

# FCE Sample Test



## Use of English – Part 1

For questions 1-12, read the text below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

### Example:

0      A learn      B capture      C discover      D get

### LEARNING TO MAKE A PERFECT PIZZA

According to the European Pizza-Makers' Association, making a good pizza is not a straightforward skill to (0) ... A... . The ingredients seem very simple: flour, yeast, water and a bit of salt. (1) ....., water and flour can easily (2) ..... a rather unappetizing gluey mix, and anyone who has eaten a (3) ..... quality pizza will know how bad it can make your stomach (4) .....

'In Italy, 70 per cent of pizza makers could improve on their product, not to (5) ..... all the pizza makers around the world who (6) ..... uneatable meals,' says Antonio Primiceri, the Association's founder. He has now started a pizza school in an attempt to (7) ..... the reputation of this traditional dish. As part of an (8) ..... course, the students at Mr Primiceri's school are taught to (9) ..... common mistakes, produce a good basic mixture, add a tasty topping and cook the pizza properly. 'Test the finished pizza by breaking the crust,' advises Mr Primiceri. 'If the soft (10) ..... inside the pizza is white, clean and dry, it's a good pizza. If it is not like this, the pizza will (11) ..... your stomach. You will feel (12) ..... full and also thirsty.'

- |    |                  |           |                 |               |
|----|------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1  | A However        | B Despite | C Although      | D Conversely  |
| 2  | A make out       | B take up | C put out       | D turn into   |
| 3  | A sad            | B poor    | C short         | D weak        |
| 4  | A sense          | B do      | C feel          | D be          |
| 5  | A state          | B mention | C remark        | D tell        |
| 6  | A submit         | B give    | C provide       | D deal        |
| 7  | A save           | B hold    | C deliver       | D return      |
| 8  | A extensive      | B extreme | C intensive     | D intentional |
| 9  | A pass           | B escape  | C miss          | D avoid       |
| 10 | A spot           | B part    | C side          | D slice       |
| 11 | A worry          | B upset   | C ache          | D depress     |
| 12 | A discouragingly | B tightly | C uncomfortably | D heavily     |

# FCE Sample Test



## Use of English – Part 2

For questions **13-24**, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only **one** word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (**0**).

### HOLLYWOOD

How was (**0**), *it*, that Hollywood came to be the place everyone associates with the American film industry?

In 1887, Harvey Wilcox, a property developer, bought a house and all the surrounding land on a hillside in southern California. His wife overheard a woman talking on a train about her summer house, (**13**) ..... she called 'Hollywood'. Mrs Wilcox liked the name (**14**) ..... much that she decided to give her new home (**15**) ..... same name. Mr Wilcox then built other houses on his land and used the name for the whole community.

In normal circumstances most people (**16**) ..... never have heard of Hollywood. But between 1908 and 1913 (**17**) ..... else happened. Many small independent film companies began moving to southern California (**18**) ..... two main reasons. Firstly, they were having problems (**19**) ..... the larger, more powerful studios in New York. Secondly, they were attracted by the sunny climate, which let them film throughout the year (**20**) ..... the need for expensive lighting.

Only one studio actually set (**21**) ..... in Hollywood itself, because the local people took legal measures (**22**) ..... prevent any more from arriving. The other studios that came to the area were all built outside Hollywood. Nevertheless, by 1915 'Hollywood' (**23**) ..... become familiar as a term for the movie business (**24**) ..... a whole.

#### Odpovědi

Part 1: 1A, 2D, 3B, 4C, 5B, 6C, 7A, 8C, 9D, 10B, 11B, 12C

Part 2: 13 which, 14 so, 15 the, 16 would / might, 17 something, 18 for, 19 with, 20 without, 21 up, 22 to, 23 had, 24 as