

<b>Sở Giáo Dục Và Đào Tạo</b>  <b>Hà Nam</b>  =====***=====	<b>Đề Thi Tuyển Sinh Vào Lớp 10 Chuyên Anh</b>  Năm học : 2010 - 2011  <b>Môn Thi: Tiếng Anh</b>

**I/ Give the correct tense of verbs in brackets (1.0p)**

a/ She (1/ have) a hard life but she is always smiling.

b/ I ( 2/ watch ) TV when he came. He (3/ tell) me he (4/ see) a ghost in his house.

I (5/ not know) if there are ghosts but I sometimes hear people telling ghost stories.

c/ London (6/ not change) a lot since we first ( 7/ come ) to live here.

d/ I ( 8/ lose) my keys – Oh, if I ( 9/ find) them, I ( 10/ tell) you.

Your answers:

1.....2.....3.....4.....

.....

5.....6.....7.....8.....

.....

9.....10.....

.....

**II/ Use the correct form of the word given at the end of each line to fill the gap (1.0p)**

a/ The internet is the most wonderful \_\_\_(1)\_\_\_of modern life.

**(invent)**

b/ The internet has \_\_\_(2)\_\_\_developed and become part of our everyday life.

**(increase)**

c/ I'm \_\_\_(3)\_\_\_ that you don't study hard.

**(disappoint)**

d/ If we use much pesticide on vegetables, they will become \_\_\_(4)\_\_\_.

**(poison)**

e/ A young pilot and his plane \_\_\_\_\_(5)\_\_\_\_\_ last month . The police are looking for \_\_\_\_\_ them.

**(appear)**

f/ He was \_\_\_(6)\_\_\_ pleased that he got a good mark for her assignment.

**(extreme)**

g/ A: \_\_\_(7)\_\_\_!

**(congratulate)**

B: Thanks.

h/ She cooks \_\_\_(8)\_\_\_ than her sister.

**(well)**

i/ He saw such an \_\_\_(9)\_\_\_ film that he didn't sleep.

**(interest)**

J/ People like her because she is \_\_\_(10)\_\_\_.

**(beauty)**

Your answers:

- 1..... 2..... 3..... 4.....  
.....  
5..... 6..... 7..... 8.....  
.....  
9..... 10.....  
.....

**III/ Underline and correct the error in each line or put a cross (x) at the end of the line which has no error. Number 1 and 2 have been done as examples (1.0p)**

The word jeans <u>come</u> from a kind of material that	1/ comes
was made in Europe. The material, called jean, was	2/ .....x.....
named after sailors from Genoa in Italy, because they	3/ .....
wore clothes made from it. In a 18th century jean cloth	4/ .....
was make completely from cotton and workers at that	5/ .....
time loved wear it because the material was very	6/ .....
strong and it did not wear out easy. In the 1960s, many	7/ .....
university and college students wore jeans. Designers	8/ .....
made different styles of jeans to match the 1960s's	9/ .....
fashions: embroidered jeans, painted jeans and so on.	10/ .....
On the 1970s more and more people started wearing	11/ .....
jeans because they become cheaper. In the 1980s jeans	
finally became high fashion clothing, when famously	
designers started making their own styles of jeans, with	

there own labels on them. In the 1990s the sale of jeans stopped growing. However, jeans have never been out of fashion.	12/ .....
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**IV/ Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to complete these sentences (1.5p)**

1/ Jack speaks English and \_\_\_\_ do I.

- A/ too            B/ so                            C/ either                            D/ neither

2/ Do you know the famous American woman \_\_\_\_\_ name is Magaret Michell?

- A/ who            B/ whom                            C/ that                            D/ whose

3/ “\_\_\_\_\_ the TV for me, will you? I want to watch the weather forecast.”

- A/ Turn on                            B/ Turn off                            C/ Go on                            D/ Go off

4/ Nam got wet \_\_\_\_\_ he forgot his umbrella.

- A/ because                            B/ so                            C/ however                            D/ therefore

5/ \_\_\_\_\_ you come before 7:00 tomorrow morning, I won't wait for you.

- A/ Although            B/ Unless                            C/ If                            D/ As

6/ Everyone \_\_\_\_\_ him \_\_\_\_\_ that he is good.

- A/ which knows/ said                            B/ who knows/ says  
C/ whom know/ say                            D/ who know/ say

7/ The food has been \_\_\_\_\_.

- A/ cooking                            B/ cooked                            C/ cooker                            D/ cook

8/ Mary wishes she \_\_\_\_\_ to the party last night.



**V/ Fill in each gap with a suitable preposition to complete the passage (1.0p)**

Nobody likes staying \_\_\_(1)\_\_\_ home on a public holiday especially if the weather is fine. Last August we decided to spend the day \_\_\_(2)\_\_\_ the country. The only difficulty was that millions of other people had exactly the same idea. We got up early \_\_\_(3)\_\_\_ the morning . We started \_\_\_(4)\_\_\_ 5:30 and moved out of the city slowly \_\_\_(5)\_\_\_ a long line of cars, but at last we came to a quiet country road and after some time, stopped \_\_\_( 6)\_\_\_ a lonely farm. We had brought plenty of food \_\_\_(7)\_\_\_ us and we got it out of the car. Now everything was ready so we sat \_\_\_(8)\_\_\_ near a path at the foot of a hill. It was very peaceful \_\_\_(9)\_\_\_ the cool grass until we heard bells ringing \_\_\_ (10)\_\_\_ the top of the hill.

Your answers:

- 1..... 2..... 3..... 4.....  
.....  
5..... 6..... 7..... 8.....  
.....  
9..... 10.....  
.....

**VI/ Read the passage and choose the correct answer from A, B, C or D (0.5p)**

More than two hundred years ago, the term “environmental pollution” was quite strange to people. They lived healthily, drank pure water, and breathed fresh air. Nowadays, the situation is quite different. People all over the world are worried about things that are happening to the environment. Actually, it is man that is destroying the surroundings with many kinds of wastes. Everybody knows that motorbikes and cars emit dangerous gases that cause poisonous air and cancer, but

no one wants to travel on foot or by bicycle. Manufactures know that wastes from factories make water and soil polluted, but they do not want to spend a lot of their money on treating the wastes safely. Scattering rubbish is bad for our health, but no one wants to spend time burying it. Is it worth talking a lot about pollution?

1/ More than two hundred years ago \_\_\_\_\_.

A/ the environment was polluted as much as it is today

B/ people knew nothing about environmental pollution

C/ air is polluted badly

D/ people were faced with pollution

2/ In former days, people \_\_\_\_\_.

A/ lived healthily

B/ lived in the polluted

environment

C/ were worried about pollution D/ drank contaminated water

3/ Nowadays, many people are concerned about \_\_\_\_\_.

A/ the destruction of the poisonous air

B/ the polluted water

C/ the wastes from the factories

D/ the pollution of the environment

4/ Everybody knows that cars emit dangerous gases \_\_\_\_\_.

A/ so they do not travel by car

B/ so they prefer traveling by bicycle

C/ but they still prefer traveling by car

D/ and they enjoy traveling on foot

5/ It's harmful for our health \_\_\_\_\_.

A/ if rubbish is spread all over our area

B/ if we don't scatter our rubbish

C/ if we spend time on gathering rubbish

D/ if rubbish is buried

Your answers

1	2	3	4	5

**VII/ Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to complete the passage (1.0p)**

The great wall of china

In the country of China, there is a wall that is 1,500 miles \_\_\_(1)\_\_. It is called the Great Wall of China. It winds uphill and down, through valleys and mountains. \_\_\_(2)\_\_\_ inch of this 1,500 mile wall was made \_\_\_(3)\_\_\_ hand.

The Great Wall of China was made many years \_\_\_(4)\_\_. The people of China made \_\_\_(5)\_\_\_ to keep out their enemies. There \_\_\_(6)\_\_\_ watch towers all along the way. The wall is made of brick and earth. It is \_\_\_(7)\_\_\_ and wide on top. People can walk \_\_\_(8)\_\_\_ the top as if it were a road.

It is said that it \_\_\_(9)\_\_\_ ten years to build one part of this wall. \_\_\_(10)\_\_\_ other defense line has ever been made as long as the Great Wall of China.

- 1/ A/ long            B/ length            C/ high            D/ height
- 2/ A/ Each            B/ Every            C/ All            D/ both A and B
- 3/ A/ of            B/ by            C/ with            D/ to
- 4/ A/away            B/ before            C/ ago            D/ after
- 5/ A/ it            B/ they            C/ them            D/ his
- 6/ A/ is            B/ has            C/ have            D/ are
- 7/ A/ height            B/ high            C/ deep            D/ depth
- 8/ A/ along            B/ beside            C/ inside            D/ outside
- 9/ A/ takes            B/ took            C/ taking            D/ to take
- 10/ A/ Not            B/ None            C/ No            D/ All are correct

Your answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

**VIII/ Fill in each gap with a suitable word to complete the passage (1.0p)**

Many years \_\_ (1) \_\_ there lived a king \_\_ (2) \_\_ was very rich and powerful, but he always \_\_ (3) \_\_ ill and unhappy. One day his doctor said to him, “ \_\_ (4) \_\_ you

wear the shoes of the man who \_\_ (5) \_\_ never unhappy, you will feel well and happy.”

The king asked hundreds of men \_\_ (6) \_\_ they were always happy, they all said they \_\_ (7) \_\_ sometimes happy and sometimes \_\_ (8) \_\_. At last he met a poor fisherman who said he was happy everyday, from morning till night. “Give me your shoes quickly”, the king said.

The \_\_ (9) \_\_ laughed, “I am sorry”, he answered, “I never had a \_\_ (10) \_\_ of shoes in my life”

Your answers:

1..... 2..... 3..... 4.....  
.....  
5..... 6..... 7..... 8.....  
.....  
9..... 10.....  
.....

**IX/ Rewrite the following sentences in such a way that has a similar meaning to the original sentences (1.0p)**

1/ People should stop experiments on animals.

-  
Experiments  
.....  
.....

2/ “Did you meet Jim yesterday, Mai?” Nam asked.

- Nam asked  
.....  
.....

3/ They didn't like the news, did they?

- They hated  
.....  
.....

4/ I don't bring any money. I don't buy you a hat.

- If  
.....  
.....

5/ Could you lend me some money?

- Would you mind  
.....  
.....

**X/ Use the given words / phrases to write a complete letter. (1.0p)**

Dear Peter,

1/ We / having / wonder / time / Hanoi.

\_\_\_\_\_

—

2/ We / be / here / for a week. Life / Hanoi / excite .

\_\_\_\_\_

—

3/ Hanoi / be / large city and it / also / interesting .

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4/ Vietnamese people / be / very friend / and hospitable.

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5/ Yesterday/ we/ see / a street musician / play the guitar / pavement.

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6/ He / play/ quite / beautiful.

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7/ I / send / here / a photo / our hotel.

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8/ It / look / very nice / does / it?

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9/ It / be / so / quiet / we can hardly believe / it / be / in / capital / Vietnam.

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10/ I / hope / you / be / all well. Please send my regards / your parents.

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Yours truly,

Bob

**The end**

ĐÁP ÁN

**I/ Give the correct tense of verbs in brackets (1.0p)**

- 1/ has            2/ was watching            3/ told            4/ had seen  
5/ do not know/don't know            6/ has not changed/ hasn't changed  
7/ came            8/ have lost            9/ find            10 /will tell

**II/ Use the correct form of the word given at the end of each line to fill the gap (1.0p)**

- 1/ invention            2/ increasingly            3/ disappointed            4/ poisonous  
5/ disappeared            6/ extremely            7/ congratulations            8/ better  
9/ interesting            10/ beautiful

**III/ Underline and correct the error in each line or put a cross (x) at the end of the line which has no error (1.0p)**

The word jeans <u>come</u> from a kind of material that was made in	1/ .....
Europe. The material, called jean, was named after sailors from	2/ .....
Genoa in Italy, because they wore clothes made from it. In a 18th	3/ the
century jean cloth was <u>make</u> completely from cotton and workers at	4/ made
that time loved <u>wear</u> it because the material was very strong and it	5/ wearing
did not wear out <u>easy</u> . In the 1960s, many university and college	6/ easily
students wore jeans. Designers made different styles of jeans to	7/ ...x...
match the 1960s's fashions: embroidered jeans, painted jeans and	8/ ...x....
so on. <u>On</u> the 1970s more and more people started wearing jeans	9/ In
because they <u>become</u> cheaper. In the 1980s jeans finally became	10/ became
high fashion clothing, when <u>famously</u> designers started making	11/famous
their own styles of jeans, with <u>there</u> own labels on them. In the	12/ their
1990s the sale of jeans stopped growing. However, jeans have	
never been out of fashion.	

**IV/ Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to complete these sentences (1.5p)**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
B	D	A	A	B	B	B	C	D	C	C	B	C	B	D

**V/ Fill in each gap with a suitable preposition to complete the passage (1.0p)**

- 1/ at                                      2/ in                                      3/ in                                      4/ at  
5/ behind                                      6/ at                                      7/ with                                      8/ down  
9/ in                                      10/ at

**VI/ Read the passage and choose the correct answer from A, B, C or D ( 0.5p)**

1	2	3	4	5
B	A	D	C	A

**VII/ Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to complete the passage (1.0p)**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	D	B	C	A	D	B	A	B	C

**VIII/ Fill in each gap with a suitable word to complete the passage (1.0p)**

- 1/ ago                                      2/ who                                      3/ felt                                      4/ If  
5/ is                                      6/ if - whether                                      7/ were                                      8/ unhappy  
9/ fisherman                                      10/ pair

**IX/ Rewrite the following sentences in such a way that has a similar meaning to the original sentences (1.0p)**

1/ People should stop experiments on animals.

**- Experiments on animals should be stopped.**

2/ “Did you meet Jim yesterday, Mai?” Nam asked.

**- Nam asked Mai if she had met Jim the day before.**

3/ They didn't like the news, did they ?

**- They hated the news, didn't they?**

4/ I don't bring any money. I don't buy you a hat.

**- If I brought some money, I would buy you a hat.**

5/ Could you lend me some money?

**- Would you mind lending me some money?**

**X/ Use the given words / phrases to write a complete letter. (1.0p)**

Dear Peter,

**1/ We are having a wonderful time in Hanoi**

**2/ We have been here for a week. Life in Hanoi is very exciting.**

**3/Hanoi is a large city and it is also interesting.**

**4/Vietnamese people are very friendly and hospitable**

**5/Yesterday we saw a street musician playing the guitar on the pavement**

**6/ He played quite beautifully.**

**7/ I am sending here a photo of our hotel.**

**8/It looks very nice, doesn't it?**

**9/It is so quiet that we can hardly believe it is in the capital of Vietnam.**

**10/I hope you are all well. Please send my regards to your parents.**

**The end**