

PART I: LISTENING

You will hear an interview with Saul Robbins in a studio. As you listen, choose the correct answers to the questions. Write your answer A, B, C or D on your answer sheet. (1,0 point).

You will listen to the Interview twice.

1. He comes from
A. London B. Canada C. New York D. Paris
2. He works as
A. a director B. a writer C. a producer D. a reporter
3. He works for
A. a newspaper B. a television station
C. a publishing house D. a film corporation
4. He usually gets up at
A. 5 a.m B. 9 p.m C. midday or 1 a.m D. 5 p.m
5. When he gets up, he first.
A. gets dressed B. brushes his teeth
C. takes a shower D. has breakfast
6. He has for breakfast.
A. bread and milk B. a sandwich
C. a cup of coffee D. some coffee and biscuits
7. He goes to work
A. on foot B. by car
C. by bicycle D. by bus
8. He usually finishes work at
A. 4 a.m B. 2 p.m C. 5 a.m D. 2 a.m
9. He usually after work.
A. goes for a drive B. goes for a drink
C. visits some colleagues D. visits some relatives
10. He in his free time.
A. plays tennis B. plays the guitar
C. travels to some parts of the US D. travels to other countries

PART II: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

1. Choose the best word or phrase to complete the following sentences. Write your answer A, B, C or D on your answer sheet. (2.0 points).

1. Could you lend me some money? I'm very _____ of cash at the moment.
A. short B. scare C. low D. down
2. It is no use _____ what has been done.
A. to regret B. regretting C. regretted D. regret
3. His house is nothing out of the _____ ; it's just an average five-room house.
A. ordinary B. usual C. normal D. typical
4. The rise in house prices _____ him to sell his house for a large profit.
A. managed B. achieved C. succeeded D. enabled
5. Her English was so _____ as she used to be in an English speaking country.
A. definite B. fluent C. wide D. international
6. No sooner _____ the rain _____
A. we started when/ came B. we had started that/ would come
C. did we start that/ came D. had we started than/ came
7. I was amazed at his response to the shocking news! He remained as calm as ever, and he didn't even turn a _____.

- A. hair B. fist C. head D. foot
8. Mr. Brown is the landlord _____ we rent the house.
A. who B. whom C. from whom D. from who
9. "What do you think of your new bookkeeper?" – "He works that his figures never need"
A. such efficiently/ to check B. so efficient/ checking
C. so efficiently/ to be checked D. such an efficiently/ to be checked
10. They the advantages and disadvantages of moving and finally decided to against it.
A. considered B. thought C. wondered D. asked themselves
11. That hotel is so expensive. They _____ you sixty pounds for bed and breakfast.
A. fine B. charge C. cost D. take
12. I had no difficulty _____ to her English.
A. listen B. to listening C. listening D. to listen
13. Dr John, _____, has now left Bangkok.
A. we saw six months ago B. whom we saw him six months ago
C. that we saw six months ago D. whom we saw six months ago
14. I don't believe _____ he says.
A. however B. whenever C. wherever D. whatever
15. The population of the world is growing at a dangerous _____.
A. step B. rate C. measure D. cost
16. He's a very _____ person because he can make other workers follow his advice.
A. influential B. creative C. deciding D. effective
17. His parents never allow him _____.
A. smoking B. smoked C. to smoke D. smoke
18. Johnny _____ very badly at Mary's birthday party.
A. conducted B. looked C. showed D. behaved
19. Look at these two pieces of material I have just bought. Which do you like?
A. best B. more than C. better D. most
20. She _____ for a neighbor to look after the house while she was away.
A. designed B. persuaded C. organized D. arranged

II. Supply the appropriate form of the words in CAPITAL to complete each sentence. Write them on your answer sheet. (1.0 point)

1. He is responsible for all the travel (ARRANGE)
2. The were warmly welcomed by the local leaders and people (PARTICIPATE)
3. He had no but having to make his own decision. (CHOOSE)
4. The weather was terrible, so we had a very holiday. (PLEASE)
5. Heavy rain and excessive use have the soil. (POOR)
6. His busy schedule made him completely to his students. (ACCESS)
7. On your at the hotel, please wait for further instructions. (ARRIVE)
8. I couldn't help it. The accident was (AVOID)
9. Without her intelligence and, she couldn't have won. (FLEXIBLE)
10. Her charm is but I still mistrust her. (DENY)

III. Match each sentence in column A with its suitable response in column B. Use each response once only. Write your answer A, B, C, D, ... on your answer sheet. (1.0 point)

A	B
1- What a lovely coat you're wearing!	A- Yes, please. I'd love some. It's delicious.
2- Thank you very much, indeed.	B- Black, no sugar, please.
3- I'm fed up with this weather. It's so wet and miserable.	C- No, of course not. We have a dish washer.
4- How would you like your coffee?	D- I know. We really need some sunshine, don't we?
5- Excuse me.	E- Not at all. Don't mention it.
6- Have a nice weekend.	F- Same to you.
7- Excuse me. Are you ready to order?	G- Do you want fizzy or still?
8- Does anyone want more dessert?	H- Yes, can I help you?

9- Could I have a glass of water, please?

I- Yes, I'd like a steak, please.

10- Do you want help with the washing-up?

J- Thank you. I got it in Paris last year.

PART III: READING

I. Find a suitable word for each numbered blank. Write the words on your answer sheet. (1.0 point)

The world's oceans are so vast that they can cope ___(1)___ the present levels of pollution. However, little is known about the long-term ___(2)___ of such low poisoning. The most serious ___(3)___ of modern times is that man is ___(4)___ the earth's natural resources and transforming huge areas into wasteland. ___(5)___ a result, it is becoming extremely difficult to grow ___(6)___ to feed the world's rapidly increasing population. A way of protecting all the wildlife on the earth must also be found as many ___(7)___ are in dangers of disappearing completely from the face of the earth. The dangers, ___(8)___, are not confined solely to the land and the sea. The ___(9)___ in the atmosphere, for example, is increasing so much that the amount of sunlight has been reduced in many cities. Man's whole environment is being changed ___(10)___ a serious way.

II. Choose the best answer for each numbered blank. Write your answer A, B, C or D on the answer sheet. (1.0 point)

Many of the things we do depend on receiving information from other people. Catching a train, ___(1)___ a phone call and going to the cinema all involve information ___(2)___ stored, processed and communicated. In the past this information had to be kept on paper ___(3)___, for example, books, newspapers and timetables. Now more and more information is put on computers. Computers ___(4)___ a role in our everyday lives, sometimes without us even realizing it. ___(5)___ the use of computers in both shops and offices. Big shops have to deal with very large ___(6)___ of information. They have to make sure that there are enough goods on the shelves for customers to buy, they need to be able to reorder before cargoes ___(7)___. A lot of office work in the past involved information on paper. Once it had been dealt with by people, the paper was ___(8)___ for future reference. This way of working was never ___(9)___ easy or fast. A computer system is much more ___(10)___.

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|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. giving | B. making | C. taking | D. leaving |
| 2. A. that has | B. has | C. that is | D. is |
| 3. A. in the form of | B. in search of | C. in the case of | D. in preparation for |
| 4. A. play | B. have | C. take | D. bring |
| 5. A. To consider | B. Be considered | C. To be considered | D. Consider |
| 6. A. number | B. amounts | C. amount | D. numbers |
| 7. A. run out | B. run through | C. run over | D. run off |
| 8. A. torn off | B. put aside | C. thrown away | D. recycled |
| 9. A. particularized | B. particularity | C. particular | D. particularly |
| 10. A. skillful | B. formal | C. effective | D. capable |

III. Read this passage carefully and then choose the best answer to the questions below. Write your answer A, B, C or D on the answer sheet. (0.5 point)

Over the past 600 years, English has grown from a language of few speakers to become the dominant language of international communication. English as we know it today emerged around 1350, after having incorporated many elements of French that were introduced following the Norman invasion of 1030. Until the 1600s, English was, for the most part, spoken only in England and had not extended even as far as Wales, Scotland, or Ireland. However, during the course of the next two centuries, English began to spread around the globe as a result of exploration, trade (including slave trade), colonization, and missionary work. Thus, small enclaves of English speakers became established and grew in various parts of the world. As these communities proliferated, English gradually became the primary language of international business, banking, and diplomacy.

Currently, about 80 percent of the information stored on computer systems worldwide is in English. Two-thirds of the world's science writing is in English, and English is the main language of technology, advertising, media, international airports, and air traffic controllers. Today there are more than 700 million English users in the world, and over half of these are nonnative speakers, constituting the largest number of nonnative users than any other language in the world.

1. What is the main idea of this passage?

- A. the expansion of English as an international language

- B. the use of English for science and technology
 - C. the number of nonnative users of English
 - D. the French influence on the English language
2. Approximately when did English begin to be used beyond England?
- A. before 1600 B. around 1350 C. in 1066 D. after 1600
3. According to the passage, all of the following contributed to the spread of English around the world EXCEPT
- A. the Norman invasion B. the slave trade
C. colonization D. missionaries
4. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "stored" as used in line 10?
- A. valued B. bought C. spent D. saved
5. According to the passage, approximately how many nonnative users of English are there in the world today?
- A. a quarter million B. 350 million C. half a million D. 700 million

PART IV: WRITING

I. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Write your answers on the answer sheet. (1.0 point)

1. I won't give the ball back to you if you don't stop playing football here.
→ Unless
2. My only regret is that I didn't follow her advice.
→ I should
3. My friend began to be interested in healthy eating three years ago.
→ My friend has
4. I realized how much I loved my country only after I had left it.
→ Only
5. Let's go somewhere for pleasure.
→ What
6. He was punished because of his bad behavior.
→ Had he
7. Jane doesn't look as tired today as yesterday.
→ Yesterday Jane
8. We tried our hardest but couldn't complete the crossword.
→ However
9. Although he has an American name, he is in fact French.
→ Despite
10. We were too late to do anything.
→ Everything

II. Make a new sentence using the word in the bracket (do not change the word) so that it has a similar meaning to the original sentence. Write your answers on the answer sheet. (0.5 point)

1. You were supposed to hand in the form three weeks ago. (**should**)
2. Anne asked Mary to watch the children while she went upstairs. (**eye**)
3. Please tell me in case I forget to phone my mother this afternoon. (**remind**).
4. Could I arrange a time to see the doctor? (**appointment**)
5. You have really upset Maria by saying those terrible things. (**feelings**).

III. Should students be allowed to bring mobile phones to schools? Write a passage of approximately 150 words to show your opinion. (1.0 points)

----- THE END -----

Họ và tên thí sinh:

Số báo danh:

Giám thị 1: