

## UNIT 10 CONSERVATION

**I. Circle the word in which the letters *b* or *p* is silent.**

- |               |           |           |          |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 1. plants     | cup       | crop      | cupboard |
| 2. bad        | double    | doubt     | bright   |
| 3. psychology | potato    | paper     | possible |
| 4. fobbed     | crab      | club      | dumb     |
| 5. recipe     | special   | repeat    | receipt  |
| 6. combine    | problem   | lamb      | Dublin   |
| 7. pneumonia  | equipment | explosion | surprise |
| 8. obey       | tomb      | table     | blade    |
| 9. program    | people    | psalm     | pipe     |
| 10. debt      | able      | football  | trouble  |

**II. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the appropriate word in the box.**

conserve	erode	eliminate	circulate	destroy
constant	pollute	defend	endanger	disappear

1. The world's rain forests must be safe from \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Major steps are being taken to control the \_\_\_\_\_ of beaches.
3. Water \_\_\_\_\_ is necessary for hydropower stations.
4. People are \_\_\_\_\_ doing harm to the environment.
5. The government has made no attempt to reduce soil \_\_\_\_\_.
6. He stressed the need to pass a law in nature's' \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Many species of plants and animals have been virtually \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Trees, grasses, and other plant life play an important part in the natural of water.
9. Modern farming practice has led to the virtual \_\_\_\_\_ of this bird.
10. The giant panda is an \_\_\_\_\_ species.

**III. Rewrite these sentences. Instead of using 'somebody/ people/ they' etc, write a passive sentence.**

1. Someone introduced me to Dr Felix last year.  
 \_\_\_\_\_
2. People are destroying large areas of forest every day.  
 \_\_\_\_\_
3. Somebody has bought the land next to our house.  
 \_\_\_\_\_
4. 'Somebody had already reported the accident before I phoned.'  
 \_\_\_\_\_
5. People were using the tennis court, so we couldn't play.  
 \_\_\_\_\_
6. You can buy videos like this one anywhere.  
 \_\_\_\_\_
7. Somebody will tell you when you should go in to see the doctor.  
 \_\_\_\_\_

8. Has anybody shown you what to do?  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. They should have finished the hotel by the time you arrive.  
\_\_\_\_\_
10. Someone has to write the history of the European Community one day.  
\_\_\_\_\_
11. Nobody told me that George was ill.  
\_\_\_\_\_
12. They have found an unexploded bomb in Herbert Square, and they are evacuating the area.  
\_\_\_\_\_
13. They are opening the case again because they're not satisfied with the verdict.  
\_\_\_\_\_
14. People expect better results soon.  
\_\_\_\_\_
15. When is someone going to announce the results of the contest?  
\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. Rewrite these sentences beginning with the words provided.**

1. The manager always welcomes new employees.  
New employees \_\_\_\_\_
2. Janet's colleagues gave her a present when she retired.  
Janet \_\_\_\_\_
3. Thomas Edison invented the phonograph in 1877.  
The phonograph \_\_\_\_\_
4. Stephen Court has just invented an armchair which can  
An armchair \_\_\_\_\_
5. Where will your company send you next year?  
Where will you \_\_\_\_\_
6. During the recession, the firm was making people redundant  
During the recession, people \_\_\_\_\_
7. Had a special messenger delivered the package before you.  
Had the package \_\_\_\_\_
8. The students usually hold the concerts at the university.  
The concerts \_\_\_\_\_
9. The scientists are studying the problem carefully.  
The problem \_\_\_\_\_
10. The police found two children in the forest.  
Two children \_\_\_\_\_

**V. Choose the correct form of the verbs. .**

The world's oceans are so vast that they (1) can cope/ can be coped with the present levels of population. However, little (2) is knowing/ is known about the long-term effects of such slow poisoning. The most 'serious problem modern times is that man (3) is destroying/ is being destroyed the earth's natural resources and transforming huge areas into wasteland. As a result. (4)

is becoming/ is become extremely difficult to grow enough to feed the world's rapidly increasing population. A way of protecting all the wildlife the earth must also (5) being found/ be found as many species (6) have been/ are in 'anger of disappearing completely from the face of the earth. The dangers, ever (7) do not confine/ are not confined solely to the land and sea. The smoke in the atmosphere, for example, (8) is increasing/ has been increased so much that the amount of sunlight (9) has reduced/ has b-reduced in many cities. Man's whole environment (10) is changing/ is being changed in a serious way.

**VI. Choose the appropriate expression to complete these conversations.**

1. A: I feel like having seafood for dinner, but we went to Tai Pak seafood last night.  
B:..... go again? The food's great, and so is the view.  
a. Why don't'                      b. Let's not                      c. Why .not
2. A: I'm really tired.....resting before we go out?  
B: That's good idea. I'm tired too.  
a. Let's.                              b. Shall we.                      c. How about
3. A: It's a lovely day.....go for a walk?  
B: Yes, OK.  
a. Shall we                      b. Let's                              c. Would you like,
4. A: I want to explore downtown Hong Kong.  
B: .....take a minibus? We'll see a lot more that way.  
a. Let's not                      b. What about                      c. Why don't we
5. A: ..... to stay the night?  
B: Oh, that's very kind of you.  
a. Why don't you                      b. Do you feel like                      c. Would you like
6. A: A group of foreign students just checked in at the hotel.  
B: ..... ask them to join us for dinner.  
a. Maybe we could                      b. How about                      c. Why not
7. A:.....have some chicken soup first?  
a. who taught us                      b. whom taught us                      c. that taught us                      d. whose teaching is  
B: Not for me, thank you.  
a. Do you feel like                      b. Would you like                      c. Why don't you
8. A: I don't want to go home tomorrow. I'm having a really good time here.  
B: So am I ..... leave tomorrow.  
a. Let's not                      b. Why not                              c. Maybe we could
9. A: I still need to buy some souvenirs before we leave.  
B: ..... go shopping after dinner.  
a. How about                      b. Shall we                              c. Let's
10. A: ..... to get you some water?  
B: Oh, thanks. I'm really thirsty.  
a. Will you please                      b. Could I                              c. Would you like me

**VII. Read the following paragraph, then choose the correct verb form to fill in each blank.**

When man first learned how to make a fire, he began to use fuel for the first time. The first fuel he used was probably wood. As time (1)..... man eventual discovered that substances such as coal and oil (2).....

Coal (3) .....very widely as a source of energy until the last century. With the coming of the industrial revolution, it was soon realized that production (4)..... if coal was used instead of wood. Nowadays, many of the huge factories and electricity generating stations (5)..... to function if there was no coal. In the last twenty or thirty years, however, the use of coal (6) ..... As a result, there have been changes in the coal industry. It (7) ..... that more people (8) .....coal if oil and gas were not so readily available. There is more than enough coal in the world for man's needs for the next two hundred years if our use of coal (9) ..... Unfortunately, however, about half of the world's coal (10) .....Mining much of it (11.....very expensive even if it was possible to use new equipment.

- |                        |                       |                        |                     |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a. passes           | b. used to pass       | c. would pass          | d. passed           |
| 2. a. are burning      | b. would burn         | c. have burnt          | d. were burnt       |
| 3. a. not used         | b. did not use        | c. not using           | d. was not used     |
| 4. a. doubles          | b. had doubled        | c. will double         | d. would double     |
| 5. a. were unable      | b. would be unable    | c. will be unable      | d. are unable       |
| 6. a. has declined     | b. will decline       | c. declines            | d. would decline    |
| 7. a. believed         | b. is believing       | c. believing           | d. is believed      |
| 8. a. would use        | b. used               | c. use                 | d. will use         |
| 9. a. did not increase | b. would not increase | c. does not increase   | d. may not increase |
| 10. a. would never use | b. may never be used  | c. would never be used | d. may never use    |
| 11. a. was             | b. used to be         | c. would be            | d. has been         |

**VIII. Read the following passage carefully, then choose the correct answers.**

We are all slowly destroying the earth. The seas and rivers are too dirty to swim in. There is so much smoke in the air that it is unhealthy to live in many of the world's cities. In one well-known city, for example, poisonous gases from cars pollute the air so much that traffic policemen have to wear oxygen masks.

We have cut- down so many trees that there are now vast areas of wasteland all over the world. As a result, farmers in parts of Africa cannot grow enough to eat. In certain countries in Asia there is too little rice. Moreover, we do not take enough care of the countryside. Wild animals are quickly disappearing. For instant, tigers are rare in India now because we have killed too many for them to survive. However, it isn't enough simply to talk about the problem. We must act now before it is too late to do anything about it. Join us now. Save the Earth. This is too important to ignore.

- The seas and rivers nowadays .....
 

a. cannot be swum in	b. are less dirty than they used to be
c. are dirty enough to swim in	d. are contaminated
- Smoke .....
 

a. is harmful to health	b. is full of the big cities
c. causes an healthy life	d. makes life in big cities difficult
- In one well-known city, traffic policemen have to wear oxygen masks.....
 

a. in order to protect themselves from being injured
b. because there are so many cars on the streets
c. in spite of poisonous gases
d. because of air pollution

4. Why do farmers imparts of Africa and Asia not grow enough to eat?
  - a. Because many trees have been planted..
  - b. Because people cut down many trees.
  - c. Because there is too little rice.
  - d. Because there are large areas of land that cannot be used.
5. Wild animals are.....
  - a. in. danger of extinction
  - b. being protected from natural environment
  - c. killed so many that they cannot live in the forests
  - d. so rare that they cannot survive
6. What's the best title for the passage?
 

a. Conservation	b. Protect the Natures!
c. The Environment	d. Save the Earth!

## TEST FOR UNIT 10

### I. PRONUNCIATION

**A. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

- |                           |                          |                        |                    |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a. <u>e</u> liminate   | b. <u>e</u> lephant      | c. <u>e</u> ndanger    | d. <u>e</u> rosion |
| 2. a. <u>p</u> ollute     | b. <u>s</u> pecies       | c. <u>a</u> cept       | d. <u>r</u> eceipt |
| 3. a. <u>e</u> nvironment | b. <u>h</u> ydroelectric | c. <u>c</u> irculation | d. <u>w</u> ild    |
| 4. a. <u>cl</u> ub        | b. <u>l</u> amb          | c. <u>d</u> oubt       | d. <u>b</u> omber  |
| 5. a. <u>d</u> isease     | b. <u>s</u> pread        | c. <u>b</u> reed       | d. <u>t</u> reat   |

**B. Choose the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others,**

- |                     |                |                 |                |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. a. disappearance | b. circulation | c. conservation | d. environment |
| 2. a. conserve      | b. pollute     | c. circulate    | d. eliminate   |
| 3. a. nature        | b. power       | c. damage       | d. defence     |
| 4. a. vegetation    | b. destruction | c. variety      | d. erosion     |
| 5. a. injured       | b. valuable    | c. forest       | d. protect     |

### II. VOCABULARY AND EXPRESSION

**Choose one word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best completes the sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.**

1. Half the world's rain forests have already been \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. endangered      b. eroded      c. found      d. destroyed
2. Try to eliminate fatty foods from your diet.  
 a. limit      b. get rid of      c. move      d. add
3. Endangered animals should be bred in \_\_\_\_\_ areas.  
 a. conservative      b. conservable      c. conservation      d. conservanc)
4. Acid rain has caused severe \_\_\_\_\_ on the hillside.  
 a. erosion      b. pollution      c. destruction      d. floods
5. This channel allows rainwater to run off.  
 a. keep inside      b. move around      c. flow into      d. flow out of
6. A large hydroelectric \_\_\_\_\_ was built on the River Danube.  
 a. power      b. dam      c. bank      d. wall

7. Water can be held on the land by vegetation.
  - a. plants used as food
  - b. grown trees
  - c. the growth of plants
  - d. plants and trees
8. \_\_\_\_\_ take the train instead of the bus? It's faster.
  - a. How about
  - b. Let's
  - c. Why don't
  - d. Why not
9. \_\_\_\_\_ air makes people unpleasant to breathe.
  - a. Pollute
  - b. Pollution
  - c. Polluted
  - d. Polluting
10. We are now facing the possible \_\_\_\_\_ of several rare species.
  - a. danger
  - b. variety
  - c. existence
  - d. disappearance

### III. GRAMMAR AND STRUCTURE

#### A. Choose the word or phrase - a, b, c, or d - that best completes the sentence.

1. 'Would you like ..... lunch with us?' 'Yes, I'd love to.'
  - a. have
  - b. to have
  - c. having,
  - d. had
2. 'Are you interested in scuba diving?' ..... 'Very. Undersea life is'
  - a. fascinated
  - b. fascinating
  - c. being fascinating
  - d. being fascinate
3. 'Ms. Jones, please type those letters before noon.'
4. 'They've already ..... sir. They're on your desk.'
  - a. typed
  - b. been typed
  - c. being typed
  - d. been being typed
4. Both domestic and imported automobiles must ..... anti-pollution devices.
  - a. equip with
  - b. be equipped with
  - c. equip by
  - d. be equipped
5. 'Has the committee made its decision yet?'  
'Not yet. They ..... the proposal.'
  - a. are still considering
  - b. are still bein<sup>g</sup> considered
  - c. are still considered
  - d. have been considered
6. 'What a beautiful dress you're wearing!'  
Thank you. It ..... especially for me by a French tailor.'
  - a. is made
  - b. has made
  - c. made
  - d. was made
7. Last night a tornado swept through Rockville. It ..... everything in its path.
  - a. was destroy
  - b. was being destroyed
  - c. destroyed
  - d. had been destroyed
8. In some areas, water ..... from the ground faster than nature can replenish the supply.
  - a. is being taken
  - b. has been taking
  - c. is taking
  - d. has taken
9. An announcement about the eight o'clock flight to Chicago .....
  - a. has been already made
  - b. has already made
  - c. has already been mad
  - d. already made
10. .... during the storm.
  - a. They were collapsed the fence
  - b. The fence was collapsed
  - c. 'They collapsed the fence
  - d. The fence collapsed
11. The new computer system ..... next month.
  - a. is being installed by people
  - b. is be installed
  - c. is being installed
  - d. is been installed
12. The man ..... because medical help was not summoned. A doctor .....  
immediately.

- a. was died/ should have been called                      b. died/ should have called
- c. is died/ should been called                                d. died/ should have been
- 13. Today, many serious childhood diseases .....by early immunization.  
a. are preventing    b. can prevent
- c. prevent    d. can be prevented
- 14. Why did Tom keep making jokes, about me? I don't enjoy  
a. be laughed at    b. to be laughed at
- c. laughin<sup>g</sup> at    d. being laughed at
- 15. Many reliable methods of storing information ..... when computers arrived.  
a. tend forgotten .    b. tend to forget
- c. tend to be forgotten                                        d. tend being forgotten

**B. Identify the one underlined word or phrase - A, B, C or D - that must be changed for the sentence to be correct.**

1. Erosion, which washes away valuable topsoil. can prevent by planting trees and grass.  
  A    B    C    D
2. The first modern type of Printing press was invented with a German. Johannes  
  A    B    C  
Gutenberg, in 1439.  
  D
3. it is estimated that much of a teenager's time is spending chatting on the Internet.  
  A    B    C    D
4. For several centuries no real changes made in the basic methods used for printing.  
  A    B    C    D
5. Hurricanes from the Gulf of Mexico have been caused considerable damage  
  A    B    C    D  
to coastal cities in Texas.
6. Children oughtn't spend too much time playing computer games.  
  A    B    C    D
7. It's his wish that the money should to be given to charity.  
  A    B    C    D
8. Why not you try the cake I have just made?  
  A    B    C    D
9. That pottery was found by an archaeologist while she was worked in this area.  
  A    B    C    D
10. The children are only allowed watching television on the weekend.  
  A    B    C    D

**IV. SPEAKING**

**Choose phrase or sentence - a, b, c, or d - that best completes the conversations.**

1. A: I'm leaving for lunch. ....  
B: Thanks, but I can't right now. I'm really busy.  
a. Do you come?    b. Could you come?  
c. Do you feel like going?                                 d. Would you like to come?
2. A: Let's play some music.



- B: .....
- a. Yes, please.    b. Thank you.    c. Certainly.    d. Good idea.
3. A: Lorna,.....
- B: I'm sorry, .but I can't do it now.
- a. would you like some coffee?    b. why don't you make some coffee.  
c. would you mind making some coffee? d. will you make some coffee?
4. A: Do you mind if I borrow a chair?
- B: ..... Do you need only one?
- a. I'm sorry.    b. Not at all.    c. Yes, I do.    d. Yes, I would.
5. A:.....
- a. Can we go to Cornward next weekend?  
b. Why we don't go to Cornward next weekend?  
c. Would you go to Cornward next weekend?  
d. How about going to Cornward next weekend?
6. A: Why not take one of those small boats to Lantau Island?
- B: .....
- a. Let's do that.    b. Why not?    c. Sure.    d. Oh, there's no hurry
7. A: Would you like me to collect you?
- B: .....
- a. Yes, I like.    b. Not at all    c. I'd love to.    d. No, I wouldn't.
8. A: .....
- B: I'd be glad to.
- a. Would you like to drive me to class today? My car won't start.  
b. Would you please drive me to class today? My car won't start.  
c. Why don't you drive me to class today? My car won't start.  
d. What about driving me to class today? My car won't start.

## V. READING COMPREHENSIONS

### A. Choose the words or phrases that best complete this passage.

Conservation is the (1)..... and preservation of natural resources, so that they can continue (2)..... and enjoyed. In the past, most people believed that the world's (3) ..... could never be used up. Today, we know that (4) ..... is not true. An important part of conservation is the (5) ..... of waste - waste of forests, soil, wild-life, (6) ..... and human lives. As important is the fight (7) ..... pollution of our (8)....., in particular, the dirtying and poisoning of air and water. Conservation is (9) ..... concerned with the reclaiming of land by (10) ..... deserts, draining swamps or pushing back the sea.

- |                    |                 |                |             |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 1. a. destruction  | b. safeguarding | c. prevention  | d. damage   |
| 2. a. to use       | b. being used   | c. to be used  | d. used     |
| 3. a. resources    | b. supplies     | c. gases       | d. property |
| 4. a. which        | b. this         | c. that        | d. there    |
| 5. a. circulation  | b. preservation | c. prevention  | d. defense  |
| 6. a. gases        | b. coals        | c. diamonds    | d. minerals |
| 7. a. for          | b. against      | c. to          | d. on       |
| 8. a. neighborhood | b. surroundings | c. environment | d. Earth    |



9. a. also                      b. only                      c. enough                      d. as well  
10. a. widening              b. using                      c. irrigating                      d. preserving

**B. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answers.**

We know that every year less than 100 people are attacked by sharks and about 5 to 10 of these people die. But, let's look at the other side of the story – How many sharks do people kill? Well I think you already know this: People kill many more sharks. Every year, people hunt and kill thousands of sharks. One reason people kill sharks is for sport; they hunt them just for fun. Some people started to have contests to see who kill the most sharks or the bigger sharks. Another reason that people kill sharks is for food. In some countries, such as the United States and Great Britain, shark meat is a popular food. In other countries, such as China, people use shark fins to make soup. Because so many people like to eat shark, fishing boats catch a lot of sharks to sell for food.

So, for both of these reasons, people are killing many sharks. Some biologists are getting worried that the number of sharks is getting too small. That's why many biologists think we should stop killing so many sharks, and instead try to protect them – or else some day they may all be gone. Some countries have already passed some laws to help protect sharks. The United States, for example, has passed laws that limit the number of sharks that people can kill for food or for sport. So even though some people like to hunt sharks, we do need to protect them.

1. How many sharks are hunted and killed every year?  
a. one hundred              b. many                      c. five to ten                      d. thousands
2. People want to kill sharks because.....  
a. they are afraid of sharks  
b. shark meat is a popular food  
c. they get their enjoyment from killing sharks.  
d. b and c are correct.
3. The number of sharks in the world is.....  
a. getting worried by some biologists.  
b. being killed  
c. getting bigger  
d. getting smaller.
4. Why do biologists want to protect sharks?  
a. Because they want to learn more about sharks.  
b. Because they are afraid some day sharks may no longer exist.  
c. Because of the number of sharks that were killed  
d. Because shark fins can be used in medicine.
5. Which of the following is not mentioned in the passage?  
a. People like to hunt sharks.  
b. Laws have been passed in sharks' defence.  
c. The governments prohibited people from killing sharks.  
d. People are killing many sharks for some reasons.

**VI. WRITING**

**Choose the correct sentence (a, b, c, or d) made from suggested words.**

1. we/ now/ faced/ problems/ environment.  
a. We are now faced to the problems of environment.



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- b. We now faced with the problems of the environment.
  - c. We are now faced with the problems of the environment.
  - d. We are now faced by the problems of environment.
2. erosion/ soil/ result/ when / forests/ cut/ carelessly.
- a. Soil erosion results when forests are cut carelessly.
  - b. When soil erosion results, forests are cut down carelessly.
  - c. When forests cut carelessly, soil erosion results.
  - d. Soil erosion results when forests are cut down carelessly.
3. rivers/ streams/ seas/ dirtied/ activities/ land.
- a: Rivers, streams, and seas is being' dirtied by activities on land.
  - b. Rivers, streams, and seas are being dirtied by activities on land.
  - c. Rivers, streams, and seas is being dirtied by land activities.
  - d. Rivers, streams, and seas are being dirtied activities on land.
4. polluted/ air/ be/ chiefly/ city problem.
- a. Polluted air chiefly is a city problem.
  - b. Polluted air is chiefly city problem.
  - c. Polluted air is chiefly a city problem.
  - d. Polluted air is a city problem chiefly.
5. plants/ species/ many/ animals/ be/ danger/ extinction.
- a. Many species of plants and animals are in danger of extinction.
  - b. Many species of plants and animals are danger of extinction.
  - c. Many plants and animals were in danger of species extinction.
  - d. Species of plants and, animals are in many danger of extinction.
6. laws/ must/ some/ pass/ help/ protect/ environment.
- a. Some laws must pass to help protect our environment.
  - b. Some laws must be passed to help protect our environment.
  - c. Some laws must be passed help to protect our environment.
  - d. Some laws must passed to help protect our environment.

**MỜI QUÝ KHÁCH THAM KHẢO MỘT SỐ WEBSITE CÔNG TY CHÚNG TÔI  
ĐÃ LÀM GẦN ĐÂY:**

**1. Thiết kế website:**

[www.chepphim.net](http://www.chepphim.net) (Công ty TNHH DV - TM Vi Tính Thu Ngân)

[www.decalsaigon.com](http://www.decalsaigon.com) (Hệ thống cửa hàng decal)

[www.pvgasd.com.vn](http://www.pvgasd.com.vn) (Công ty Cổ phần phân phối khí thấp áp Dầu khí Việt Nam)

[www.fta.vn](http://www.fta.vn) (Công ty TNHH nghiên cứu thị trường Định Hướng)

<http://susasoft.com/khangthinh> (Công Ty TNHH XNK Khang Thịnh)

<http://www.vcptw.com> (Công ty TNHH Vinh Cơ)



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[www.tours-vietnam.com](http://www.tours-vietnam.com)

## **2. Phần mềm:**

*Chúng tôi đã phát triển phần mềm ứng dụng cho các công ty sau*

### **a. Công ty cổ phần L&A :**

+Website: [www.l-a.com.vn](http://www.l-a.com.vn)

+Nội dung: phát triển hệ thống CRM trong lĩnh vực tuyển dụng

### **b. Công ty cổ phần xây dựng Đông Dương:**

+Website: [www.dongduongvn.com](http://www.dongduongvn.com)

+Nội dung: phát triển hệ thống CRM, chuyển đổi dữ liệu (Import) cũ vào phần mềm CRM

### **c. Công ty cổ phần Tân Vĩnh Cửu:**

+Website: [www.tavicowood.com](http://www.tavicowood.com)

+Nội dung: phát triển hệ thống phần mềm CRM

### **d. Công ty Vi Tính thu ngân:**

+Website: [www.chepphim.net](http://www.chepphim.net)

+Nội dung: phát triển phần mềm quản lý chép phim, bán linh kiện vi tính

### **e. Công ty dịch vụ vận tải Gió Mới:**

+Website: [www.giomoi.tk](http://www.giomoi.tk)

+Nội dung: xây dựng phần mềm quản lý trong lĩnh vực chuyên phát nhanh

## **LIÊN HỆ**

- Chúng tôi rất mong được hợp tác với Quý vị thành công trong việc xây dựng và phát triển website cho Quý công ty
- **Mọi chi tiết xin vui lòng liên hệ:**

**Công ty phần mềm Cửu Long**

**Hotline:** 0975 28 2009 Mr. Dương

**Email :** [contact@susasoft.com](mailto:contact@susasoft.com), [chaptergoat@gmail.com](mailto:chaptergoat@gmail.com)



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**Website:** [www.susasoft.com](http://www.susasoft.com).