
UNIT 10 – ENDANGERED SPECIES

VOCABULARY

| | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| - 'insect (n) | ..... |
| - become extinct | ..... |
| - extinct (a) | không còn nữa |
| - extinction (n) | ..... |
| - tortoise (n) | ..... |
| - rhinoceros (n) | ..... |
| -(n) | con báo |
| -(n) | con muỗi |
| - parrot/ (n) | ..... |
| - endangered species | ..... |
| - (be) in danger | ..... |
| - globe (n) | ..... |
| - global (a) | ..... |
| - 'habitat (n) | ..... |
| - destroy (v) | ..... |
| - (n) | sự tàn phá, phá hoại |
| - exploit (v) | ..... |
| - exploitation (n) | ..... |
| - exploitable (a) | ..... |
| - (n) | sự tháo nước |
| - drain (v) | tháo nước |
| -(n) | vùng đất trũng |
| - urbanization (n) | ..... |
| - urbanize (.....) | ..... |
| - urban (a) | thuộc thành phố |
| - construct (v) | ..... |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| - construction (n) | ..... |
| - worldwide (a) | ..... |
| - rare (a) | ..... |
| - toxic chemical | ..... |
| - contaminate (v) | ..... |
| - contamination (n) | ..... |
| - (be) driven to the verge of ..... | ..... |
| - lead to | ..... |
| - lose (v) – loss (n) | ..... |
| - biodiversity (n) | ..... |
| - ‘fertile (a) | màu mỡ, phì nhiêu |
| - benefit from /b‘enifit/ | ..... |
| - conserve (v) = preserve (v) | ..... |
| - conservation (n) = preservation (n) | ..... |
| - ‘vulnerable (a) | đễ bị tấn công |
| - aware (a) – awareness (n) | ..... |
| - enact (v) = issue (v) | ..... |
| - protect s.th from | ..... |
| -(n) | động vật hoang dã |
| -(v) | săn bắn quá mức |
| - a wide range of | ..... |
| - survive (v) – survival (n) | ..... |
| - giant (a) | ..... |
| -(n) | gấu trúc |
| - tropical (a) | ..... |
| - subtropical (a) | ..... |
| - swamp (n) | ..... |
| - legal (a) # illegal (a) | ..... |

- gorilla (n)
- life span
- bared teeth
- sub-adult (a)
- forest ranger

A. READING

Task 1 and 2 in the textbook, page 108

Task 3: Read the reading passage and choose the best answer

1. _____ is a branch of Natural Science, and is the study of living organisms and how they interact with their environment.
a. Biology b. Biological c. Biologist d. Biologically
2. A / an _____ species is a population of an organism which is at risk of becoming extinct.
a. dangerous b. endanger c. endangered d. endangerment
3. Probability of extinction depends _____ both the population size and fine details of the population demography.
a. on b. in c. from d. for
4. It is found that endangered species are often concentrated in areas that are poor and densely populated, such as much of Asia and Africa.
a. disappeared b. increased c. threatened d. reduced
5. Almost half of turtles and tortoises are known to be threatened with _____.
a. extinct b. extinction c. extinctive d. extinctly
6. Current extinction rates are at least 100 to 1,000 times higher than _____ rates found in the fossil record.
a. nature b. natural c. naturally d. naturalness

B. SPEAKING

Task 1 (page 109)

Task 2: Work in pairs. Ask and answer about the animals based on provided information

Example:

- A: ----- do giant pandas live?
- B: In -----
- A: What is the population of pandas in the world?
- B: -----
- A: ----- is their height?

- B: It is from 1.2 to 1.5 metres
A: ----- is their average weight?
B: -----
A: ----- is their main food?
B: Bamboo leaves
A: ----- do they live?
B: Their average life span is about 20 to 30 years.
A: ----- is their population in decline?
B: Because of -----

C. LISTENING

Task 1: (page 111) Read the following passage and choose the best answers

For a long time the image most people had of a gorilla was a dangerous looking animal with big bared teeth. But researchers studying gorillas show a very different picture of mountain gorillas. The animals are peaceful, gentle, sociable, and mainly plant-eating creatures.

Gorillas live in family group. A typical group is led by the biggest and strongest grown-up male gorilla. He is called a silverback because the hair on a male's back turn from black to silver as he grows up. This happens when he is between 11 and 13 years old. A silverback's group usually includes one or two sub-adult males and a few females and their young.

Mountain gorillas spend much time of their eating. Their food includes a variety of plants, long with a few kinds of insects and worms. At night the animals make a nest to sleep in. many lightweight gorillas nest in trees. The heavier ones may nest in grasses on the ground. Babies sleep with their mothers for the night.

Life for mountain gorillas is not always peaceful. They are endangered and threatened by civil war in a small area of Africa where they live. Hunters kill them for food. Their forests are cut down for farmland, fuel, and housing. But many scientists, forest rangers, and other concerned people are working hard to protect mountain gorillas, their forests, and their way of life in the mountains.

Task 2:

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a. <u>endangered</u> | b. <u>destroyed</u> | c. <u>damaged</u> | d. <u>provided</u> |
| 2. a. <u>attitude</u> | b. <u>survive</u> | c. <u>introduce</u> | d. <u>human</u> |
| 3. a. <u>medicine</u> | b. <u>priority</u> | c. <u>crisis</u> | d. <u>primary</u> |
| 4. a. <u>government</u> | b. <u>agency</u> | c. <u>benefit</u> | d. <u>diversity</u> |
| 5. a. <u>disappearance</u> | b. <u>vulnerable</u> | c. <u>conservation</u> | d. <u>generation</u> |
| 6. a. <u>current</u> | b. <u>global</u> | c. <u>crisis</u> | d. <u>mankind</u> |

D. WRITING

1. Although species evolve differently, most of them adapt to a specific habitat or environment that best meet their survival needs.

2. **Such** human activities as pollution, **drainage** of wetlands, cutting and **clearing** of forests, urbanization, and road and dam construction **has destroyed** or seriously damaged available habitats.
3. Habitat **fragmentation have caused** plant and animal **species** in the remaining islands of habitat to lose contact **with** others of their own kind.
4. My mother is **responsible to** the household chores **in my** family.
5. **This** room **has not been used since a** long time.
6. During the school year, I **am not allowed watch** TV **until** I **have finished** my homework.
7. My children **won't go** to bed **unless** they **don't have some** money.
8. The woman said to her son, "I am glad I am here."
 - A. The woman told her son I was glad I was there.
 - B. The woman told her son she was glad I was there.
 - C. The woman told her son she was glad she was there.
 - D. The woman told to her son she was glad she was there.
9. "How long are you going to stay?". Susan asked George
 - A. how long he was going to stay.
 - B. that how long he has gone to stay
 - C. how long he is going to stay.
 - D. how long was he going to stay.
10. "Don't forget to do your homework", the teacher told us.
 - A. The teacher told us do not forget to do our homework.
 - B. The teacher told us to not forget to do our homework.
 - C. The teacher reminded us to do our homework.
 - D. The teacher reminded us not to forget to do your homework.
11. Jane hasn't played the piano since 2005.
 - A. The last time Jane played the piano in 2005
 - B. The last time Jane played the piano was 2005.
 - C. Jane last played the piano was 2005.
 - D. Jane has played the piano in 2005
12. My brother began studying English five years ago.
 - A. My brother began studying English for five years.
 - B. My brother has studied English for five years ago.
 - C. My brother has studied English for five years
 - D. My brother has begun studying English for five years.

E. LANGUAGE FOCUS

Modals: MAY, MIGHT, MUST, MUSTN'T, NEEDN'T

1. may / might:

- a. diễn tả điều có thể xảy ra hoặc không chắc chắn

| HIỆN TẠI | QUÁ KHỨ |
|--|---|
| KĐ: may / might + V1 PĐ: may / might + not + V1 | KĐ: may / might have + V3 PĐ: may/might +not + have + V3 |

Ex: He **may / might be** in his office. (= perhaps he is in his office)

A: I can't find my bag anywhere.

B: You **may / might have left** it in the shop. (= perhaps you left it in the shop)

b. dùng trong câu yêu cầu lịch sự hoặc xin hay cho phép

Ex: May I use your phone? – Yes, you may. / Sorry, you may not.

c. dùng cho lời chúc hay diễn tả niềm hy vọng

Ex: May you be happy.

Note: Could có thể dùng thay cho may / might

Ex: The phone is ringing. It **could be** Tim. (= it may / might be Tim)

2. must / mustn't + V1

a. **must + V1** diễn tả:

- sự bắt buộc cần thiết They **must study** hard for their next exam.

- lời kết luận cho điều gì đó có dấu hiệu, chứng cứ ở hiện tại Bill looks so anxious. He **must have** a problem.

- sự việc ở hiện tại hoặc tương lai, không dùng ở quá khứ

We **must go** tomorrow (không dùng We **must go** yesterday)

b. **mustn't + V1**: diễn tả sự ngăn cấm

You **must keep** it in a secret. You **mustn't tell** anybody else.

c. **needn't + V1 = don't / doesn't have to + V1**: không cần, không phải

needn't + V1 # must + V1

We have got plenty of time. We **needn't hurry**. (= we don't need to hurry = we don't have to hurry)

d. sự khác nhau giữa must và have to

- **must**: + sự cần thiết hay bắt buộc có tính chủ quan (người nói đưa ra ý tưởng của riêng mình)
 + chỉ dùng để diễn tả sự việc ở hiện tại hoặc tương lai, không diễn tả sự việc ở quá khứ

Ex: I **must study** for the exam.

I haven't phoned Ann for ages. I **must phone** her tonight.

- **have to**: + sự cần thiết hay bắt buộc có tính khách quan (người nói chỉ đề cập đến sự kiện)
 + có thể dùng trong tất cả các dạng

Ex: His eyes are weak. He **has to** wear glasses.

You can't turn right here. You **have to** turn left.

I **had to go** to hospital.

EXERCISE 1: Complete these sentences with *must* / *have to* (in the correct form)

1. Jack left before the end of the meeting. He ----- go home early.
2. In Britain many children ----- wear uniform when they go to school.
3. When you come to London again, you ----- come and see us.
4. Last night Don became ill suddenly. We ----- see a doctor.
5. I'm afraid I can't come tomorrow. I ----- work late.
6. Paul doesn't like his new job. Sometimes he ----- work at weekends.
7. Caroline may ----- go away next week.
8. We couldn't repair the car ourselves. We ----- take it to the garage.
9. You really ----- work harder if you want to pass the examination.
10. It's late than I thought. I ----- go now.

EXERCISE 2: Choose the best answers

11. I don't want anyone to know. You ----- tell anyone.
A. must B. needn't C. mustn't D. don't have to
12. He ----- wear a suit to work but he usually does.
A. mustn't B. must C. needs D. doesn't have to
13. I can stay in bed tomorrow morning because I ----- go to work.
A. have to B. need to C. must D. don't have to
14. Whatever you do, you ----- touch that switch. It's very dangerous.
A. don't need to B. must C. mustn't D. might
15. There's lift in the building, so we ----- climb the stairs.
A. may B. have to C. need to D. don't have to
16. We haven't got much time. We ----- hurry.
A. don't need to B. needn't C. must D. mustn't
17. We have enough food at home, so we ----- go shopping today.
A. need to B. have to C. needn't D. must
18. This is a valuable book. You ----- look after it carefully and you ----- lose it.
A. must / need to B. mustn't / must C. need to / have to D. must / mustn't

MỜI QUÝ KHÁCH THAM KHẢO MỘT SỐ WEBSITE CÔNG TY CHÚNG TÔI ĐÃ LÀM GÀN

ĐÂY:

1. Thiết kế website:

- www.chepphim.net (Công ty TNHH DV - TM Vi Tính Thu Ngân)
www.decalsaigon.com (Hệ thống cửa hàng decal)
www.pvgasd.com.vn (Công ty Cổ phần phân phối khí thấp áp Dầu khí Việt Nam)
www.fta.vn (Công ty TNHH nghiên cứu thị trường Định Hướng)
<http://susasoft.com/khangthinh> (Công Ty TNHH XNK Khang Thịnh)
<http://www.vcptw.com> (Công ty TNHH Vinh Cơ)
www.tours-vietnam.com

2. Phần mềm:

Chúng tôi đã phát triển phần mềm ứng dụng cho các công ty sau

a. Công ty cổ phần L&A :

+Website: www.l-a.com.vn

+Nội dung: phát triển hệ thống CRM trong lĩnh vực tuyển dụng

b. Công ty cổ phần xây dựng Đông Dương:

+Website: www.dongduongvn.com

+Nội dung: phát triển hệ thống CRM, chuyển đổi dữ liệu (Import) cũ vào phần mềm CRM

c. Công ty cổ phần Tân Vĩnh Cửu:

+Website: www.tavicowood.com.

+Nội dung: phát triển hệ thống phần mềm CRM

d. Công ty Vi Tính thu ngân:

+Website: www.chepphim.net

+Nội dung: phát triển phần mềm quản lý chép phim, bán linh kiện vi tính

e. Công ty dịch vụ vận tải Gió Mới:

+Website: www.giomoi.tk

+Nội dung: xây dựng phần mềm quản lý trong lĩnh vực chuyển phát nhanh

LIÊN HỆ

- Chúng tôi rất mong được hợp tác với Quý vị thành công trong việc xây dựng và phát triển website cho Quý công ty
- Mọi chi tiết xin vui lòng liên hệ:

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