndalous		D. dangero	
0.	A. support	B. bili	ngual	C. colleague	D. evaluate	
6.		7.	8.	9.	10.	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		······································			
				OCABULARY AND	GRAMMAR	
	hoose the best a					
1.				bad taste.		
	A. of	B. abo		C. in	D. under	
2.	Your room is me	essy. Please	as muc	h junk as possible and	clean it up.	
_				C. drop a line		
3.	Sorry, but that b	ook is	. We'll get s	ome copies from the pu	blisher next Mon	iday.
					D. out of st	ock
4.	We gas,	so we have to	wait until a o	car passes by.		
				C. walked out on		d of
5.	Politicians shoul	d never lose _	of the	needs of the people the	y represent.	
	A. view	B. sigl	nt	C. regard	D. prospect	t
6.	The move to a dif	ferent environme	ent had broug	C. regard ht about a significant	in Mary's stat	e of mind.
	A. impact	B. effe	ect	C. influence	D. chance	
7.	She regi	etted having be	en so unkin	d.		
	A. bitterly	B. sev	erely	C. fully	D. awfully	
8.	The color of the	handle does no	ot so	long as it is the right si	ze.	
	4					
		B. affe		C. matter ons have been	D. concern	

C. carried out

D. set up

B. made up

20. This clock _____ on two small batteries.

A	A. goes		B. works	C.	runs	D. moves.	
21		everyone	admires him fo				
I	A. Except for		B. Apart	C.	Except	D. Unless	
22. A	fter police four	nd drugs	there, the disco	was	<u> </u>	•	
	A. closed dowr		B. banned	C.	ignored	D. abolished	
23. TI	ne insured mar	was tak	en to hospital a	nd	for internationa	al injures.	
	A. cured		B. healed	C.	operated	D. treated.	
24. A	ccording to the		of the contract,	, tenants m	ust give six mo	nths notice if they intend to	
leave.							
	A. laws		B. rules	C.	terms	D. details	
	casso was a _			_			
A	A. artistic		B. celebrated	C.	colorful	D. knowledgeable.	
					12.		_
11.		12.	13.	····	14.	15.	
16.		17.	18.		19.	20.	_
21.		22.	23.		24.	25.	_
						_	
11. Th	<u>ere are 8 mist</u>	akes in t			d and correct t		
	0:-:			the second second	INNER PART		
26						ple. You can also make ne	V
26 27					each other bet		
<i>27</i>						nds of people and a mixture of	
28						they aren't so much fur	
29						ind drink. Note down any wh	(
20	_				n things for reli	•	
30	-			rst course,	a choice of ma	in courses and a dessert, plu	Ľ
	lots of people						
					re you buy mo	re than enough of everything	3
31			help you carry				
20						Greek mezze or Spanish tapa	
<i>32</i>						cious meal, sit down with you	ľ
33	guests and ha	ave a goo	d time – you'v	e earned th	em!		
	3.5			1	1.51		_
26	Mistal	ke	Correction		Mistak	e Correction	_
26				30			_
27	ļ			31			
28				32			
29				33			
			of the words i				
					course in I	Russia?	
35. W	hat time do yo	u (USE)	start w	ork?			
36. Th	nere was ice or	the pave	ement, which m	nade it very	difficult to wa	lk as it was so (SLIP)	_
37. I c	ould never be	a teacher	. I am far too (PATIENT)	•		_
38. I d	lon't know wh	at the ma	tter with Tomn	ny is lately	His (BEHAV)	E) seem to be getting	
worse	and worse.					-	
39. It	is becoming (I	NCREA:	SE) dif	ficult to fir	d a job nowada	ıys.	
40. W	hy money can	't exactly	buy you (HAF	PPY)	at least it hel	ps you suffer in comfort.	
			· · · ·			= = ,	
34.				38.			_
35.				39.			-
36.		·		40.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
37.	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,,					-
							

SECTION C - READING

I. Read the following passage, and then choose the best answer from A, B, C or D.

Napoleon Bonaparte's ambition to control all the areas around the Mediterranean Sea led him and his French soldiers to Egypt. After loosing a naval battle, they were forced to remain there for three years. In 1799, while constructing a fort, a soldier discovered a peace of stele (a stone pillar bearing an inscription) known as the Rosetta stone, in commemoration of the town near the fort. This famous stone, which would eventually lead to the deciphering of ancient Egyptian hieroglyphics dating to 3100 B.C, was written in three languages: hieroglyphics (picture writing), demotic (a shorthand version of Egyptian hieroglyphics) and Greek. Scientists discovered that the characters, unlike those in English, could be written from right to left and in other directions as well. The direction in which they were read depended on how the characters were arranged. Living elements (animals, people, and body parts) were often the first symbols, and the direction that they face indicated the direction for reading them.

Twenty-three years after the discovery of the Rosetta stone, Jean Francois Champollion, a French philologist fluent in several languages, was able to decipher the first word - Ptolemy - the name of an Egyptian ruler. This name was written inside an oval called a "cartouche". Further investigation revealed that cartouches contained names of important people of that period. Champollion painstakingly continued his search and was able to increase his growing list of known phonetic signs. He and an Englishman, Thomas Young, worked independently of each other to unravel the deeply hidden mysteries of this strange language. Young believed that sound values could be assigned to the symbols, while Champollion insisted that the pictures represented words.

41. What is the best	title for the passag	e?		
A. Napoleon's Grea	at Discovery	B. Deciphering	the Hieroglyphics of	f the Rosetta Stone
C. Thomas Young's	s Great Contribution		nce of Cartouches	
		in 1799 because the		
A. celebrating a nav			the Rosetta Stone	
C. waiting to contin		•	cipher the hieroglyph	ics
•		vered stele called the		
A. It was shaped lik	•	B. It was	to honor Napoleon's	s friend Rosetta.
		osetta D. The fo	ort was called Rosetta	a.
		or deciphering the fir		
		oung C. Ptoler	$\frac{\overline{D. N}}{D. N}$	Napoleon (
45. All of the follow		~	• *	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	ninent people of the	period.	
			attempt to decipher	the hieroglyphics
C. one of Napoleon	's soldiers discover	ed the Rosetta stone	;	
			igned to the symbols	
41.	42.	43.	44.	45.
II. Choose the best	answer from A, B,	C or D to fill in the	gaps in the followin	ig passage.
Do you eve	er wish you were	more optimistic, so	omeone who always	s, to be successful?
Having someone a	around who alway:	s (46) the	worst isn't really a	lot of we all know
someone who sees	s a single cloud or	a sunny day and	says, it looks (47)	rain. But if
you catch yourself	thinking such thir	igs, it's important t	to do something (48)) it.
You can ch	nange your view o	of life, (49)	to psychologists.	It only take a little
effort, and you'll f	ind life more rewar	rding as a (50)	Optimism, they	say, is partly about
self-respect and co	infidence but it's a	lso a more positive	way of looking at	life and all it has to
(51) Optim	nists are more (52)	to start new	projects and are gen	erally more prepared
to take risks.				
Upbringing	is obviously very	important in formin	ig your (53)	to the world. Some
people are brought	up to (54) t	oo much on others a	and grow up forever l	blaming other people
when anything wro	ng. Most optimists,	on the (55)	hand, have been brown	ught up not to failure
as the end of the wo	orld - They just with	h their lives.		
		m: 6		
		Tieng Ann THP7	Γ/Bảng A (dư phòng)	Page 2 of 5

46.	A. worries		B. cares		C. fears		D. doubts	
47.	A. so		B. to		C. for		D. li	
48.	A. with		B. against		C. about		D. over	
49.	A. judging		B. according		C. concerning		D. following	
50.	A. result		B. reason		C. purpose		D. product	
51.	A. supply		B. suggest		C. offer		D. propose	
52.	A. possible		B. likely		C. hopeful		D. welcome	
53.	A. opinion		B. attitude	.	C. nope			
54.	A. trust		B. believe				_	osition
55.	A. opposite		B. next	,	C. depe		D. h	-
<i>55</i> .	71. opposite		D. Hext		C. othe	Γ	D. fa	ır
46.		47.		48.		40		50
51.		52.				49.		50.
51.		32.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	53.		54.		55.
both of for each should discuss before again in A employ success about the environment of the certific	s you to an (5 f you the opport (57) l (58) s the ways you being employen a more serior job interview yer that you sfully fit into the job, the organization (63)	s one of to 56) Think the limit u can med for a bus meeting is a strate have the organization right as alone	the most in he/she to exchange of an interest (59) position. On when you tegic converse skills, builtation. The n, and future the for your personali	is indicating enough is indicating enough is review as a second in a brown may also ersation with ackground, the interview re career of the confidence in th	arts in the ing an in information highly to have I In many rief screen talk to a purp, and above is also prortunity ince, enth	terest in your focused profe earning about cases, you wring interview many of your ose. Your goallity to do the your (62) ies to figure of do (64) usiasm, a posi	rself. ine if ssiona t the e ill inte w and potent al is (6 he job tut if the	When an employed. The interview gives you are a good "fit'al conversation. You employer's needs and erview at least, twice at (60) once ial coworkers. [51) show the position and that you can be position and working people based or autlook, and excellent process.
56.		57.		58.		50		^
61.		62.		63.		59.		<u>0.</u>
01.		02.		03.		64.	0	5.
66. I'm → If I 67. She → Har 68. "Ye → The 69. I or → If I 70. Wh → The II. Use such a the for	nly made that the the police of police caught the word give	egun to sinticized terrible managht hi	oubles noveles peak before the constant of the	e people state team lead ause I was climbing o	lost my parted interest said to thinking.	passport last vertupting her. John. arden wall.	write a	ne. new sentence in Do NOT change
				•				

72. John's behavior at the party annoyed me (WAY) →
73. The plane will leave on time no matter whether the weather is good or bad (REGARDLESS)
→ 74. The old lady will discuss the matter only with her son (APART) →
75. John was shocked to hear that he had failed his driving test. (CAME) →
III. Write a composition about 150 – 200 words on the following topic:
THE IMPORTANCE OF CONFIDENCE
THE END

SỞ GD & ĐT NGHỆ AN

Kỳ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI TỈNH LỚP 12 NĂM HOC 2012-2013

ĐÁP ÁN VÀ BIỂU ĐIỂM CHẨM ĐỀ DỰ PHÒNG môn tiếng anh 12 thọt \Box bảng a

(Hướng dẫn chấm gồm 02 trang)

SECTION A - PHONETICS

I. Choose the	word whose un	derlined part is pronounce	ed differently from that	of the others.
		THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF		V

			5 x	' i ni/ coffer incuer = 1 nic
1. B	2. B	3. D	4. A	5. A

II. Find the word with the stress pattern different from that of the other three words in each question

			5 x 1 pt/ co	rrect answer = 5 pts
6. B	7. C	8. B	9. A	10. C

SECTION B - VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D.

15	x 1	pt/	correct	answer	= 15	pts

11. C	12. A	13. D	14. B	15. B
16. D	17. D	18. C	19. D	20. C
21. A	22. A	23. D	24. C	25. B

II. There are 8 mistakes in the following passage. Find and correct them.

$8 \times 1 \text{ pt/correct answer} = 8 \text{ pts}$

	Mistake	Correction		Mistake	Correction
26	other	others	30	Included	Include
27	plan	planning	31	but	and
28	because of	because	32	such	so
29	that	who	33	them	it

III. Supply the correct forms of the words in brackets.

7×1 pt/correct answer = 7 pts

34. correspondence	38. behavior
35. usually	39. increasingly
36. slippery	40. happiness
37. impatient	

SECTION C - READING

I. Read the following passage, and then choose the best answer from A, B, C or D.

			5 x 2 pts/co	rrect answer = 10 pts
41. B	42. C	43. C	44. A	45. B

II. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to fill in the gaps in the following passage.

			$IU \times I$	pt/ correct answer = 10 pts
46. C	47. D	48. C	49. B	50. A
51. C	52. B	53. B	54. C	55. C

III. Fill in each numbered gap with one suitable word.

10×1 pt/correct answer = 10 pts

56. interview	57. other	58. spend	59. these	60. least
61. to	62. opportunities	63. are	64. not	65. in

SECTION D - WRITING

I. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one.

 $5 \times 1 \text{ pt/correct answer} = 5 \text{ pts}$

- 66. → If I hadn't lost my passport last week, I would not have had troubles
- 67. → Hardly had she begun to speak when people started interrupting her
- 68. → The team leader criticized John for not waiting for her him
- 69. → If I hadn't been thinking, I would not have made that terrible mistake
- 70. \rightarrow The police caught him when he was climbing over the garden wall

II. Use the word given in brackets and make any necessary additions to write a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Do NOT change the form of the given word(s).

 $5 \times 1 \text{ pt/correct answer} = 5 \text{ pts}$

- 71. → FANCY seeing you here!
- 72. \rightarrow I was annoyed by the WAY John behaved at the party.
- 73. \rightarrow The plane will leave on time REGARDLESS of the weather.
- 74. \rightarrow The old lady will not discuss the matter with anyone APART from her son.
- 75. → It CAME as a shock / surprise to hear that he had failed his driving test.

III. Write a composition about 150 - 200 words on the following topic: (20 pts)

THE IMPORTANCE OF CONFIDENCE

Notes:

The mark given to this part is based on the following scheme:

- 1. Content: (40% of total mark) a provision of all main ideas and as details as appropriate.
- 2. Organization & Presentation: (30% of total mark) ideas are organized and presented with coherence, style, and clarity appropriate to the level of English language gifted upper-secondary school students.
- 3. Language: (30% of total mark) a variety of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the level of English language gifted upper-secondary school students.

TOTAL: 100 / 5 = 20

Thank you for your cooperation and considerations.

----- THE END -----

SỞ GD&ĐT QUẢNG BÌNH

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI CÁP TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2012 - 20013

ĐÈ THI CHÍNH THỰC

Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH (Vòng I) Khoá thi: Ngày 11 tháng 10 năm 2012

Thời gian làm bài: 180 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề) (Đề thi này có 05 trang)

50	RYO	DANH:	
Ь			

C. OK, see you.

Lưu ý: * Thí sinh làm bài vào tờ giấy thi.

- * Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu, kể cả từ điển.

070				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	CTION ONE: LISTI			
4	Hướng dẫn phần thi		-1: c 21à Gir 21	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	• Dui nghe gom 2 p giữa các nhần cả	nan, moi phan aược (một khoảng trống the	ghi am 2 làn. Giữa 2 là ời cian chà	ần ghi âm của mỗi phần và
	 Moi hướng dẫn là 	mọi khoảng trong thi m hài cho thí sinh th	h gian chơ. ằng tiếng Anh) đã có ti	rova hài naha
Pari			d Jenny, and fill in th	•
			this afternoon	- -
Leo	I wish I could, bu	t I have to (2)	around the libra	ry the rest of the day in.
	I have a ten-page	(3) due	tomorrow.	ay are rest of the day m.
	ny: Oh, is that for Pro	fessor Smith's class?		
Leo:	Yeah, I have to do	an (4)	of a poem we read in	class.
	y: That's hard. How			1 7 1 1 1 1
Leo.	going to do at all.	d I also have to (3)	a lot for mat	h. I don't know how I'm
Jenn		een doing well in ma	th, if you want, I'd be	hanny to heln you
Leo:	Holy cow! That w	ill be great, Jenny.	, ,	amppy to help you.
Part	2. Listen to the story	on the tape and dec	ide whether statement	s are True (T) or False (F).
	d put the groceries in			
7. E	d had ever opened up	a disposal before.		*******
8. T	he disposal is about s	even inches across.		*******
9. 11 10 E	he halves are held tog	ether by three bolts.		••••••
	Ed went to the departi		ne screws.	•••••
SEC	TION TWO: PHO	NETICS		•
Part	1. Pick up the word	whose underlined pa	rt is pronounced diffe	rently from the others.
11.	A. hobby		C. gone	D. popular
12.		B. message		
13.	A. nak <u>ed</u>	B. wick <u>ed</u>	***************************************	D. sacr <u>ed</u>
		whose main stress is	placed differently fron	n the others in each group.
14.	A. politics	B. impolite	C. volunteer	D. afternoon
15.	A. difficult	B. portable	C. element	D. sincerely
	TION THREE: ĻE			
			D) which best comple	
16. J	ohn: "Well it was nic	e talking to you, but I	have to dash." - Jane:	66 29
	A. Well, another tin	ne.		talking to you, too.

D. That's nice.

17 pollution control measures are expensive	e, many industries h	esitate to adopt them.
A. Although B. However C.	Because	D. On account of
18 Tom nor his brothers help in the houses	work.	•
A. Not B. Both C.		D. Neither
19. I must congratulate you. You've	ery good job.	D
A. done B. made C.	finished	D. worked
20. For reason is this meeting being held?	1	D sheet
A. what B. why C.		D. that
21. I've been working quite a lot of pres	sure lately.	D. under
A. in B. with C. 22. She loves London, in the spring.	. OII	D. widei
	most	D. specially
A. mostly B. especially C.		D. specially
23. Make sure you end each sentence with a	comma	D. full stop
24. They travelled to the capital city of Scotland by the		-
A. easy B. direct C.	etraioht	D. unique
25. He failed in the election just because he		
A. overestimated B. underestimated C.	understated	D. undercharged
26. Which agency do you work for? A. ads B. advertised C.	. advertising	D. advertisement
27. His face looks, but I can't remember	r his name.	
A. similar B. alike C.		D. familiar
28. There is a of skilled craftsmen in the		
A. want B. fault C		D. need
Part 2. Put the verbs given in brackets into the appro		MC.
_		
29. This is an awful hotel. I wish we (go)	to The Grand	instead.
30. My suggestion is that your brother (see)		d. :
31. Please wait a minute! My boss is busy (write)		ining.
32. (spend)	led to go nome.	a different colour
33. Peter painted the room black. It looks dark and dre	eary. He (choose)	
34. Nowadays children would prefer history (teach)	in me	a different colour.
	in mo	ore practical ways.
35. Tell him to come at 5 p.m. because I (finish)	in mo my work	ore practical ways. by then.
35. Tell him to come at 5 p.m. because I (finish) Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in	in mo my work	ore practical ways. by then.
35. Tell him to come at 5 p.m. because I (finish)	in mo my work	ore practical ways. by then.
35. Tell him to come at 5 p.m. because I (finish) Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line.	in mo my work	ore practical ways. by then.
35. Tell him to come at 5 p.m. because I (finish) Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE	in mo	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form
35. Tell him to come at 5 p.m. because I (finish) Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping	in mo my work capitals at the end g depression away.	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form
35. Tell him to come at 5 p.m. because I (finish) Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36)	in mo my work capitals at the end g depression away.	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form
35. Tell him to come at 5 p.m. because I (finish) Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home.	in moments in moments in moments in moments in my work capitals at the end graphs depression away. graphs depression away. you to perform	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you was a second of the best ways.	in momentum in momentum in momentum my work capitals at the end general depression away. you to perform want to get the momentum in momentum my work at the momentum my want to get the momentum my want my want to get the momentum my want my w	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you was from exercise and you should also take into (38)	in momentum in momentum in my work capitals at the end get the momentum in my work at the get the momentum in my want to get the momentum in my want to get the momentum in my want to get the momentum in my work here	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH art CONSIDER
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you we from exercise and you should also take into (38) rate. It can be (39) to do too much, we	in momentum in momentum in my work capitals at the end general depression away. you to perform want to get the momentum your heavylich is why all good	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH art CONSIDER od HARM
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you from exercise and you should also take into (38) rate. It can be (39) to do too much, we fitness instructors emphasise the (40)	in momentum in momentum in my work capitals at the end general depression away. you to perform want to get the momentum your heavylich is why all good	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH art CONSIDER od HARM
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you of from exercise and you should also take into (38) rate. It can be (39) to do too much, we fitness instructors emphasise the (40)	in momentum in my work capitals at the end general depression away. you to perform want to get the momentum your hear which is why all good of "listening to you	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH ort CONSIDER od HARM our IMPORTANT
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you of from exercise and you should also take into (38) rate. It can be (39) to do too much, we fitness instructors emphasise the (40) body." When you first start, you should use good (4)	in momentum in my work capitals at the end general depression away. you to perform want to get the momentum your hearth is why all good of "listening to you hecaused the momentum in my work hearth is why all good of "listening to you hecaused the momentum in my work here."	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH ort CONSIDER od HARM our IMPORTANT se JUDGE
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you of from exercise and you should also take into (38) rate. It can be (39) to do too much, we fitness instructors emphasise the (40) body." When you first start, you should use good (4) it is easy to make the mistake of using the equipment.	in momentum in my work capitals at the end general	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH ort CONSIDER od HARM our IMPORTANT se JUDGE
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you of from exercise and you should also take into (38) rate. It can be (39) to do too much, we fitness instructors emphasise the (40) body." When you first start, you should use good (4)	in momentum in my work capitals at the end general	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH ort CONSIDER od HARM our IMPORTANT se JUDGE
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you of from exercise and you should also take into (38) rate. It can be (39) to do too much, we fitness instructors emphasise the (40) body." When you first start, you should use good (4) it is easy to make the mistake of using the equipment.	in momentum in my work capitals at the end get the end get the momentum your heavier is why all good of "listening to you heavier (42)	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH crt CONSIDER od HARM cur IMPORTANT se JUDGE or CORRECT
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36)	in momentum in my work capitals at the end generals at the end general in a general	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH crt CONSIDER od HARM cur IMPORTANT se JUDGE or CORRECT be DEMAND
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you of from exercise and you should also take into (38)	in momentum in my work capitals at the end generals at the end general in a general	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH consider d HARM ur IMPORTANT se JUDGE or CORRECT be DEMAND, STEADY
Part 3. Read the text below. Use the words given in word that fits in the space in the same line. EXERCISE Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping improves your body and your mind and (36) better in the work place and at home. Proper (37) is essential if you from exercise and you should also take into (38) rate. It can be (39) to do too much, we fitness instructors emphasise the (40) body." When you first start, you should use good (it is easy to make the mistake of using the equipment doing too much at one time. Start slowly and build use easy as a quick walk. To increase your fitness increase your fitness easy as a quick walk. To increase your fitness	in momentum in my work capitals at the end general	ore practical ways. by then. of each line to form It m ABLE st BREATH consider d HARM ur IMPORTANT se JUDGE or CORRECT be DEMAND, STEADY

1 un 4. Choose the unuer	uneu woru or paruse	in each sentence that	neeas correc	ung.
46. Tom said that if he ha	d to do another home	work tonight, he would	d not be able t	o attend the
concert.	В		C	D
47. Stand up straight, brea	athe <u>deeply</u> , hold your B	r <u>head up,</u> and <u>no look</u> C D	down!	
48. It spent a long time to A	B C	D		
49. Paris <u>has</u> been <u>well-kr</u> A restaurants <u>for over 1</u>	В	s monuments, <u>beautifu</u> C	l music, and v	vonderful
50. Adult humans have m	oore <u>than</u> a trillion <u>cel</u> B	ls in <u>his</u> bodies.		
SECTION FOUR: REA	DING COMPREHE	ENSION		
Part 1. Read the text bel word in each gap.	low and think of the	word which best fits	each gap. U	se only ONE
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	SPECTAT	OR SPORTS	. •	
A surprising num started in Europe or the U It was the result of change	SA in (51) n	tator sports, for examineteenth century. This wed in those places at	s did not happ	or basketball, en by chance.
Until then (52) groups and had (53) industry in the nineteenth time most people began to had more leisure time than	regular time off. century, first in Eur live in towns, and the	ope and then in the U	the growth of USA. (54)	f factories and
This resulted in t (55) invented, type become involved. This gas free time.	pically team games, i	ed entertainment. Suin (56) the crocket the entertainment they	owded could t	take sides and
The recent explose (58)	increase in demand : as football,	tennis and baseball i	ment. The m	oney TV has
Part 2. Choose the word a B, C or D to indicate your	that best fits each of answer.	the blanks in the foll	lowing passag	e. Choose A,
invented certain sounds to communicate with each o letters, which could be contracted. These sounds, (65)	All we really know express thoughts and ther; and that later the mbined to represent the spoken or written	d feelings, actions and hey agreed (64) those sounds, and whi in letters, are called	ke animals, (6 d things so th certain ich could be words.	at they could signs, called written down.
Great writers are the in words that (66)	powerfully to ou call literary (67) his meaning in an (69) m	Above all, t words which sing like en to tears. We should	This charming the real poet in the music, and we have the therefore. It	ng and telling s a master of which by their

61.	A. invent	B. create	C. make	D. discover
62.	A. story	B. secret	C. mystery	D. legend
63.	A. whatever	B. however	C. somewhat	D. somehow
64.	A. at	B. upon	C. for	D. in
65.	A. if	B. however	C. whether	D. though
66.	A. interest	B. appeal	C. attract	D. lure
67.	A. prose	B. work	C. form	D. style
68.	A. carry	B. convey	C. transfer	D. transmit
69.	A. take	B. send	C. break	D. move
70.	A. or	B. so	C. although	D. because

Part 3. Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each question.

Reading to oneself is a modern activity which was almost unknown to the scholars of the classical and medieval worlds, while during the fifteenth century the term "reading" undoubtedly meant reading aloud. Only during the nineteenth century did silent reading become commonplace.

One should be wary, however, of assuming that silent reading came about simply because reading aloud was a distraction to others. Examinations of factors related to the historical development of silent reading have revealed that it became the usual mode of reading for most adults mainly because the tasks themselves changed in character.

The last century saw a steady gradual increase in literacy and thus in the number of readers. As the number of readers increased, the number of potential listeners declined and thus there was some reduction in the need to read aloud. As reading for the benefit of listeners grew less common, so came the flourishing of reading as a private activity in such public places as libraries, railway carriages and offices, where reading aloud would cause distraction to other readers.

Towards the end of the century, there was still considerable argument over whether books should be used for information or treated respectfully and over whether the reading of materials such as newspapers was in some way mentally weakening. Indeed, this argument remains with us still in education. However, whatever its virtues, the old shared literacy culture had gone and was replaced by the printed mass media on the one hand and by books and periodicals for a specialised readership on the other.

By the end of the twentieth century, students were being recommended to adopt attitudes to books and to use reading skills which were inappropriate, if not impossible, for the oral reader. The social, cultural and technological changes in the century had greatly altered what the term "reading" implied.

71. Reading aloud was more common in the medieval world because A. people relied on reading for entertainment B. silent reading had not been discovered C. there were few places available for private reading D. few people could read to themselves 72. The development of silent reading during the last century indicated A. an increase in the average age of readers B. an increase in the number of books C. a change in the nature of reading D. a change in the status of literate people 73. Silent reading, especially in public places, flourished mainly because of A. the decreasing need to read aloud B. the development of libraries D. the decreasing number of listeners C. the increase in literacy 74. The phrase "oral reader" in the last paragraph mostly means "a person who" B. practises reading to an audience A. is good at public speaking

C. takes part in an audition D. is interested in spoken language 75. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE according to the passage? A. Reading aloud was more common in the past than it is today. B. The decline of reading aloud was wholly due to its distracting effect. C. Not all printed mass media was appropriate for reading aloud. D. The change in reading habits was partly due to the social, cultural and technological changes.
SECTION FIVE: WRITING
Part 1. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it.
76. It was the goalkeeper who saved the match for us. → If it hadn't
77. It is thought that the accident was caused by human error. → The accident
78. I think the last time I saw you was at Diana's house-warming party. → I don't think
79. I gave Tom the message, but he already knew about it.
→ I needn't
 → That singer, 81. It is essential that no one is told about our plans. → You
82. It is your duty to tell him what to do.
83. Do you have a good relationship with your boss?
 → Are you? 84. Under no circumstances should you phone the police. → The last
85. The permit expires at the end of this month. → The permit is not
Part 2. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence using the word given. DO NOT CHANGE THE WORD GIVEN.
86. Susan said that she didn't want to go out that evening. (RATHER) → Susan said that
67. When was the last time you saw Robert? (LONG)
→ How
→ Would you like
→ They have a lot of
→ I daren't turn on the television the baby up. Part 3. Essay writing
•
Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Parents are the best teachers. Use specific reasons and examples to support your answer. You should write at least 200 words.
THE END



SỞ GD&ĐT QUẢNG BÌNH

KỲ THI CHỌN HSG CẤP TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2012 - 2013 Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH (Vòng I)

Khoá thi: Ngày 11 tháng 10 năm 2012

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM

Tống số điểm toàn bài: 100 điểm Làm đúng mỗi câu, cho 1,0 điểm. Bài luận cho tối đa 10,0 điểm. Sau khi cộng toàn bộ số điểm, giám khảo quy về hệ điểm 10, không làm tròn số.

SECTION Part 1.	ON ONE: LIS	STENING			
1 4	. swimming . analysis	2. sticl 5. stud		3. paper	
Part 2. 6	. T	7. F	8. T	9. F	10. F
SECTION Part 1.	ON TWO: PH	IONETICS			
Part 2.	1. B	12. A	13. C		
1	4. A	15. D			
SECTION Part 1.	ON THREE:	LEXICO - G	RAMMAR		
16 21 26	5. C 1. D 5. C	17. C 22. B 27. D	18. D 23. D 28. C	19. A 24. B	20. A 25. B
3	9. had gone 2. Having spo 5. will have f		30. (should) so 33. should hav		31. writing 34. to be taught
3 4	6. enables 9. harmful 2. incorrectly 5. difference	,	37. breathing 40. importance 43. demanding	e	38. consideration41. judgement/ judgment44. steadily
Part 4.	6. B	47. D	48. A	49. B	50. D
	ON FOUR: R	EADING CO	MPREHENSI	ON	
5	1. the 6. which	52. more 57. their	53. no 58. has	54. For 59. such	55. were 60. will
	51. A 56. B	62. C 67. D	63. D 68. B	64. B 69. D	65. C 70. A
Part 3. 7	′1. D	72. C	73. C	74. B	75. B

SECTION FIVE: WRITING

Part 1.

- 76. If it hadn't been for the goalkeeper, we could have lost the match.
- 77. The accident is thought to have been caused by human error.
- 78. I don't think I've seen you since Dianna's house-warming party.
- 79. I needn't have given Tom the message, because/as/since he already knew about it.
- 80. That singer, whose name I've forgotten, is very well-known.
- 81. You mustn't tell anyone about our plans.
- 82. You are supposed to tell him what to do.
- 83. Are you getting along with your boss?
- 84. The last thing you should do is to phone the police.
- 85. The permit is not valid after the end of this month.

Part 2.

- 86. Susan said that she'd rather not go out that evening.
- 87. How long is it/ has it been since you last saw Robert?
- 88. Would you like to have a look at the photos I took?
- 89. They have a lot of hobbies and interests in common.
- 90. I daren't turn on the television for fear of waking the baby up.

Part 3.

- Ý tưởng (5 điểm): Nêu được ý tưởng một cách rõ ràng, có sức thuyết phục.

- Kỹ thuật viết (5 điểm): Bố cục rõ ràng, hành văn mạch lạc, tự nhiên, đúng văn phong, đúng ngữ pháp, dùng từ phong phú, chính xác.

----THE END ----

Model essay:

Obviously, the first teachers we have in our lives in most cases are our parents. They teach us to walk, to speak, and to have good manners before we reach "the real world." More than even the professional teachers that we have in school, parents are generally the most involved in the development and education of children.

Almost for sure, our parents are the best teachers at the beginning of our lives, which actually corresponds to the parents' role in nature. Parents are most committed and involved in teaching their children; they have a kind of instinct to sacrifice a part of themselves for the betterment of their children. They love us and have great patience while passing down their knowledge to us. They wish us a success and thus will not teach us bad things. And of course, implicit learning occurs when children unconsciously copy some of their parents' habits and styles of behavior.

During the second stage of child development, adolescence, parents can still be in the best position to offer advice even though the children might not accept it. In this case, perhaps the child's friends would be the best teachers. Adolescents are notoriously rebellious in many cultures and may automatically reject any advice from their parents. My first marriage for instance, was solely a matter of doing the opposite when my parents tried to intrude in offering their advice. So in such matters, parents should be much more flexible and be rather the partners with their children. So we can see that being a teacher of growing child become more and more complicated case as the time passes and many parents are simply not able to meet the increased demands.

On the other hand, I would say that parents are not professional teachers and they tend to be very biased by their love of their children. So wishing good things and an easy life may prevent children from maturation. In any case, parents usually can present only one viewpoint of the world, while good teaching should be based on different attitudes. Thus, when children go to school and have a great diversity of teachers, they learn much more than their parents could probably give them. Furthermore, once our parents get older, they become more conservative and cannot always be objective in regard to modern trends and fashions. Thus, we need to take their advice with caution during that period. However, some kind of intuition, which I believe, shared between relatives about what everybody needs and great love, which exists in families, still makes our parents very good teachers and advisers at any time.

In conclusion, while parents are not the ideal teachers, and well-rounded children will generally need a great diversity of teachers in their lives in order to have a more accurate view of the world, parents are generally the most committed of all teachers and have the greatest emotional investment in their children and their future.

----THE END -----

SỞ GIÁO DỤC – ĐÀO TẠO HẢI DƯƠNG

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2012- 2013

ĐÈ CHÍNH THỰC

Môn thi: *Tiếng Anh*Thời gian làm bài: 180 phút
(Để thi có 06 trang)

Học sinh làm bài vào tờ giấy thi. Phần trắc nghiệm: Chỉ cần viết chữ cái A hoặc B, C, D. Phần tự luận: Viết đầy đủ theo yêu cầu của bài.

(Thí sinh không được sử dụng bất kỳ tài liệu gì.)

A. LIS	STENING: (15 points)			
I. Lis	ten to the conversation	and then choose the c	orrect answer among A	, B, C, or D for each question:
1. Ho	w long did Hannah think i	it would take her to find a	place to live?	•
	A. less than three wee	ks	B. three weeks	
	C. more than three we	e ks	D. more than four wee	ks
2. Th	ere is not enough accomr	modation to rent because)	
	A. it is the end of the aca	ademic year		,
	B. Hannah is a new stud	lent	•	
	C. the area has lots of ne	ew technology companies		
	D. the town is small			
3. £40	00 a month for rent is	*******		
	A. higher than Hannah	has paid before	B. lower than Hannah I	nas paid before
	C. cheap for the area		D. not cheap for the are	ea ·
4. At 1	the moment Hannah is liv	ing	•	
	A. in a hostel	B. in a guest house	C. in a hotel	D. in a flat
5. Ha	nnah's new flat	•••••		
	A. is a bit noisy	B. is on the second floor	r C. has two bedrooms	D. has a large roof terrace
II. Lis	ten to the conversation	and fill in each blank w	vith ONE word:	_
	I attend English classes	at a language program	in my city because I war	t to improve my (6) skills.
Englis	h has become the interna	tional language around t	he world, and I might be	able to get better (7) and
make	more friends if I learn to sp	oeak it fluently. I take four	classes a day that all (8)	on different language skills
includi	ing reading, writing, listenii	ng, speaking, and gramm	nar. I think that some peop	ple have a (9)ability to pick
upak	anguage and master it, bu	ut I don't think I fit that gr	oup. (10), learn	ing to speak English well requires a
great a	amount of effort, (11)	and practice. Too oft	en, students speak Englis	h in their classes, but they go back to
using 1	their (12) langua	ge after school ends. In t	fact, if you want to (13)	to a new culture, you should
make	it a point to study, (14)	, and practice every	thing you are studying. (1	5), you will never learn and
fit into	any group.			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
B. PH	ONETICS: (5 points)			
Choos	se the word that has a d	ifferent stress pattern	from the others in the g	roup:
16.	A. responsibility	B. originality	C. accommodation	D. mischievousness
17.	A. appliance	B. conscientious	C. independent	D. confidential
18.	A. psychology	B. environmental	C. impossible	D. photography
19.	A. stimulate	B. maximize	C. interrupt	D. register
20.	A. appointment	B. punishment	C. publicity	D. efficient
			· · ·	· · -

C. GRAMMAR – VOCABULA			and (45 mainta)
. Choose the word, phrase			ence: (15 points)
21. Tom: "I thought your perfo		s wonderful."	
Laura: *	the second secon		
A. Don't tell a lie. I tho	_		
	ng. It was not as good as	s I had expected.	
	with you. It was terrific.		
D. No doubt!			
22. Boy: " What is your greate			
Girl: *	*		
A. I'm afraid not.		B. Worms, definitely!	
C. Probably people w	ho smoke.	D. I haven't made up r	my mind.
23. Jenny: " Thank you very n	nuch for your donation, I	Mr. Robinson."	
Mr. Robinson: "	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
A. You can say that a	gain.	B. I see.	
C. You are right.		D. Delighted I was abl	le to help.
24. I don't think you have bee	n watering the plants ne	ear the gate. The soil is	
A. as dry as rice	B. as dry as a tile	C. as dry as a bone	D. as dry as wood
25. Susan was sad because s	she wasn't invited to any	social events. She felt	
A. left out			D. gone out
26. Most psychologists believ	e that the basic structure	e of an individual's persor	nality is
	xtremely by the age of fi		
	it is extremely well estab		
• •	and well established ext		
• •	ablished by the age of fi		
			population enters higher
education at some time in the			
		C. Ø / the	D. the / a
28. I wish you			
A. would give / to rep			
C. had given / to be i		•	
29 Henry was really a silly boy			very stupid questions.
A. him asking	B. him to ask	C. asking him	D. his being asked
30the			-
A. With reference	B. Akin	C. Prior to	D. In addition to
31. No sooner			
A. had Carol agreed		,	
B. Carol has agreed			
C. had Carol agreed			
•			
•	/than she had begun		
32. Having been served dinn			
- ·	discussed by the member		
	embers discussed the pr		
	by the committee memb		
		the members of the com	
			ieto the pavement.
A. has been running		B. were running / col	
C. had been running	y / collapsed	D. ran / had been co	liapsing

34.	Son: "	What is the process	s of		, Dad	: 1?"			
		: "Well, it involves t					harn	nful hacteria "	
	A.	industrialization		pasteurization		commercialization		D. globalization	
35. /	An artis	st						rience in the chil	d'e face
	A.	portraying a child	В.	who portray a chi	ild C	he portrave a chi	ild	nortenada a	us race. hild
II. G	ive the	correct form of t	he wo	ords in brackets:	(10 r	onintel	nu .	D. portrayed a ci	illiu
		station and excess							(DOOD)
		amage caused by						by the	(POOR)
GOVE	ernmer	it. The real figures	ao ur	every minute	uays	agu was	• • • • • •	by the	(ESTIMATE)
		Obama is the first			State	as with		hadran	(5.4.6.5)
39. F	rom th	ne hotel there is a		view		es the conver	• • • • • •	background.	(RACE)
		liceman examined						hatitan da ba	(BREATH)
41. I	t was v	ery	و ب	of you to notice th	 hat	as the flag tho los	ea w	nat π could be.	(SUSPECT)
		,				abla itama in the Li	4 - la -	_	(OBSERVE)
43. E	Before	enrolling on a cour	SA VC	omasned all the i	DI Gana	ane items in fue Ki	tcne	n.	(FURIOUS)
an of	fficially	enrolling on a cour recognized body.	se, yc	ou should hist en	suie li	nat it nas been	•••••	by	(VALID)
			l atin	usually strange	4 5 -0-0-0				
45 1	he an	n, who teaches us	Laun,	usuany stresses	tne ne	eed for regular	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
III. C	hoose	vernment has yet to	ord o	e en oncial		on the iss	sue.	• .	(PRONOUNCE)
46 F)ictions	the underlined w	in the	r purase in each	sente	ence that needs c	orre	ecting (5 points):	
70. L	/ICLIOI Ia	ries <u>frequently</u> expla A			ig wor	d, state its part of sp	eech	and <u>indication</u> its	correct use.
47 T	he rine	* *	_	3 C		• • • • •		D D	
77. 1	ne mi	s <u>of</u> Saturn are <u>so</u> A B	distar	it to <u>be</u> seen from	ine E		scop	oe.	
48 (hildra					. D			
70. C	/	n <u>subjected to</u> viole A	nce, e		se and	_	cofic	leath, poor physic	cal and mental
healt	ь ш к//		فتنات	В.		C			
Healt	'', <u>'''</u>	'AIDS infection, and D	a equi	cational problems	•				
49 It	is imp	_	- di						
70. It	is inte	ortant that cancer i	s ulag	nosed and treate	o <u>as e</u>		orde	er to <u>assure</u> a suc	ccessful <u>cure</u> .
50 A	tan_th	eusand dallars rev	\ 			B		С	D
оо. <u>д</u>	ten-un	<u>ousand-dollars</u> rew B	aro <u>w</u>		captu	_	priso	oner.	
	EADING			С		D		•	
				4					
1. 1/46	Evenie	following passage	e and	decide which of	ption	A, B, C or D best	fits	each space: (10	points)
and s	-veryu	ne has got two pe	rsona	irties - the one th	at is s	shown to the world	i and	the other that is	s (51)
But w	bon w	ou don't show your	secre	t personality who	en you	и аге (52)	, Ł	ecause you can	control yourself.
DOL W	o office	ou are asleep, you	r teelii ·	ng position (53)	• • • • • • •	the real you. I	nar	normal (54)	, of course,
heobi	e oilen	change their posit	ion. I	he important posi	ition is	the one you go to	slee	ep in.	
11	you g	o to sleep on you	r bac	k, you are a very	(55).	person.	You	usually believe	people and you
accep	new,	things or new ide	eas e	asily. You don't	like to	o make people sa	ad, s	so you never ex	press your (56)
		eeling. You are qui	-						
	you s	sleep on your ston	nach,	you are a rather	secr	etive person. You	(57)	a lot :	and you always
easily	Decon	ne sad. You usual	ly live	for today not to	morro	w. This means tha	at yo	ou (58)	having a good
time.									
	you s	leep curled up, you	are p	probably a very (5	9)	person. Yo	u ha	ve a low opinion	of yourself. You
are sn	y and	don't like meeting p	eopie	e. You (60)		to be on your own.	You	are easily hurt.	
51.	Α.	important	В.	serious	C.	secret	D.	particular	
52.	Α.	awake	B.	active	C.	happy	D.	honest	
53.	A.	makes	В.	understand	C.	changes	D.	shows	

54.	A.	room	В.	bed	C.	night	D.	body
55 .	A.	independent	В.	open	C.	talkative	D.	generous
56.	A.	real	В.	ionely	C.	cheerful	D.	gentie
57 .	A.	talk	B.	sleep	C.	relax	D.	worry
58.	A.	regret	В.	enjoy	ФЖ. 2 № С.	mind	D.	deny
59.	A.	strong	В.	healthy	C.	nervous	D.	careful
60.	Α.	pretend	В.	oppose	C.	refuse	D.	prefer

II. There are 5 blanks in the passage below. From the words given in the box, choose the most suitable for each blank. There are THREE extra words that you do not need to use: (5 points)

A. legal	C. responsibility	E. serve	G. organizations
B. community	D. give back	F. long-term	H. rare

Volunteering brings together a variety of people. Both the recipients of your volunteer efforts and your colearn example. maybe you'll of insight. For rich sources workers be (64).....profession from a former lawyer you visit at a convalescent center. Colleges pay attention to your life inside and outside the classroom. Your extracurricular activities reveal a great deal about you, such as what your interests are, whether you can manage your priorities and maintain a (65)...... promise and how you've made an important contribution to something.

III. Read the passage and choose the correct answer: (10 points)

For many people who live in cities, parks are an important part of the landscape. They provide a place for people to relax and play sports, as well as a refuge from the often harsh environment of a city. What people often overlook is that parks also provide considerable environmental benefits.

One benefit of parks is that plants absorb carbon dioxide—a key pollutant—and emit oxygen, which humans need to breathe. According to one study, an acre of trees can absorb the same amount of carbon dioxide that a typical car emits in 11,000 miles of driving. Parks also make cities cooler. Scientists have long noted what is called the Urban Heat Island Effect: building materials such as metal, concrete, and asphalt absorb much more of the sun's heat and release it much more quickly than organic surfaces like trees and grass. Because city landscapes contain so much of these building materials, cities are usually warmer than surrounding rural areas. Parks and other green spaces help to *mitigate* the Urban Heat Island Effect.

Unfortunately, many cities cannot easily create more parks because most land is already being used for buildings, roads, parking lots, and other essential parts of the urban environment. However, cities could benefit from many of the positive effects of parks by encouraging citizens to create another type of green space: rooftop gardens. While most people would not think of starting a garden on their roof, human beings have been planting gardens on rooftops for thousands of years. Some rooftop gardens are very complex and require complicated engineering, but others are simple container gardens that anyone can create with the investment of a few hundred dollars and a few hours of work.

Rooftop gardens provide many of the same benefits as other urban park and garden spaces, but without taking up the much-needed land. Like parks, rooftop gardens help to replace carbon dioxide in the air with nourishing oxygen. They also help to lessen the Urban Heat Island Effect, which can save people money. In the summer, rooftop gardens prevent buildings from absorbing heat from the sun, which can significantly reduce cooling bills. In the winter, gardens help hold in the heat that materials like brick and concrete radiate so quickly,

leading	to savings on heating	g bills. Rooftop vegetab	le and herb gardens c	an also provide fresh food for city
dweller	s, saving them money	and making their diets h	ealthier. Rooftop garder	ns are not only something everyone
		rt environmental investm		
66. Bas				ich of the following word groups?
	A. exacerbate, aggrava	•	B. obliterate, destroy, a	
	C. allay, alleviate, redu		D. absorb, intake, cons	
67. Usir		ragraph 2 as a guide, it c		
		ardens are cooler than th		lens
		suitable for growth in roo	oftop gardens	
		parks to rooftop gardens		
		life in the country over life	•	
			fect is caused by the fac	t(s) that
	are warmer than nearb	<u> </u>		
		ore of the sun's heat than	_	
		e sun's heat more quickly	- ·	
	A. a. only	B. a. and b. only	C. b. and c. only	D. a., b., and c.
		in paragraph 3, which of	f the following best des	cribes the main difference between
	nd rooftop gardens?			
		to create while rooftop g		
		ile rooftop gardens are pr		
		vhile rooftop gardens do		
		space while rooftop gard		
			efits of rooftop gardens e	xcept
	A. increased space for			
	B. savings on heating a			
	C. better food for city d	wellers		
	D. improved air quality	a advantant line of the		
				s is that they
	A. decrease the Urban		B. replenish the air with	
72 The	author's topo in the ner	se oi valuable urban land	D. are less expensive t	han traditional park spaces
		ssage is best described a B. passionate		
			C. informative	D. argumentative
are good	for the environment?	es of information would, i	itrue, most weaken the	author's claim that rooftop gardens
		nefits that rooftop gardens	de patabasa	
		· -		
		atop tall city buildings can		op plants can remove from the air.
				piants. ose of planting a rooftop garden.
		describes the organization		ose of planting a rooπop garden.
	A. A hypothesis is stated		in of the passage?	
		ed and alternatives are exp	horad	
		shed and then defended.	JOI 60.	
	D. A thesis is presented			
			ld most likely endorse a n	orogram that
/	A. permitted the constru	ection of buildings in city i	nark land provided their	have rooften gordens
		on plants to customers wi		
		on to schools willing to tal		
				n the city at the peak of summer
_	,		mone to those trapped t	in the city at the hear of summer

E. WRITING:	
I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the s	same as the sentence
printed before it: (5 points)	
76. Its lack of irregular verbs makes Esperanto a unique language.	
≥ Unlike	
77. Mr. Smith knew little about the Internet, so he didn't invest into any computer companies	•
>x Had	
78. The Board of Directors discussed the business in length, but came to no decision.	
> The Board of Directors had	
79. When she got to the party, everyone was dancing and singing.	
3x On	
80. Barbara runs a successful company and she also manages to look after her five children).
a. Not only	
81. It is my opinion that you should spend more time practicing English.	
≥ If	
82. Everyone was surprised that the famous actor had very little money when he died.	
a. The famous actor	
83. Success in the academic field depends on your ability to amass qualifications.	
≥ The more	
84. "Get out of my house or I will shoot you", the woman shouted at the strange man.	
≥ The woman threatened	
85. What mainly distinguishes man from other animals is the power of speech.	
ъ Man	
II. After having attended a course on computing at ABC Information Technology Cen	ter for two weeks, you
notice that many things are worse than what were advertised by the Center. Write a	a letter of complaint of
about 150 words to the Director of the Center: (10 points)	
Your letter should include:	
- the reason for writing	+ - *
- the problems you have encountered	
- your suggestions and the actions you wish to be taken to resolve the problems	
Trong bài viết thí sinh phải dùng tên và địa chỉ sau:	
Pham Hai Nam	
19 Ly Nam De Street, Hai Duong City	
III. Violence among school students seems to be increasing. Write a passage of abo	out 150 – 170 words to
suggest what should be done to help solve this problem: (10 points)	
Họ và tên thí sinh: Số báo danh	
Họ và Tên, chữ ký Giám thị 1:	
Họ và Tên, chữ ký Giám thị 2:	

SỞ GIÁO DỤC – ĐÀO TẠO HẢI DƯƠNG

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM ĐỂ THI HỌC SINH GIỎI TỈNH MÔN TIẾNG ANH - NĂM HỌC 2012-2013

A. LISTENING (15 p	oints)			
Part I. 5 points (1.0	point for each correct a	answer)		
1. A	2.C	3.D	4.C	5.B
<u>Part II</u> . 10 points (1.0	point for each correc	t answer)		, O.B
6. communication	7. employment	8. focus	9. natural	10. Actually
11. patience	12. native	13. adjust	14. review	15. Otherwise
B. PHONETICS (5 pc	oints) (1 point for each	correct answer)		io. Galorwise
16. D	17. A	18. B	19. C	20. B
C. GRAMMAR - VOC	CABULARY.		,	20. 0
I. 10 points (1.0 poin	t for each correct answ	ver)		
21. B	22. B	23. D	24. C	25. A
26. D	27. C	28. D	29. A	30. C
31. A	32. B	33. C	34. B	35. A
II. 10 points (1.0 points	nt for each correct wor	d)		00. A
36. impoverished	37. underestimated	38. multiracial	39. breathtaking	40. suspiciously
41. observant	42. fury	43. validated	44. attendance	45.
pronouncement				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
III. 5 points (1.0 point	t for each correct answ	ver)		
46. D	47. B	48. C	49. A	50. B
D. READING				00. B
I. 10 points (1.0 poin	t for each correct ansv	ver)		
51. C	52. A	53. D	54. C	55. B
56. A	57. D	- 58. B	59. C	60. D
II. 5 points (1.0 point	for each correct answe	er)		00. <i>D</i>
61. D	62. B	63. G	64. A	65. F
III. 10 points (1.0 points	its for each correct ans	swer)		00.1
66. C	67. A	68. C	69. D	70. A
71. C	72. C	73. B	74. C	76. A 75. B
E. WRITING				7 J. D

1. 5 points (0.5 point for each correct answer)

- 76. Unlike other languages, Esperanto has no irregular verbs.
- 77. Had Mr. Smith known something / more / a little more / some more about the Internet, he would have invested into some computer companies.
- 78. The Board of Directors had a long discussion on / about the business, but come to / reached / made no decision.
- 79. On her arrival at the party, everyone was dancing and singing.
- 80. Not only does Barbara run a successful company, but she also manages to look after her five children.
 - , but she manages to look after her five children (as well)
 - , she also manages to look after her five children.
- 81. If I were you I would spend more time practicing English.

82. The famous actor had very little money when he died, which surprised everyone.

, which made everyone surprised

83. The more qualifications you are able to / can amass, the more successful you become / are in the academic field.

, the more success you can / will make / have in the academic

field.

- 84. The woman threatened to shoot the strange man if he did not get out of her house.
- 85. Man is mainly distinguished from other animals by the power of speech.

II. 10 points

Bài viết cần phù hợp về hình thức, ngôn ngữ và nội dung.

Gợi ý cho điểm:

- 1. Form: Form of the letter: Formal letter (1 point)
- 2. Content: (4 points)
 - the reasons for writing (1 point)
 - the problems the writer has encountered (2 points)
 - suggestions for solutions (1 point)
- 3. Language: (4p)
 - Appropriate vocabulary (1 point)
 - Correct grammar (2 points)
 - Punctuating/ Spelling (1 point)

III. 10 points

Bài viết cần phù hợp về hình thức, ngôn ngữ và nội dung.

Gợi ý cho điểm:

- 1. Form: passage (2 points)
 - Easy to follow
 - Coherent
- 2. Content: (4 points)
 - +Successful fulfillment of the task.
- 3. Language: (4 points)
 - + Appropriate vocabulary (1 point)
 - + Suitable connectors (0.5 point)
 - + Correct grammar (2 points)
 - + Punctuating / Spelling (0.5 point)

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO V<u>ĨNH PHÚC</u>

ĐÈ THI CHÍNH THỨC

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI CẤP TỈNH LỚ<u>P.12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2012-</u>2013

Môn: TIẾNG ANH - TḤPT Chuyên.

Thời gian: 180 phút, không kể thời gian giao đề.

Ngày thi: 02/11/2012. Đề thi gồm 06 trang.

PART A. LISTENING

YOU WILL HEAR THE RECORDING TWICE

I. Questions 1-10

You will hear a talk given by a woman who is a successful climber. For questions 1-10, complete the sentences.

sentences.		
	MOUNTAIN CLIMBER	
On her expedition, she became aw	are of the feelings of (1)	and
connected with mountaineering.		
She had previously taken part in se	everal so-called (2)	
She found the mental (3)	for climbing Everest particular	ly hard.
	the (4)she would hav	•
	of the (5) of life with	
	taking (6) with her.	
	t her (7) after a certain	point.
	or fuel when you're on the	_
	ad a sensation of shared (9)	
Her book about climbing Everest is		•
II. Questions 11-20You will hear a conversation betwFor questions 11 – 15, choose the	een two old friends who meet each o	ther by accident.
11. What is John's job?	DOST MILITIES.	
A. Doctor	B. Teacher	C. Chemist
12. Which of the following contine	ents did Frank not visit on his travels?	
A. Europe 13. What's Frank's job?	B. Africa	C. North America
A. Journalist	B. Travel writer	C. College lecturer
14. How many children do Frank a	nd Liz have?	
A. 0	B. 2	C. 3
15. When did John and Kate get ma	arried?	
A. the last year of college	B. the year after graduation	C. 2 years after graduation
For questions 16 – 19, write NO lanswer.	MORE THAN THREE WORDS O	R A NUMBER for each
16. What time should Frank and Li	z go to dinner?	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Trang1/6	

17. What's Frank's mobile pl	none number?		•
18. What's on the other side	of the road from Joh	n and Kate's flat?	
19. What does Liz NOT like	to eat?		
For question 20, choose the 20. Which bell button is the	best answer. one for John and Ka	te's flat?	
A 🌣	В		C 🌣
→ ☆	☆ □		₩
☆	☆□		→ 🌣
❖ □ □ □ □	→ ☆□		\$
PART B: VOCABULARY	AND GRAMMAR	k (30 points)	
I. Choose the correct answ			g auestions.
1. I don't care what you do a	about job. It's no	of mine.	6 1
A. importance	B. feeling	C. matter	D. concern
A. importance 2. Sometimes two cultural v	alues seem to	each other.	
A. conflict	B. contradict	C. reflect	D. disapprove
3. You can leave the money	with him; he's total	ly	
3. You can leave the money A. trusting	B. trusty	C. trustful	D. trustworthy
4. you cut down you	ır sugar intake, you'	d have lost weight by no)W.
A. Did	B. Were	C. If	D. Had
5. Giving up smoking is just	one of the ways to	heart disease.	D. throw off
A. push on	B. put on	C. Wald oil	D. mow on
6. They were surprised to co A. into	B. up to	C. over	D. up with
7. A walnut tree us	from the sun on hot	days.	D. prevents
A. fences 8. This machine will have b	B. Warns	C. shelters	D. prevents
8. I his machine will have b	B phased out	C. set out	D. made off with
9. I didn't see anyone but I	felt as though I		
A. have been watche	_	B. was being watch	ned
C. being watched			
10. The to success i	s to be ready from the	ne start.	
A. key	B. response	C. agreement	D. demand
A. key 11. For years she had	_ of meeting her lo	ng-lost sister.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A honed B. wi	ished C.	longed	D. dreamed
12. The against you	r having that kind o	f accident are about 500	to 1.
A. possibilities	B. figures	C. opportunities	D. odds
13. They live in a h	ouse in the suburbs	of London.	D. distinct
A. single	B. detached	C. free-standing	D. distinct
14. Many people these days	s find it difficult to _	a career. C. settle down	D. arrange
A. settle into			D. arrange
15. He never expected his p	P realised	C. achieved	D. fulfilled
A. accomplished 16. They shared out the	of the histiness		
A. makings	B. proceedings	C. benefits	D. proceeds
17. The signal was extreme			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
A. settle	B. decipher	C. capture	D. fix
A. settle 18. Noone was capable of l	oreaking the	silence following the ne	ews.
A least	D think	C stunned	D. nunched

Trang2/6

19. They noticed a flame in the breeze. A. flickering B. flashing C. blinking	D. sparkling
20. He congratulated his opponent with just a of smile on hi	is face.
A. mark B. print C. hint	D. sign
II. Read the text and look carefully at each line. Some of the li	ines are correct, and some have a
word which should not be there. If a line is correct, put a tick ($$). not be there, write the word. There are two examples at the beginn	if a line has a word which should
	ung (v ana vv).
Telent scouts are looking for the next generation of supermodels have	
Lyndsey McIntyre, a former model herself, recently opened one ag	
"African women are being graceful and serene" she says. "These qua	·
very well in this business." However, sporting supermodels is rare	_
discovered when she visited the Orma tribe of remote north-eastern Ko	i e
reported to be especially striking. "The tribal leaders were a bit suspici	
be meet many of their girls," she explains. Another problem is that rep	
McIntyre discovered this when one of village's "most beautiful girl" t	li di
one. She had to explain that Western advertisers prefer far slimmer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
alone in believing fat it is beautiful. In a recent Africa-wide beaut	<u> </u>
contestants were disqualified for being a little too large around the hip	
the fashion industry's obsession with small hips," said one judge for the	
want the girls to succeed and to see African models working internation	onally, we give the industry
what it wants.	
COMMUNICATE) skills, and a whole host of other skills you later in life. There are certain basic (4. ABLE) that eve be (5. SUCCESS) in education, employment and even in so skills is (6. SPECIAL) important at secondary school lev prepare for further education or the working world. A minimum lev demanded by all employers, colleges and universities. The more ad more the (9. ORGANISE) believes you will be conditioned by the school curriculum.	that may be (3. USE) for eryone needs to have if they are to cial circumstances. Learning these rel, in order to (7. FULL) is vanced you are in those areas, the ompetent. These personal (10. they cannot be taught in isolation
IV. Complete each phrase in bold with one of the words from the bo	ox.
concern wonder likelihood	point means
trace knowing choice	use matter
 It's unfortunate, but I'm afraid you give me no By the time the police arrived, there was no of the burglar It's no asking me the way, I'm only a visitor here. If you will smoke so much it's no you have a bad cough. 	rs.

Trang3/6

5. You go home, there's no in both of us waiting.
6. Mind your own business, it's no of yours.
7. As far as we know, the old man has no of support.
8. There is really no what Eric will do next.
9. I couldn't solve the puzzle, no how hard I tried.
10. At the moment there is no of the Prime Minister resigning.
PART C: READING.
I. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each space. Use only ONE word in each
space.
Trees for life
Trees are amongst the biggest and longest-living things on Earth, some dating back longer than
the oldest buildings. But as well as being nice to look at, trees also (1) an important role in
improving the quality of our lives.
On a world-wide scale, forests help to slow down the (2) of global warming by using up
the gas known as carbon dioxide and giving (3) the oxygen we need to breathe. At local
neighborhood level, trees also (4) important environmental benefits. They offer shade and
shelter, which in turn reduces the (5) of energy needed to heat and cool nearby buildings, at the
same time, they also remove other impurities from the air we breathe.
Urban trees are especially important because for many people they provide the only daily
contact with the natural world. What's (6), urban trees also provide a home for birds, small
animals and butterflies. (7) the trees, we would lose the pleasure of seeing these creatures in
our cities. Regrettably, (8), trees in cities are now coming under (9) There is a limit to
the level of pollution they can put up with and down at the street level, their roots are (10)
seriously disturbed by the digging needed to make way for modern telephone, television and other
cables.
II. Choose A, B, C, or D to complete the following passage.
AS OLD AS YOU FEEL
It might after all be true that you are only as old as you feel. A British clinic is carrying out new
high-tech tests to calculate the "real" biological age of patients (1) on the rate of physical deterioration.
Information on every (2) of a patient's health, fitness, lifestyle and family medical
history is (3) into a computer to work out whether they are older or younger than their calendar
age suggests.
The availability and increasing accuracy of the tests has (4) one leading British
gerontologist to call for biological age to be used to determine when workers should retire. He
(5) that if an employee's biological or "real" age is shown, for example, to be 55 when he
reaches his 65 th birthday, he should be (6) to work for another decade. Apparently most employers only take into (7) a person's calendar years, and the two may differ considerably.
Some of those prepared to pay a substantial sum of money for the examinations will be able to
smugly walk away with medical (8) showing that they really are as young as they feel, giving
them the confidence to act and dress as if they were younger. Dr Lynette Yong, resident doctor at the
clinic where the tests are offered claims that the purpose of these tests will be to motivate people to
(9) their health.
The concept of "real" age is set to become big (10) in the USA with books and
websites helping people work out whether their body is older or younger than their years. Others firmly believe that looks will always be the best indicator of age.
1. A. based B. decided C. arranged D. established
A 4 14
2. A. position B. prospect C. attitude D. aspect

Trang4/6

3. A. supplied	B. fed	C. provided	D. planned
4. A. projected	B. prodded	C. provoked	D. prompted
5. A. debates	B. argues	C. discusses	D. enquires
6. A. encouraged	B. supported	C. incited	D. promoted
7. A. interest	B. detail	C. account	D. importance
8. A. grounds	B. signs	C. demonstration	D. evidence
9. A. progress	B. improve	C. gain	D. increase
10. A. trade	B. pursuit	C. business	D concern

III. Read the passage and choose the best answer.

The first two decades of this century were dominated by the microbe hunters. These hunters had tracked down one after another of the microbe responsible for the most dreaded scourges of many centuries: tuberculosis, cholera, diphtheria. But there remained some terrible diseases for which no microbe could be incriminated: scurvy, pellagra, rickets, and beriberi. Then it was discovered that these diseases were caused by the lack of vitamins, a trace substance in the diet. The diseases could be prevented or cured by consuming foods that contained the vitamins. And so in the decades of the 1920's and 1930's, nutrition became a science and the vitamin hunters replaced the microbe hunters.

In the 1940's and 1950's, biochemists strived to learn why each of the vitamins was essential for health. They discovered that key enzymes in metabolism depend on one or another of the vitamins as coenzymes to perform the chemistry that provides cells with energy for growth and function. Now, these enzyme hunters occupied center stage.

You are aware that the enzyme hunters have been replaced by a new breed of hunters who are tracking genes – the blueprints for each of the enzymes – and are discovering the defective genes that cause inherited diseases – diabetes, cystic fibrosis. These gene hunters, or genetic engineers, use recombinant DNA technology to identify and clone genes and introduce them into bacterial cells and plants to create factories for the massive production of hormones and vaccines for medicine and for better crops for agriculture. Biotechnology has become a multibillion-dollar industry.

In view of the inexorable progress in science, we can expect that the gene hunters will be replaced in the spotlight. When and by whom? Which kind of hunter will dominate the scene in the last decade of our waning century and in the early decades of the next? I wonder whether the hunters who will occupy the spotlight will be neurobiologists who apply the techniques of the enzyme and gene hunters to the functions of the brain. What to call them? The head hunters. I will return to them later.

1. What is the main topi	ic of the passage?		
A. The microbe hun	ters	B. The poter	ntial of genetic engineering
C. The progress of r	nodern medical research	D. The disce	overy of enzymes
2. The word "which" in		III	overy of onzymes
A. diseases	B. microbe	C. cholera	D. diphtheria
3. The word "incrimina	ited" in bold is closest in		2. dipilateria
A. investigated		C. eliminated	D. produced
4. Which of the following	ng can be cured by a char	nge in diet?	D. produced
A. Tuberculosis	B. Cholera	C. Cystic fibrosis	D. Pellagra
5. The word "strived" is	n bold is closest in mean	ing to	D. I chagia
A. failed	B. tried	C. experimented	D. studied
6. How do vitamins infl	uence health?	or onputmented	D. studied
	ry for some enzymes to i	function	
B. They protect the l			

C. They keep food	• •		
	n down by cells to produce en		
	ph, the author compares cells	that have been gen	etically altered by biotechnician
to	~ • • •	C 1	
•		C. hunters	D. spotlights
	n bold refers to	D 1	`
A. cells and plants		B. hormon	
C. genes	y the spotlight" in bold is clos		inters or genetic engineers
A. receive the mos		B. go the f	
C. conquer territor		D. lighten	
	s that the most important med		
A. the functions o		B. inherite	
C. the operation o			cture of genes
. the operation o	1 VIAMINING	. 2. mo sina	or Bound
PART D: WRITING	5.		
_	nd sentence so that it has th	he similar meanin	g to the first sentence. Use th
word given.			
1. I offered to help he	r but she said "No, thanks."	(turned)	•
→			• • • • • • •
2. Mary didn't feel lik	ce going to the party.	(mood)	
•		, ,	
			•••••
3. If you are in Nha T	rang by any chance, come and	i see us. (happen)	
→	*******************************		•••••
	aking him sit his exams again.	•	
	-		
→			•••••
5. I would always do	what you advised.	(advice)	
•	•	, ,	
→		••••••	•••••
6. How has the strike	affected student attendance?	(effect)	
→			••••
	r from irrational fears.		
•			
	1 4 1 4 1 4 1 3 1 3 1 3 3 4 4 4 1		•••••
-	only student who didn't smile		
→			
9. I assure you're hur	igry.	(granted)	1
·			••••
	t as good as he had hoped.		
		_	
~	•••••		•••••
II Write shout the	following tonic (from 250 to	300 words)	
	following topic (from 250 to	JUU WULUSJ.	
	gree the following statement?		
"Classmates are a n	nore important influence tha	n parents on a ch	ild's success in school."
Use specific reasons	and examples to support your	answer.	
	The	e end	

Trang6/6

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO <u>VĨNH PHÚC</u>

Kỳ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI CẤP TỈNH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2012-2013

Môn: TIẾNG ANH - THPT Chuyên

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM

(Gồm 02 trang)

PART A: LISTENING

I.

freedom - achievement (either order)

- 1. adventure sports
- 2. preparation
- 3. icefall/ice fall(s)/ ice falling/ falling ice/ falls of ice
- 4. luxuries
- 5. (some/unnecessary/her) perfume
- 6. toothbrush
- 7. melted snow/(drinking) water
- 8. excitement
- 9. On Top of the World

II.

11. B	12. A	13. A	14. A	15. C
16. (about) 7.30	17. 07623 963 957	18. a postbox	19. red meat	20. C
				1

PART B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I.

1. D	2. B	3. D	4. D	5. C
6. A	7. C	8. B	9. B	10. A
11.D	12. D	13. B	14. A	15. D
16. D	17. B	18. C	19. A	20. C

II.

1. being	3. the	5. be	7. √	9. why
2. well	4. √	6. of	8. it	10. √

III. Supply the correct form of the word in capital letter.

1. demonstrating	6. especially	
2. communication	7. fully	
3. useful	8. competence	
4. abilities	9. organization	
5. successful	10. development	

IV. Complete each phrase in bold with one of the words from the box:

1. choice	6. concern
2. trace	7. means

Trang1

3. use	8. knowing
4. wonder	9. matter
5. point	10. likelihood

PART C: READING

I.

1. play	6. more	
2. effects	7. Without	
3. out	8. however	
4. bring	9. thread	
5. amount	10. being	

II.

1. A	2. D	3. B	4. D	5. B
6. A	7. C	8. D	9. B	10.C

II. Read the passage and choose the best answer:

ſ	1. C	2. A	3. B	4. D	5. B
İ	6. A	7. B	8. C	9. A	10. A

PART D: WRITING

T.

- 1. She turned down my offer of help.
- 2. Mary wasn't in the mood/ was in no mood to go/ for going to the party.
- 3. If you (should) happen to be in Nha Trang, come and see us.
- 4. Dick is being made (by his school) to sit his exams again/ Dick is being made to sit his exams again by his school.
- 5. I would always take your advice
- 6. What effect has the strike had on student attendance?
- 7. She fell prey to irrational fears.
- 8. All the students smiled except/ except for Mr Misery.
- 9. I take it for granted you're hungry.
- 10. The book failed to come up to his expectations./ The book didn't come up to his expectations.

II. Essay writing: 15 points

- Well-organised
- Few grammatical mistakes
- Various grammatical structures and vocabularies

* Total: 100 points

-		_
	ran	\sim $^{\circ}$
	1 411	24

UBND TÌNH BẮC NINH SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI CẤP TỈNH NĂM HỌC 2012 – 2013 MÔN THI: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP, 12 - THPT

ĐÈ CHÍNH THỰC

Thời gian làm bài: 180 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề) Ngày thi 29 tháng 3 năm 2013

			=
Điểm bài thi	Giám khảo 1	Giám khảo 2	Số phách
Bằng số:	Họ tên:	Họ tên:	
75			
Bằng chữ:	Chữ ký:	Chữ ký:	
4.611.17.27.11.7			
	07 trang. Thí sinh làm bài	trực tiếp vào để thi.	
PART I: PHONETICS (1			
I: Find a word in each lin	e whose underlined part is	pronounced differently f	from that of the other
three by circling A, B, C or	· D. (0.5 p)		
l A allegedly			rick <u>ed</u> ly
2 A youths	A ===	C cigarettes D m	
3 A equation	B televi <u>sion</u>	C mention D de	eci <u>sion</u>
4 A rise		C browse D b	
5 A substitute		C shutter D su	ubstantial
II: Find the word with the	he stress pattern different	from that of the other	three words in each
question by circling A, B, (
1 A academic		·	
	is B mathematician (mmunication
3 A casualty 4 A magnificer	B habitual (characterize D ign	
	nt B memorial		
5 A trigonomet	ry B explanatory (immediately D der	mocracy
PART II: LEXICO - GRA	MAAD (7		
I: Choose the word or phra to the correct word or phra	se wnich vest completes eac	in senience. Circle the lea	tter A, B, C or D next
1 every industry in ou		arrowle of ome in a con-	•
A. Wholly		_	4
2. Jane had a problem with	her finances so we talked	Most D. Vir	tuany
A. over			er and over
3. When the electricity faile			r and over
	B. scratched C. s		tad
4. I usually buy my clothes			teu
A. on the house			the shelf
5. My father when he	found out that I had damage		TIE ZUEII
A. hit the roof	B. saw pink		
C. made my blood bo		the house down	
6. According to the captain		an immediate action age	ainst terrorists should
such a need	, and opening annua care	an initioalate action age	mist terrorists should
A. arise	B. originate C. e	voke D. exp	erience
7. We were by the of			ain route
A. rambled		tumbled D. shu	
8. The book says that the rev			ate governor
A. launched	B. cropped C. to	riggered D. pro	
9. The hijackers have demar	ided a to be naid for	releasing the civilian host	ages from the plane
A. currency	B. revenue C. d	leposit D. rans	ages nom me plane.
10. He's		ee vou now.	·
A. up to his ears in	B. very inte		
C. not involved with			

	Sue the	e room. He push	ed his way	the crov	wd of people
to get to her. A. across/through	B. over/throug	h C. ove	r/along	D. across/acros	SS
12. She tried to	•••••				
A. talk out of me	the plan	B. talk	me the plan o	ut of	
C. talk me out of	the plan	D. taik	out me of the	pian.	
13. My cousin obvi	ously didn't	much of an	impression o	n you if you can	't remember
meeting her.					
	B. do				
14. She was kept aw	ake for most of the ni	ight by the	of a moso	uito in her car.	
A. whine	B. moan	C. groan	D. scre	eecn	
15. Her business mu	st be going rather we	II,by the	car sne drive	S. ~i~ ~	
A. deducing	B. deciding	C. interring	D. juuj of centle voi	guig ce is rather	
16. He looks very ag	gressive and threaten B. disconcerting	iling, and so ms s	oit, gentie voi	ce is rauler	••••
A. discilibodicu	would regard their of	fer with consider	ahle	because it seem	s too good to
be true.	would regard then on	ici with consider	<i>aoi</i> c	, occurso it scom	s too good to
	B. doubt	C. reservation	D. disl	pelief	
18 My sister's confi	idence in her ability t	o play the piano	was badly	by her last m	usic teacher.
A. subsided	B. weakened	C. undermine	d D. loo	sened	
19. Your grandfathe	r is rather tired so do	notyo	ur visit. Let hi	im have a rest.	
A. prolong	B. lengthen	C. delay	D. she	orten	
20. Their eventual c	hoice of the house wa	asby the	time Peter wo	uld take to get to the	he office.
A. related	B. consequent	C. determined	D. dep	endent	
II. Put each verb gi	ven in brackets into i	an appropriate t	ense or form ((Ip)	
-	nson accepted the cor				he took on a
available to him, by notebooks. On pub- landmark. According bring) stability to	clerks, who (3. star at eventually produce lication, the Dictionary ag to his biographer the English langua (9. confer) stability of sion by the king.	ed definitions of ary immediately , James Boswe ige: "It (8. be)	f 40,000 word (6. hail) in ll, Johnson's the corners	ls (5. write) down many European c principal achiever tone of Standard	n in 80 large ountries as a nent was (7. English, an
Your answers:					
1	2		3		
4	. 5	•••••	6	•••••	
7	. 8		9	10	
1. Please (<i>know</i>)	t form of the words i	letter of the 25 th .			
2. Eating fish and lo	ots of vegetables grea	tly increases you	r life (expect)		
	interrupt someone in I am not very (photo)			ce)	
•	ha			made disasters.	
	from the last lectu	re were not alle	owed to atten	d the interview fo	r the coming
project. (absence) 7. The road was (pa	ıss)	because of the	e snow.		
-	getting the house (spo				
	nployee, and is very.				
10	children will no	ot be allowed to	cross busy roa	ds. (accompany)	

Your answers:	•			
1			3	
4	. 5	•••••	6	
7	8		9	. 10
and CORRECT the	low contains 11 mist other ten. (1 p) ll complete -> comp		en done for you as an	example. IDENTIFY
after our long journed not ready, which waiting, we asked a Imagine how we fell organise them had door of the restaura pool was empty. William and the staura pool was empty.	ey and looking forwar as very annoy, althout the excursions to the twhen we were told left suddenly and had ant, saying it has close then we eventually go and a view of a car par	rd to shower and ough the manage to places of an in they had all cane d not been replaced for redecorate t to our room we	the hotel. We were a rest. However, we for was extremely apole of the rest which we had recelled! Apparently, the ced. Then Sally saw a ion, and Peter discover were horrified find the to be used as a rubbis	ound that our room has ogetic. While we were ead about in brochure. person responsible for notice pinning to the red that the swimming at it was at the back of
Your answers:				
1	>	2	>	*******
3	>	4	>,	******
5	>	6	>	•••••
			·····	
			>	
 Dishonesty is fore Yuri Gagarin lift 12th A She was free to in Is it OK if I write If we leave 	pril, 1961. dulge le pencil?	nature. space aboard isure activity lik once, we arriv	the Vostok 1 at 9.0° e reading.	•
Your answers:				
			3	
5			6	•
I had long wholesale chemists, experiments, to be (elements, watched to	(2) large qu (4) last ingother boil and smoke	mixture; I purc antity of (3) redients required e together in (6	n). hased at once, from particular salt, wi l, and late one night, I) glass, and) courage, dra	hich I knew, from my mixed (5) when (7)
Your answers:				
l	2	3	4	5
5	7	8	9	10
PART III: READIN	NG (6 points)		60:	

In a village on the east coast of Scotland, people were waiting for news. Two of fishing-boats had been caught in the storm which had blown up during the night. In the cottages round the harbor

waited and watched blankets and some f began to break over few minutes later. (ne fishing fleet had d with the wives lasks of hot drink in the east, a sma 6) was a s	and families s, knowing that Il point of light hout.	e harbor before dark of the missing mer t the men (4) t was (5) in t	, and the men from these ships n. Some had (3) thick be cold and tired. When dawn the darkness of the water and a
the harbor. The me and tiredness, they	en (8) help	boats were to bed out of their	boats, and (9) the	lighthouse, to the inside of hey were stiff (10) cold
Your answers:	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
II: Read the passag	ge carefully and t	hen choose the	e best answer to eac	h sentence by circling A, B, C
or D (1.5p)				
While many				t reform through education or
by eliminating spec	ific social evils, s	ome thinkers w	anted to start over a	nd remark society by founding
ideal, cooperative	communities. The	e United State	s seemed to them a	spacious and unencumbered
				nunitarian thinkers hoped their
				rty, and other social ills would
cover the land. A n	umber of religious	s groups, notab	ly the Shakers, prac	ticed communal living, but the
			om nonreligious, rati	
				nfluential were Robert Owen,
				nanitarian policies as owner of
				ment was to blame for human
				lanned society. In 1825, he put
				failed economically after a few
				er, a commercial employee in
				erative living influenced many
				Destiny of Man explained
				more of these phalanxes was
				New Jersey, and Brook Farm,
				iel Hawthorne. Noyes founded
the most enduring	and probably the	e oddest of the	utopian communiti	ies, the Oneida Community of
upstate New York.	. Needless to say,	none of these	experiments had any	y lasting effects on the patterns
of American societ	y.			
1. The main topic of	of the passage is	•••••		
A. nineteen	-century schools.		B. America	n reformers
C. the philo	sophy of Fourieri	ism		ommunities in the nineteenth.
		ven in the pass	sage as one of the g	eneral goals of communitarian
philosophers A. To remak		R To	n spread their ideas t	hroughout the United State
	sh ideal communi		create opportunities	
3. The Shakers are				
A. a commu	nal religious grou		B. radical reformer	
C. rationalis		•	D. an influential gr	
		in meaning to t nmitment	the word <i>impetus</i> in C. Drawback	D. Foundation.
A. Stimulus 5. The "nhalanxes			an idea originally co	
A. Albert Br		bert Owen		D. John Humphrey Noyes

	y does the author men			two?	
	A. He founded Brook		S.		
	B. He was a critic of C				•
	C. He wrote a book th				•
	D. He was at one time			ity.	
	ich of the following co				
	A. New Harmony				D. Brook Farm
8. The	word oddest in parag	raph 2 is closest mean	ing to which of the	ne following?	
	A. Earliest B. Mo				unusual
	author implies that, f	or readers, the conclus	ion of the paragra	aph is	_
	A. obvious B. sur			D. practic	cal
	hy did the author prob				
	compare nineteenth-c				
D. 10	present an overview of	of a concept in the first	paragraph and sp	pecific examples:	in the second.
	contrast the work of u				•
D. 10	give the causes for a p	phenomenon in the firs	t paragraph and	its consequences	in the second
777. D	ead the text and dec	ida which word hart	Gto anab blank		-4. 4 D G D
(1.5p)	Read the text and dec	iae wnich word besi j	jus each blank l	by circling the le	ener A, B, C or D
(2007)		ervice (UPS) believes	that its employe	es should aive th	a firm a fair day?
work	for a fair's day pay. T	he nackage delivery fi	rm seems willing	to give more the	e illili a lair day s
But in	(1), UPS expect	s maximum output fro	m its employees	to give more the	m a lan 5 day pay.
	Since 1920s, the firm	m's industrial enginee	rs have been stu	dving every detai	il of every tack (2)
1	by most UPS employe	es. From their studies	have come time	and motion stand	tande that (3)
how t	hose tasks are perforn	ned and how long the	v should take. Di	rivers for examp	le are expected to
walk t	o a customer's door at	a speed of exactly thr	ee feet per secon	d. They are told t	o knock as soon as
they g	et there, rather than (4	time looking for	r a doorbell.	a. They are lose t	o kilook as 50011 as
	Work engineers are	(5) riding with (5)	drivers, timing ev	erything from sto	ons at traffic lights
to wa	it at customers' door	way, to stairway clim	bs, to coffee bro	eak. And they ar	re not (6) to
pointi	ng out the occasional	inefficiency. Additio	nally, supervisor	s ride with the l	east good drivers.
noting	how they work and co	onstantly (7) ther	n until their worl	c is up to standard	i.
	The (8)of all	l this work engineerin	g is efficiency, a	nd UPS has been	n called one of the
most	efficient companies a	inywhere. It's also a	highly profitable	e company. Mos	t drivers take the
regime	entation in stride: man	y show (9) in mo	eting the UPS st	andards each day	. Others, however,
feel th	at they are constantly	being pushed, that it	is impossible fo	or them to (10)	at work. UPS
officia	ils claim that the sta	andards provide acco	untability. And,	they say, emp	loyees who work
accord	ling to UPS standards	should feel less tired a	t the end of the d	ay.	
1:	A. fact	B. exchange	C. return	D. short	
2:	A. hold	B. performed	C. accepted	D. under	
3:	A. indicate	B. govern	C. demonstrate	D. tell	
4:	A. wasting	B. spend	C. spending	D. waste	
5:	A. consistently	B. continually	C. constructive	ly D. chronic	cally
6:	A. impolite	B. brave	C. intimate	D. averse	
7:	A. scolding	B. criticizing	C. encouraging		ing
8:	A. task	B. reason	C. object	D. target	
9:	A. pride	B. passion	C. interest	D. pleasur	
10:	A. rest	B. relieve	C. relax	D. restrair	1
IV. Re	ad through the follow	ving text and then cho	ose the best phro	ase given below,	to fill each of the

IV. Read through the following text and then choose the best phrase given below, to fill each of the gaps. Write one letter (A-I) in each of the numbered gaps. Some of the suggested answers do not fit at all. (0) has been done for you (1p).

Every teacher knows that not all students are good examinees. Some are too tense, become overanxious or too stressed and then perform below expectations just when it matters most.

Teachers try to help by compensating, believing that if they boost a student's academic

knowledge they will cure his fear of exams.
So, last year, (0), I completely rewrote the Business Studies Revision Course at this secondary school. The central idea of the course is to treat the examination as an event, a challenge, a performance, much like a sports match, a drama production, or perhaps a major music concert, (1) and very definitely on the public stage. The idea is to show that the exam is not a test, but an opportunity to show how good the candidate is.
The objective is to improve students' final performance (2), control and ability to cope. The theme of 'total preparation for performance' teaches them that (3) are obviously important, they are only two of the five skills required, the others being coping strategies, mental skills and management skills. These additions give a new dimension (4), increasing enjoyment and motivation. They widen a student's focus and help to convince some of the less confident students that there are many ways in which they can actively contribute towards their (5)
A those not mattering so much B self-confidence and self-esteem
C by increasing self-confidence D relying on my expertise alone
E to a student's revision F but a real desire G while knowledge and examination techniques H but bigger and more important
I drawing on my teaching experience and sports psychology skills
PART FIVE: WRITING (6 points) I. Rewrite the following sentences in such a way that the second sentence has the same meaning as the first one (2p) 1. Something must be done quickly to solve the problem of homelessness. > Urgent
2. Scientists have tried very hard to find a cure for this disease.
> Enormous
3. Just thinking about his face at the moment makes me laugh.
> The very
4. The teachers agreed to introduce the new methods. > There was an
5. The boy does whatever his father wants in an obedient way.
> The boy dances
6. I simply fail to understand some of my colleague's attitudes to work.
>I have some colleagues
7. I did not realize how much he was influenced by his brother.
>I did not realize the extent
8. Mass tourism has been one of the causes of the environmental problems.
>Mass tourism is
9. It was six months since I stopped subscribing to that magazine.
>I cancelled
10. These books are on loan from the British Council library.
>These books have
II: Rewrite the following sentences with the given words in such a way that the second sentence has the same meaning as the first one. Do not change the form of the word in brackets (2p) 1. I can't find the answer without a calculator. (out)

2. My friend took no notice of my advice. (deaf)
3. These two makes of computer are practically the same. (hardly)
4. His smooth manner didn't deceive us. (taken)
5. Everyone who spoke to the victim is a suspect. (under)
6. There's nothing new about crimes of passion (hills)
7. The northwest of Britain has more rain each year than the southeast. (annual)
8. From the educational point of view his childhood years had been well spent. (terms)
9. Make yourself at home. (ceremony)
10. She will probably be elected. (stands)
III: Make all the changes and additions necessary to produce, from the cues given below, complete letter (2p) Dear Rob and Randy,
1. all these weeks/ hospital/ I just/ receive two pieces/ good news.
2. The doctor/ say/I / can / home / few days.
3. My wife tell/ me / how you two/ been clearing/ snow / from our driveway and sidewalk.
4. Have/ such/ good neighbours/ make / very happy.
5. My wife/ tell/ you/ refuse / take / money /for your efforts.
6. But I/ think/ I find / way round that.
7. Please accept / enclosed check.
8. I/ would/ never think/ as payment/ the snow shoveling.
9. but as a sincere token/ appreciation/ your thoughtfulness.
10. Thank/ again / see/ soon.
Best regards,

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM ĐỀ THI CHON HỌC SINH GIỚI NĂM HOC: 2012 – 2013 – MÔN TIẾNG ANH 12 - THPT Total marks: 20

I: Fin	Γ I: PHO	rd in ea	ch line	whose		ined pa	rt is pr	onounc	ed differentl	y from that of	the other
inice	1B	2A		4B		`				•	
	ind the ion by c					n diffei	rent fr	om tha	t of the oth	er three words	in each
	1 A	2C	3B	4D	5A						
I: Ch	correct	word o	or phras or phras	se whic se. (2 p)	h best c	complete		sentend 9D	ce. Circle the	e letter A, B, C	or D next
1D 11A	2B 12C	3C 13C	4B 14A	5A 15D	6A 16B	7B 17C	8C 18C	9D 19A	10A 20C		•
1. to	ut each produce s hailed	_		ving rea	into an			4. di	form (1p) d not have nferred	5. written 10. was gr	
1. acl	Give the knowled sentees	ge 2.	expect	ancy	3. m	bracket id-sente potlessly	nce		photogenic onscientious	5. deforesta 10. Unaccomp	
IV. I and (The pass CORRE	CT the	other to	en. (1 p	1 mista) [0.1 p complet	for each	has be h both	en done identifie	e for you as ed and correc	an example. II cted mistake]	ENTIFY
4. an 7. or	ower -> interest ganise -> orrified	→ inte organ	rest ising		8. pinn	→ was ochure- ing→ p		rochure	6. canc	oy→ annoying celled→ been ca closed→ was cl	
V. F	<i>ilļ in ead</i> 1. to	ch blan 2. off		one suit 3. in	able pr	<i>epositio</i> 4. in	n or pa		<i>l p)</i> . r - at - with -	in 6. out	
<i>VI. I</i> 1. a	<i>nsert</i> th 2.		or X (n 3. a			e neces. 5. the	6. th		. the 8. a	9. 0	10. the
	0	assage	and us ached/er	e ONL		ought/go	ot	4. wo	each gap (2 ould h/ though	2 p). 5. seen/ visible 10. with/ from	
	Read the (1.5p)	passag	e caref	ully an	d then d	choose i	he besi	i answei	r to each sen	ntence by circlin	ıg A, B, C
1.D	2C	3 A	4A	5C	6D	7B	8D	9A	10B		•
	Read th		ving tex	ct and d	lecide n	hich we	ord bes	t fits ea	ch blank by	circling the lett	er A, B, C

1C 2B 3B 4D 5B 6D 7D 8C 9A 10C

IV. Read through the following text and then choose the best phrase given below, to fill each of the gaps. Write one letter (A-I) in each of the numbered gaps. Some of the suggested answers do not fit at all. (0) has been done for you (1p).

0. I 1. H

2. C

3. G

4. E

5. B

PART FIVE: WRITING (6 points)

I: Rewrite the following sentences in such a way that the second sentence has the same meaning as the first one (2p)

- 1. Urgent action must be taken to solve the problem of homelessness.
- 2. Enormous efforts have been made by scientists to find a cure for this disease.
- 3. The very thought of his face at the moment makes me laugh.
- 4. There was an agreement among the teachers to introduce the new methods.
- 5. The boy dances attendance on/upon his father.
- 6. I have some colleagues whose attitudes to work I simply fail to understand.
- 7. I did not realize the extent to which he was influenced by his brother.
- 8. Mass tourism is partly responsible/ to blame for the environmental problems.
- 9. I cancelled my subscription/subscribing to that newspaper six months ago.
- 10. These books have been lent by the British Council library.

II: Rewrite the following sentences with the given words in such a way that the second sentence has the same meaning as the first one. Do not change the form of the word in brackets (2p)

- 1. I can't work out the answer without calculator.
- 2. My friend turned a deaf ear to my advice.
- 3. There is/are hardly any difference(s) between these two makes of computer.
- 4. We were not taken in by his smooth manner.
- 5. Everyone who spoke to the victim is under suspicion.
- 6. Crimes of passion are as old as the hills
- 7. The annual rainfall in/for the northeast of Britain is higher than that in/for the southeast.
- 8. In terms of education, his childhood years had been well spent.
- 9. Don't stand on ceremony
- 10. She stands a (good) chance of being elected.

III: Make all the changes and additions necessary to produce, from the cues given below, a complete letter (2p)

Dear Rob and Randy,

- 1. After all these weeks in (the) hospital I (have) just received two pieces of good news.
- 2. The doctor said/says that I could/can go home in a few days.
- 3. My wife told me how you two have been clearing the snow from our driveway and sidewalk
- 4. Having such good neighbours like you makes me very happy.
- 5. My wife told me you refused to take any money for your efforts.
- 6. But I think I've found a way round that.
- 7. Please accept this/ the/my/our enclosed check.
- 8. I would never think it as payment for the snow shovelling
- 9. but as a sincere token of our appreciation for your thoughtfulness.
- 10. Thanks again/Thank you again and see you soon.

Best regards,

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO THANH HOÁ TRƯỜNG THPT LƯƠNG ĐẮC BẰNG

KỲ THI CHỌN ĐỘI TUYỀN HỌC SINH GIỚI CÁP TỈNH NĂM HỌC 2013 – 2014

Môn: TIẾNG ANH (VÒNG II)

Đề thi gồm có: 04 trang

Thời gian làm bài:180 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề) Ngày thi: 02 tháng 11 năm 2013

	· · · · · · · · ·	.8,								
SECTION I – PHONETIC			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
			m the rest in the same line. (5p)							
1.A.several	B. suppose	C. decisive	D. si <u>s</u> ter							
2.A. muddle 3.A. ready 4.A. wind	B. str <u>ug</u> gle	C. b <u>u</u> sh	D. interrupt							
3.A. r <u>ea</u> dy	B. measure	C. st <u>ea</u> k	D. st <u>ea</u> lth							
4.A. w <u>ind</u>	B. behind	C. m <u>ind</u>	D. f <u>ind</u>							
5.A. <u>ch</u> alice	B. <u>cha</u> llenge	C. <u>ch</u> oice	D. <u>ch</u> emist							
II. Pick out the word that has the stress syllable differently from that of the other words.(5p)										
1.A. application	B. certificate	C. biology	D. security							
2. A. university 3. A. identify 4. A. academic	B. punctuality	C. agricultural	D.mathematician							
3. A. identify	B. secondary	C. luxuriously	D. majority							
4. A. academic	B. engineering	C. availabe	D.sympathetic							
5.A. obligatory	B. geographical	C. international	D. undergraduate							
SECTION II- VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR										
I. Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each sentence below and write your answers in the										
answer sheet.(10p)										
1. She refused to eat meat u										
A. circumstances	B. occasion	C. opportunity	D. reason							
2. It was difficult to guess v	vhat he to	the news would be.								
A. feelings	B. reaction	C. capital	D. opinion							
3. Though badly damaged b	y fire, the palace was o	eventually to its o	original splendour.							
A. repaired	B. renewed	C. restored	D. renovated							
4. He didn't know anyone a	t the wedding	than the bride and t	the groom.							
	B. other									
5. When you are an old age	pensioner, you have to	learn to a v	ery small income.							
A. live on	B. live up to	C. live out	D. live down							
A. live on 6. I felt so much better, my	doctor me	to take a holiday by the	e sea.							
A. suggested	B. considered	C. accepted	D. advised							
7. He said that the plane had	d already left and that I	arrived	an hour earlier.							
A. must have	B. had to	C. should have	D. was supposed to							
8. Alice didn't expect	to Bill's party.									
A. to ask	B. being asked	C. to be asked	D. asking							
9. The restaurants on the isla	and are expensive, so it	's worth	a packed lunch.							
A. take	B. to take	C. taking	D. taken							
10. When the alarm went of	ff, Mick just turned	-	k to sleep.							
A. down		C. up	D. out							
II.Put the verb in brackets		-								
1. When he (not arrive) by 6.00, I (know) He (miss) the bus.										
2. Something (tell) me that you (not listen) to a single word I (say) in										
the past tense minutes.										
3. Same (not receive) the parcel the last time I (speak) to him.										
4. When you (feel) hungry, room service (bring) you whatever you want.										
, (1001)	nungij, toom setv	(Orms)	god made of god man							

III. Give the correct forms of the words in brackets to complete the blan the answer sheet. (10p)	
1. The judges describe Jones as a criminal who was a danger to memb	ers of the public.
	HARD
2. Rescue team held out little hope of finding other	SURVIVE
3. He works for UNESCO in a purely role.	ADVICE
4 of the new system will take several days.	INSTALL
5. This type of behaviour is no longer acceptable.	SOCIETY
6. Watching television can be very	EDUCATION
7. Teachers must keep a record of students'	ATTEND
8. Our school set up a project to the library system.	COMPUTER
9. The breakdown of the negotiations was not	EXPECT
10. Those countries are on other countries for most of their food.	DEPEND
IV. Fill in each gap with a suitable preposition. (10 points)	
1 behalf of the department I would like to thank you all.	
2. Many people expressed a strong preference the original plan) .
3. They were refused entrance the exhibition .	
4. He graduated York with a degree in Psychology.	
5. We had an argument the waiter about the bill.	
6. She complimented him his exellent German.	
7. She sacrificed everything her children.	
8. Sit down and make yourself home.	
9. He works away home during the week.	
10. The searchers spread to over the area faster.	
SECTION III – READING	
I.Read the following passage carefully and then answer the questions be Traditionally the United States has been described as a melting poidentities of each immigrant group are melted down to create an intergrate 1960s, many Americans have rejected the melting pot metaphor in favour picture created by assembling many small stones or tiles. In a mosaic, each distinctive identity, while contributing to a larger design. Advocates of the better represents the diverse multicultural society of the United States. To immigrant heritage as an important part of their identity. More recent imm as Vietnamese Americans and Korean Americans, have established comm populated by the descendants of European immigrants, such as French An Irish Americans and Italian Americans. 1. Why has the United States often been described as a melting pot?	t, a place where the previous ed, uniform society. Since the of the image of the <i>mosaic</i> , a h peace retains its own e mosaic metaphor assert that it day, may Americans value their aigrant groups from Asia, such unities alongside those
2. Why have people been in favour of the image of the "mosaic"?	
3. What does the word " mosaic" mean?	****************
4. What have immigrant groups from Asia done to maintain their identity?	•••••••
5. Name some recent immigrant groups from Asia in the United States?	••••••
II.Read the following passage and then choose the most suitable word for CAR CATCHES FIRE Three people jumped(1) a car on a busy Oxford road after a	• •
morning. They were just able to rescue their possessions before the car bu Collins, 25, of Wey Road, Berinsfield(3) his Avenger asta with two friends when he noticed smoke coming into the car. He stopp open the bonnet. He poured a bottle of water over the radiator where the	rst into(2). Mr. Peter te car home(4) work led,(5) was unable to

could not put out the flames	. He then	(6) to get fire extingu	ishers from a nearby(7)		
but(8) also failed	l to have any effe	ect(9) he teleph	oned for a(10), but by the		
time it arrived, the car was to	stally burned out.		······································		
,					
1. A. into	B. on	C. out of	D. over		
2. A. flames	B. petrol	C. smoke	D. sparks		
3. A.drove	B. has driven	C. was driving	D. was driven		
4. A. to	B. from	C. at	D. in		
5.A. but	B. because	C. although	D. so		
6. A. wandered	B. jumped	C. walked	D. ran		
7.A. hospital			—		
8. A. this	B. garage	C.library	D. swimming pool		
	B. those	C. that	D. these		
9. A. At length	B. Finally	C. At the end	D. Terminally		
10. A. police car	B. ambulance	C. taxi	D. fire engine		
III. Keaa the passage below	carefully. Then ch	toose the correct answer	: A, B, C or D that best answers		
the question about the passa					
			nd, Peter. Early in the morning we		
			urprise. We saw a duck come		
along with three ducklings pa	adding cheerfully	behind her. As we watch	ed them, there was a sudden swirl		
in the water. We caught a gli	mpse of the viciou	is jaws of a pike- a fish v	which is rather like a freshwater		
shark- and one of the ducklir	igs was dragged be	elow the surface.			
			n three successive mornings we		
			hird day Peter was lucky. Using an		
artificial frog as bait, he man					
			e and killed it, he wieghed the fish		
and found that it scaled near	v thirty pounds- a	record for that district	o and minou is, no wroging the non		
1. Why do you think Peter wa	s sitting quietly h	v the lake ?			
A. He was watching the duck	cs of this desict of	He was waiting for the	nike to annear		
B. He wasn't very talkative.	D. C.	. He was waiting for the j	pike to appear.		
2. To what does surprise in					
A. to the duck.					
B. to the ducklings.		to the action of the pike	•		
		to the time of the day.			
3. What were Peter's feeling:					
A. He caught and killed the p		. He vowed that he would	d catch the remaining ducklings		
B. He remained determined to		. He caught a frog and us	sed it as bait for the pike.		
4. How much was the pike w	orth?				
A. about thirty pounds.					
B. about two hundred and for	rty dollars.				
C. the passage contains no in	formation on this	point.			
D. the passage says that the f					
5. Which of the following tit	les best sums up th	ne whole passage?			
A. Mysterious disappearance	of ducklings. C	. Record pike caught by a	an angry fisherman.		
B. Revenge on a duck.			after desperate struggle at sea.		
SECTION IV D WRITING					
- -		aha 4h4 i4			
	ing seniences in s	such a way inai ii mean:	s exactly the same as the sentence		
printed before it (5 points).					
1. But for your unsuspected t	alents as a mechar	nic, he would have been	stranded there for hours.		
- If	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	***************************************	•••••		
2. Let's invite the Browns to		ay.			
- He suggested					
3. The only thing that prevented the passing of the bill was the death of the Prime Minister.					
- Had it not		•••••	•••••		

4. I've forgotten that commentator's name but he's very well-known.
- That commentator,
- Not until
II. Using the word given and other words, complete the sencond sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. (Spoints)
1. There's no point in asking George to help. (WORTH)
- ItGerge to help. 2. The last time I saw him was when I lived in London. (SINCE)
- I
3. I don't normally go into town by car. (USED)
- Iinto town by car.
4. Nobody plays this piece as beautifully as he does. (MORE)
- He plays this pieceelse.
5. I couldn't go to work because of the transport strike. (PREVENTED)
- Ito work by the transport strike.
III. Using the cues below to complete each sentence of the following passage. (5p) 1. Teacher/ Day/ Vietnam/ fall/ twenty/ November/ each year.
2. General/ it / be/ mean/ schoolchildren/ show/ appreciation/ teacher/ who/ guide/ in/ study.
3. In / a/ time/ forget/ bad/ experience/ student/ have/ teacher/ scold/ punish.
4. Students/ give/ teacher/ flower/ small/ gift.
5. Small/ party/ hold/ and/ there/ be/ atmosphere/ fun/ amusement/ school.
IV. Writing an essay (10p) Living in a tranditional family of three or four generations has both advantages and disadvantages. Wha do you think of that matter? Write an essay of about 180- 200 words to support your points.
THE END

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO THANH HOÁ TRƯỜNG THPT LƯƠNG ĐẮC BẰNG

KỲ THI CHỌN ĐỘI TUYỂN HỌC SINH GIỚI CÁP TỈNH NĂM HỌC: 2013 – 2014

Môn: TIẾNG ANH (VÒNG II)

Thời gian: 180 phút

A. ĐÁP ÁN ĐÈ THI CHỌN ĐỘI TUYỂN HSG VÒNG II

SECTION I: Phonetics (10 POINTS)

I. A. (1p for 1 correct answer X = 5 points)

٠ -	<u> </u>				
ſ	1. B	2. C	3. C	4. A	5. D

B. (1p for 1 correct answer X = 5 points)

1.A	2.D	3.B	4.C	5.A

SECTION II: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (40 POINTS)

I. (1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 10 points)

1.A	2. B	3. C	4. B	5. A
6. D	7. C	8. C	9. C	10. B

II. (1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 10 points)

- 1. didn't arrive/ knew/ hadn't missed
- 2. tells/ haven't been listening/ have said
- 3. hadn't received/ spoke
- 4. feel/will bring

III. (1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 10 points)

1. hardened

6. eduacational

2. survivors

7. attendances

3. advisory

8. computerize

4. Installation

9. unexpected

5. socially

10. dependent

IV. (1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 10 points)

1. On

6. on

2. for

7. for

3. to

8. at

4. from

9. from

5. with

10. out

SECTION III. READING (25 POINTS)

I.(10 points): 2 pts/ each correct answer.

- 1. Because the United States is a place where the previous identities of each immigrant group are melted down to create an intergrated, uniform society.
- 2. Because it better represents the diverse multicultural society of the United States.
- 3.It means a picture create by assembling many small stones or tiles.
- 4. They have established communities alongside those populated by the descendants of European immigrants.
- 5. They are Vietnamese Americans and Korean Americans.

II. (10 points): 1 pts/ each correct answer.

1.C	2. A	3. C	4. B	5. A
6. D	7. B	8. D	9. B	10. D

III.(5 points): 1 pts/ each correct answer.

	<u> </u>			
1. D	2. C	3. B	4. C	5. C

SECTION IV: WRITING (25 POINTS)

I.(1p for 1 correct answer X = 5 points)

- 1. If it hadn't been for your unsuspected talents as a mechanic, we would have been stranded there for hours.
- 2. He suggested inviting the Browns to the party on Sunday.
- 3. Had it not been for the death of the Prime Minister, the bill would have been passed.
- 4. That commentator, whose name I've forgotten, is very well-known.
- 5. Not until he came into the light did I recognise him.

II.(1p for 1 correct answer X = 5 points)

- 1. It's worth asking George to help.
- 2. I haven't seen him since I lived in London.
- 3. I am not used to going into town by car.
- 4. He plays this piece more beautifully than anybody/ anyone else.
- 5. I was prevented from going to work by transport strike.

III. (1p for 1 correct answer X = 5 points)

- 1. Teacher's day in Vietnam falls on the twentieth of November each year.
- 2. Generally/ In general, it is meant for schoolchildren to show their appreciation to their teachers who have guided them in their studies.
- 3. It is a time to forget the bad experiences students may have of their teachers scolding and punishing them.
- 4. Students give their teachers flowers and small gifts.
- 5. Small parties are held and there is an atmosphere of fun and amazenment in the school.

II. 10 points

Gợi ý cách cho điểm:

- 1. Form: an essay (2points)
 - + Easy to read
 - + Coherent
- 2. Content: (4 points)
 - +Successful fulfillment of the task.
- 3. Language: (4 points)
 - + Appropriate vocabulary (1 point)
 - + Suitable connectors (0.5 point)
 - + Correct grammar (2 points)
 - + Punctuating/ Spelling (0.5 point)

B. HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM

Tổng toàn bài 100 points.

Bài thi tính thang điểm 20

Tổng số điểm học sinh làm đúng

Điểm bài thi = -----

SỞ GIÁO DỤC & ĐÀO TẠO	KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI LỚP 12 VÒNG 2		
LONG AN	Môn thi: Tiếng Anh	no knowers	
	Ngày thi: 10/ 11/ 2011		
(Đề chính thức)	Thời gian: 180 phút (không kể phát đề)		

I. LISTENING (6/40 points):

PART 1: You are going to listen to two students talking about libraries in Australia.

Listen and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for each question.

- 1/ Why is Yumi worried?
 - A. She is a new student
 - B. She doesn't know very much about libraries
 - C. She hasn't used a library much
 - D. She has a lot of assignments.
- 2/ Who advised Yumi to join the local library?
 - A. her flat mate
 - B. Mary Ann
 - C. The librarian
 - D. Mary Ann and Yumi's flat mate
- 3/ What items cannot be borrowed from the local library?
 - A. Books
 - B. Video and audio tapes or CDs
 - C. CDs
 - D. Newspaper
- 4/ If Yumi returned the book two days after the loan period has ended,
 - A. she will have to pay the fine
 - B. she will have to pay 10 cents
 - C. it won't cost her anything
 - D. she can't borrow anything later
- 5/ Why hasn't Yumi been to university library yet?
 - A. She couldn't attend the orientation activities

- B. She has been sick all week
- C. She has to go to her lecture
- D. She doesn't know where it is

Label the map of the library below. Choose the correct letter from A-E for each answer:

E					
Quiet Study Area) .	A			
		·		÷	
D					
		Circulat	ions Desk		otocopiers
			ious pezk	С	
	MAIN ENTRAN				
I		•••••	••••••••	••••••	
6. Return box:					
7. Library computers:					
8. Monograph collection:					
9. Reference section:					
10. Advisor's desk:					
Your answers:					

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

PART 2

You will hear an interview with a man called Richard Porter who is a maker of musical instruments called organs. Listen and complete the sentences:

Musical Instrument Maker

Richard's first ambition was to be a	
Richard makes organs which are used churches worldwide.	in 2 and
It costs £ Richard makes.	to buy one of the organs which
According to Richard, personal with most of his overseas clients.	provide him
Richard says that he is involved in	5 organs, as
well as building and selling them. In terms of raw materials, only the	6 that Richard
uses comes from Britain.	
Richard's new workshop will be a build	ing that was once used as a
	Control of the Contro

Richa	ard will have to work in a	a		8 as	well as in his	3
new v	vorkshop.	<u> </u>				
	only thing that Richard was new workshop is the	ill have		9	to pay	y
The n	ew workshop will be perfe	ect for the i	nstruments Dichard	makaa haaayaa i	<i>t</i> : a a	
i ne n	ew workshop will be perfe	ect for the fi	nstruments Richard		t is a	
			10	place.		
Your	answers:					
1.			6.			_
2.	- 1110		7.			_
3.			8.	t t		_
4.			9.			_
5.	~		10.	T-12-12-1		-
PAR	. LEXICO-GRAMMAR Γ 1 se the word or phrase (A	-		etes each senten	·	
	Even though they don't a protest.					
	A. outgoing B.	. subdued	C. quiet	D. apathetic	}	
2.	The policeman	me off wit	h a warning as it wa	as Christmas.		
	A. sent B.	. gave	C. let	D. set		
3.	Big cities like New York	and Tokyo	are populate	ed.		
	A. greatly B.	. closely	C. densely	D. v	ariously	
4.	I am sorry for all the A. hostile B.	 . abrupt	things I said to you. C. nasty	ı. D. sl	_	
					4	٠

5.	Conservationists	are worried that	at many pot	entially valuable	of plants and
	animals are threa	tened with exti	nction.		
	A. examples	B. brands	,	C. variations	D. species
6.	I find his behavio	or towards me	quite	He treats me l	ike an idiot.
	A. offending	B. insulti	ng	C. crude	D. ill-mannered
7.	At first Tom insi	sted he was rig	ht, but then	began to	
	A.back down	B. follow	up	C. drop off	D. break up
8.	It's no good pret	ending. You've	got to	reality.	
	A. bargain for	B. come	up against	C. face up to	D. get down to
9.	In the United Sta	ates,	is the m	ost concentrated is I	New Orleans
	A. French influe	ence the city		C. the city where	French influence
	B. Where the cit	ty influences F	rench	D. where the Fren	ach influence the city
10). They turned the j	proposal	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.that it didn't fulfill	their requirements.
	A. allowing	B. as a car	use	C. by reason	D. on the grounds
Your	answers:				
1.		2.	3.	4.	5.
6		7	0	0	10

PART 2:

In most lines of the following text, there is either a spelling or an punctuation error, for each numbered line 1-15, write the correctly spelt word or show the correct punctuation in the space on the right. Some lines are correct. Indicate these lines with a tick (<). The first three lines are done for you as examples.

How Equal Are Woman, Really?	
On the face of it, women in Britain haven't done too badly over the passed	0. past
thirty years. There has been a woman Prime Minister a woman has gone into	0. Minister, a
space, and women are ordained as priests. They have won the right to equal	0. ✓
pay with men for the same work inspite of the fact that they still earn only	1.
80% of their male colleague's salaries. They have even become professionals	2.
in what have always been considered male sports, like football. But can it	3.
really be said that equality of the sexes is fact rather than wishful thinking.	4.
The trouble begins at school, though equality shouldn't be an issue in	5.

education since, acording to the Department of Education's statistics, they do	6.
better than boys in exams at all levels. Nevertheless, they are at an immediate	7.
disadvantage as soon as they apply for jobs and go out to work. Teachers	8.
believe its vital to overcome this by encouraging them to study subjects like	9.
physics, which have been almost exclusively a male preserve. A peice of	10.
research recently carried out at Reading University may explain why boys	11.
succeed, weather or not they have better academic qualifications. It shows	12.
that they are willing to call out answers in class and risk making mistakes,	13.
whereas girls feel self conscious. This capacity to take the lead is why boys	14.
tend to make a better impresion at an interview for a business career, though	15.
they may not always prove to be the best choice thereafter.	
	· ·

1.	6.	11.	
2.	7.	12.	
3.	8.	13.	
4.	9.	14.	
5.	10.	15.	

PART 3:

Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits the space in the same line.

The Desire to Know	
Curiosity goes back to the dawn of human (0)existenceThis	EXIST
irresponsible desire to know is not a (1)of inanimate objects.	CHARACTER
Nor does it seem to be attributable to some forms of living organism which,	
for that very reason, we can scarcely bring ourselves to consider alive. A	
tree, for example, does not display (2)curiosity, nor does a	RECOGNISE
sponge or even an oyster. If chance events bring them poison, predators or	
parasites, they die as (3)as they lived.	CEREMONIOUS
Early in the scheme of life, (4)motion was developed by	DEPEND
some organisms. It meant an (5)advance in their control of	ORDINARY
the environment. A moving organism no longer waited in stolid	·
(6)for food to come its way, but went out after it. The individual	RIGID
that hesitated in the (7)search for food, or that was overly	ZEAL
(8)in its investigation, starved.	CONSERVE
As organisms grew more complex, more messages of greater variety were	
received from and about the (9)environment. At the same	ROUND
time, the nervous system, the living instrument that interprets and stores the	
data collected by the sense organs, became (10)complex.	INCREASE

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

PART 4:

Replace the underlined expressions in the sentences below with the suitable phrasal verbs in the box. Make any necessary changes. There are more words than you need.

suck up to	put across	drop out of	pick up	drag on	
dumb down	count towards	swot up	kick out		
clamp down on	take over	mess around	step	down	

- 1. I've got tests all next week- I've really got to revise hard.
- 2. Todd stopped attending school at 16 because he considered schoolwork a waste of time
- 3. Does this term's test mark contribute to our final grade?
- 4. Apparently, the headmaster is going to implement punishments more strictly for truancy.
- 5. Just because Jilly cleaned the blackboard, it doesn't mean she is trying to <u>make herself</u> <u>popular</u> with the teacher.
- 6. If you make too much noise in Mrs. Skinner's class, she will make you leave.
- 7. I can't wait for the summer holidays- this term has seemed to <u>last a long time</u>.
- 8. So many students lacked basic numeracy skills that the course has been <u>made simpler and easier</u>.
- 9. I couldn't hear the teacher because the other kids were behaving badly.
- 10. Surely if Hannah were dyslexic, it would have been noticed long before now.

1.	6.
2.	7.
3.	8.
4.	9.
5,	10.

PART 5:

Read the text below and think of the word that best fits the gap. Use one word for each gap only. The first one is done as an example.

Advertising

Each	and	(0)every	day	we s	ee hu	ndreds	of	advertising	images.
(1)	• • • • • • • • •	other of image co	nfronts us (2))		anythi	ing lil	ke the same f	requency.
Never	in hist	tory (3)	there been	such a c	oncentr	ation of	visua	l messages.	The brain
cannot	help	(4)take	these mes	sages in	, and	for a n	nome	nt they stim	ulate the
imagin	ation ((5)virt	ue of their ap	peal to m	emory	or expec	tation	1.	
Adver	ising i	s usually justified	as a competi	tive med	ium of	benefit ((6)		he public
		manufactures. (7).							-
brand	compe	tes against another	r, it is also ju	st (8)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	true	that	such publici	ty images
confirm	n and	enhance others. T	hat there are	choices	to he n	nade (Q)		witho	ut savina

but, ultimately, advertising as a system makes a single proposal- namely (10)......we transform ourselves, or our lives, by buying something more. We are led to believe that, by (11)......doing, we will in (12).....way or another become richer- but in fact we will become poor, (13).....spent our money.

Advertising shows us people who have apparently been transformed into a new state and are, as a result, enviable. The state of being envied is (14)......constitutes glamour. And advertising is in the business (15)......manufacturing glamour.

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

PART 6:

Complete the sentences below, using one of the words in the box.

arrest	consequence	lead	face	increase	means
praise	appearance	reach	intention	exception	stage

- 1. Crime is said to be on the (a).....in this area, and in (b).....the mayor has appealed for more police to be brought in to deal with it.
- 2. Before the police could put him under (a)....., he fled abroad to a country without an extradition treaty, beyond the (b)..... of authorities.
- 3. On the (a).....of it, it looks a simple task but from bitter experience I know that it isn't easy by any (b).....
- 4. There have been several reviews in (a)......of the film but it's too early to say at this (b).....that it will win the prize at the festival.
- 5. He took the (a).....in arranging these meetings and has every (b)......of playing his full part in the process.

Your answers:

1.(a)	2. (a)	3. (a)	4. (a)	5. (a)
(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)

III. READING (8/40 points)

PART 1:

Read the following passage and decide which answer A, B, C, or D best fits each gap.

MEN AND SHOPPING

Normally, a crèche is where children are looked after while their parents work, but recently a shopping center opened a 'crèche' which (1)....... men to play computer games while their partners go shopping. The aim is to (2)....... men to feel that shopping is fun. You only have to (3)...... at men's faces in a shopping center in the UK to realize that they find shopping less (4)...... than women. Whether they are well off or (5)...... up, the effect is the same: they are so anxious before they go shopping that their stress levels increase to a truly (6)...... extent, comparable to those felt by (7)...... fighter pilots or riot police. According to one psychologist, women are much more (8)...... in the shops and men get so impatient because men are less used to shopping than women. She adds that, quite (9)..... over the years, women have developed a laid-back (10)...... to shopping, but that men's negative feelings (11)...... when they are buying things for people other than themselves. It's understandable, then, that women (12)...... men for not (13)...... an effort when it comes to buying things for the family. She notes that, in the UK, many men (14)...... to go shopping at all, or claim to feel (15)...... out after only five minutes. Let's hope the crèche makes a difference!

 A. enables A. support A. catch A. funny A. short A. astonished A. taught A. comfortable A. biologically A. acceptance A. exaggerate A. complain A. making A. cancel A. broken 	B. opens B. encourage B. spot B. silly B. hard B. influential B. experienced B. convenient B. physically B. appeal B. lengthen B. criticize B. taking B. refuse B. fed	C. makes C. convince C. watch C. enjoyable C. week C. easy C. tested C. relaxing C. naturally C. agreement C. increase C. object C. doing C. reject	D. removes D. let D. glance D. capable D. poor D. amazing D. prepared D. restful D. environmentally D. approach D. add D. argue D. giving D. deny D. tired
15. A. broken	B. fed	C. paid	D. tired

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

PART 2:

Read the following passage and do the tasks below:

Day after day we hear about how anthropogenic development is causing global warming. According to an increasingly vocal minority, however, we should be asking ourselves how much of this is media hype and how much is based on real evidence. It seems, as so often is the case that it depends on which expert you listen to, or which statistics you study.

Yes, it is true that there is a mass of evidence to indicate that the world is getting warmer, with one of the world's leading weather predictors stating that air temperatures have shown an increase of just under half a degree Celsius since the beginning of the twentieth century. And while this may not sound like anything worth losing sleep over, the international press would have us believe that the consequences could be devastating. Other experts, however, are of the opinion that what we are seeing is just part of a natural upward and downward swing that has always been part of the cycle of global weather. An analysis of the views of major meteorologists in the United States showed that less than 20% of them believed that any change in temperature over the last hundred years was our own fault - the rest attributed it to natural cyclical changes.

There is, of course, no denying that we are still at a very early stage in understanding weather. The effects of such variables as rainfall, cloud formation, the seas and oceans gases such as methane and ozone, or even solar energy are still not really understood, and therefore the predictions that we make using them cannot always be relied on. Dr. James Hansen, in 1988, was predicting that the likely effects of global warming would be a rising of world temperature which would have disastrous consequences for mankind: "a strong cause and effect relationship between the current climate and human alteration of the atmosphere". He has now gone on record as stating that using artificial models of climate as a way of predicting change is all but impossible. In fact, he now believes that, rather than getting hotter, our planet is getting greener as a result of the carbon dioxide increase, with the prospect of increasing vegetation in areas which in recent history have been frozen wastelands.

In fact, there is some evidence to suggest that as our computer-based weather models have become more sophisticated, the predicted rises in temperature have been cut back. In addition, if we look at the much reported rise in global temperature over the last century, a close analysis reveals that the lion's share of that increase, almost three quarters in total, occurred before man began to "poison" his world with industrial processes and the accompanying greenhouse gas emissions in the second half of the twentieth century.

So should we pay any attention to those stories that scream out at us from billboards and television news headlines, claiming that man, with his inexhaustible dependence on oil-based machinery and ever more sophisticated forms of transport is creating a nightmare level of greenhouse gas emissions, poisoning his environment and ripping open the ozone layer? Doubters point to scientific evidence, which can prove that, of all the greenhouse gases, only two percent come from man-made sources, the rest resulting from natural emissions. Who, then, to believe: the environmentalist exhorting us to leave the car at home, to buy re-usable products

packaged in recycled paper and to plant trees in our back yard? Or the skeptics, including, of course, a lot of big businesses who have most to lose, when they tell us that we are making a mountain out of a molehill? And my own opinion? The jury's still out as far as I am concerned!

Question 1-6: Choose the appropriate letters (A, B, C or D), based on the information from the passage.

- 1. The author
- A believes that man is causing global warming
- B believes that global warming is a natural process
- C is sure what the causes of global warming are
- D does not say what he believes the causes of global warming are
- 2. As to the cause of global warming, the author believes that
- A occasionally the facts depend on who you are talking to
- B the facts always depend on who you are talking to
- C often the facts depend on which expert you listen to
- D you should not speak to experts
- 3. More than 80% of the top meteorologists in the United States are of the opinion that
- A global warming should make us lose sleep
- B global warming is not the result of natural cyclical changes, but man-made
- C the consequences of global warming will be devastating
- D global warming is not man-made, but the result of natural cyclical changes
- 4. Our understanding of weather
- A leads to reliable predictions
- **B** is variable
- C cannot be denied

- D is not very developed yet
- 5. Currently, Dr. James Hansen's beliefs include the fact that
- A it is nearly impossible to predict weather change using artificial models
- B the consequences of global warming would be disastrous for mankind
- C there is a significant link between the climate now, and man's changing of the atmosphere
- D Earth is getting colder
- 6. Which of these is the best title for this text?
- A Global Warming is for real
- **B** Global warming media hype or genuine threat?
- C Weather changes over the last 100 years
- D Global Warming the greatest threat to mankind

Questions 7-13: Do the statements below agree with the information in the reading passage?

On your answer sheet write:

Yes if the statement agrees with the information in the passage

No if the statement contradicts the information in the passage

Not Given if there is no information about the statement in the passage

- 7. Computer-based weather models have become more sophisticated.
- 8. At the same time that computer-based weather models have become more sophisticated, weather forecasters have become more expert.
- 9. Most of the increase in global temperature happened in the second half of the twentieth century.
- 10. The media wants us to blame ourselves for global warming.
- 11. The media encourages the public to use environmentally friendly vehicles, such as electric cars to combat global warming.
- 12. Environmentalists are very effective at persuading people to be kind to the environment.

13. Many big businesses are on the side of the skeptics as regards the cause of global warming.

Questions 14-15: Complete the sentences below. Use NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS from the passage for each blank space. Write your answers on your answer sheet.

14. As well as planting trees and not driving, the environmentalist would like us to choose products that are wrapped ______ and can be used more than once.

15. Big businesses would have us believe that we are making too much fuss about global warming, because they have ______.

Your answers:

6.	11.	
7.	12.	
8.	13.	
9.	14.	
10.	15.	
	7. 8. 9.	7. 12. 8. 13. 9. 14.

PART 3:

Read the article. Choose the most suitable headings (A-L) for paragraphs (1-8) from the list of headings in the box below. There are more headings than paragraphs, so do not use all of them

- A. Know when to stop
- B. Organize
- C. Check your notes are accurate
- D. Use various formats for your notes
- E. Take mock exams seriously
- F. Work out what you revise
- G. Study with your colleagues
- H. Read textbooks
- I. Start early
- J. Look for mock exams
- K. Check the information in your textbooks
- L. Revise

REVISING FOR EXAMS

The way to do well at History is to know which study techniques work best for you as an individual. Nevertheless, here are some sensible guidelines that are worth following.

1.

Apply good study skills from the beginning of your course rather than seek magical solutions a few weeks before the exam. Ideally, every evening you should read through the notes you made that day, improving them and making sure they are useful. Then, every few months, go through all the notes- this will make your final revision much easier. In this way, essential information will be committed to your long-term memory and will be readily recalled, even under stressful exam conditions. You will also avoid last-minute cramming, which is seldom useful.

2.

Make sure that you have a copy of the syllabus or course handbook. Check the format of your exam. How many papers? How many questions must be answered? Are there any compulsory sections? Sort out any external or personal problems that may hamper your progress. If necessary talk with your tutor, student counseling service or doctor. From Easter cut out or cut down your weekend employment until after the exams.

3.

Listen to your teacher's advice on important areas or likely questions. Select topics for revision. Decide what number you need to know about: for example if you are required to answer four questions, go through the papers of the last few years and make sure you can answer five or six of them. If you can answer them all, take care- you are probably working too hard.

4.

Do not work from poor materials. Improve your notes by comparison with a friend's or read them alongside a textbook, making any additions and modifications needed. Make sure that you understand them before you try to commit them to memory- if you don't, the ideas simply will now stick. Underline, color or highlight headings and key points.

5.

The more your notes are rewritten, the better you will remember them. Summarize key information on each topic on one A4 page. Abbreviate again on small index cards: carry them round with you and learn them whenever you have a few spare minutes. If you are having difficulty remembering key quotes or the dates, write them out and put them in places around the house where you see them frequently. Perhaps, record them on tape. But remember to think actively about key issues as well as memorizing information. Your aim should be to look at old, so familiar materials in a new way.

6.

Working with a group (the right group for you) will enable you to share ideas, notes and books and can help alleviate boredom and stress. Revising in pairs is good, but working in group of three or four is better. The ideal is to meet for two or three hour sessions two or three times a week at home, school or college- looking for a working environment with minimum distractions, read out answers for group criticism, test each other, prepare outline answers.

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When your teachers give you practice exams to do in class time, enter into these wholeheartedly. They will help you assess your progress and familiarize you with working under strict exam conditions. Afterwards, take notes of the feedback you receive. Pinpoint the errors you made. Did

you include too little information, misread the questions, run out of time? What does your mark tell you about your revision techniques?

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Far more exams are failed because of too little work than too much. But often the brightest students work too hard at revision and worry unnecessarily. So take regular exercises, get plenty of sleep, and maintain a sensible social life. If you are an archworrier, then by all means carry gentle revision until last moment: you can't worry if your mind is occupied with something else. But remember that the aim is to reach your peak at the right time, so be sure not to go into the exam room exhausted from overwork. Frenetic late-night cramming can be easily avoided by the short of revision techniques outlined above.

Choose the appropriate letter (A, B, C or D), based on the above reading:

- 9. According to the passage, what is the main cause of poor performance in exams?
 - A. tiredness due to overwork
 - B. not study enough
 - C. not getting enough exam practice
 - D. worrying about the exam
- 10. According to the passage, when should you continue revising right up to the exam?
 - A. when you have not been working hard enough
 - B. if you suffer from exam nerves
 - C. when you cannot remember vital information
 - D. if your tutor advises you to do.

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

IV. WRITING (12/40 points)

PART 1 (2 points):

Use the word(s) given in brackets and make any necessary additions to complete a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Do NOT change the form of the given word (s).

Look at the example in the box.

Immediately after winning the race, Sandy began training for the next one. (had)

No sooner had Sandy won the race than she began training for the next one.

1.	Without a loan from the bank, we would have gone bankrupt. (borrowed)
	Had , we would have gone bankrupt.
2.	The only calls we've made have been local ones, so our bill can't possibly come to this much. (run)
	We can't when we've only made local calls.
3.	Could you take a quick look at my essay before I hand it in? (eye)
	Would you mindmy essay before I hand it in?
4.	Harry wanted to be famous so much that he participated in a reality show. (desire) So great
5.	There is no need to feel superior to everyone else. (nose) You shouldn't
6.	When she sold the jewellery at such a low price, she was cheated. (ride) When she sold
7.	We should not continue the experiments because we have encountered serious problems (halt) Since we have encountered
8.	The best solution was thought of by Sally. (came) Sally
9.	When Tony has to face with the crisis, he panics. (faced), he panics.
10	Anne's dedication to her work has always been exemplary. (herself) Anne

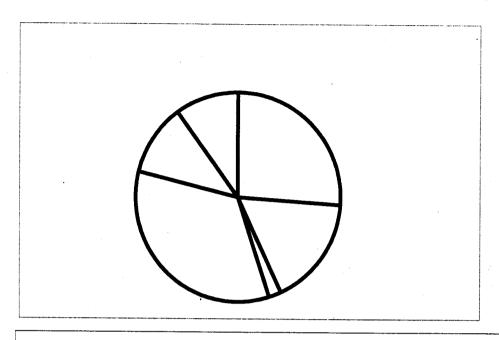
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9.	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
10.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					····

PART 2 (4 points)

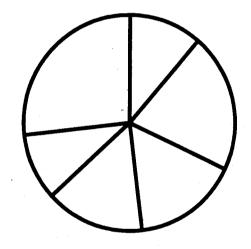
The pie graphs below show the result of a survey of students' activities. The first graph shows the cultural and leisure activities that boys participate in, whereas the second graph shows the activities in which girls participate.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



Girls' Cultural & Leisure Activities



Your answer:		
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PART 3: COMPOSITION (6 points)	
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	nty to good students.
Others believe that higher education should be available of Write a composition (250 – 300 words) to express which v	
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